



Administrator and User Guide

Direct Planning

Planning software for industry, project management or service

Version 4.0

<http://www.directplanning.com>

www.volume-software.com

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1. Overview

Direct Planning is a scheduling software designed for the industry, project management and service. Choosing the right edition for your sector provides an efficient management of various resources such as machines (in Industry mode), rooms (in Service mode) or employees (in Project mode).

Direct Planning's interface includes a Gantt visualisation which allows to view quickly and clearly the scheduled jobs.

In addition to supporting data imports and exports from/to your information system (ERP, CAPE), Direct Planning can also work independently, notably for calculating setting times and work rates.

This documentation will allow you to familiarise yourself with Direct Planning, starting with its installation and the discovery of our demonstration schedules. We will then discover Direct Planning's key principles and see how to create schedules and plan jobs with Direct Planning. Last, we will explain how to interface your ERP with Direct Planning and address Direct Planning's main administrative tasks.

This documentation is aimed primarily at new users of Direct Planning. If you already know Direct Planning and wish to discover the new features included in our last update, we invite you to read the following page: <http://www.directplanning.com/en/news/news-product>.

To help you navigate through this documentation, the sections specifically dedicated to the administration and useful tips are highlighted in the following boxes:

ADMINISTRATION

The sections reserved to the Direct Planning administrator are displayed in this box.

OUR ADVICE

Our useful tips are displayed in this box.

2. Installing and exploring Direct Planning

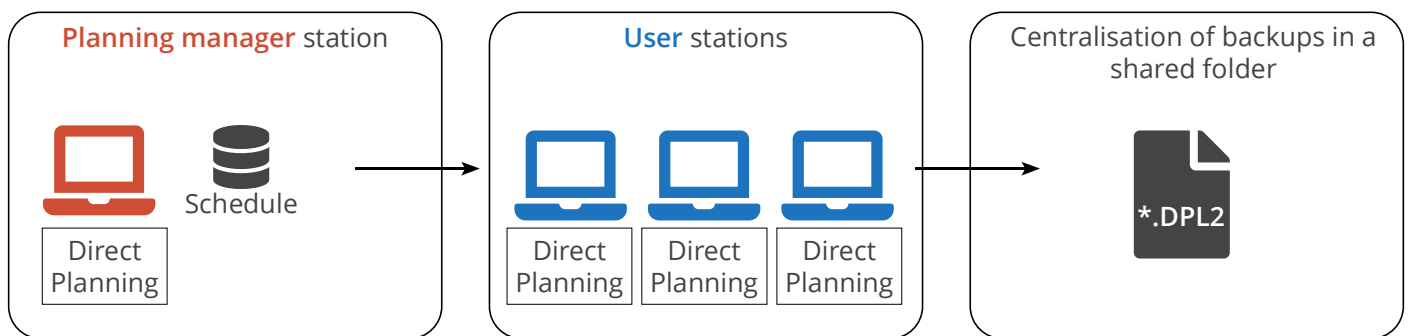
2.1. Installing Direct Planning

To view the technical requirements for installing Direct Planning, please see the FAQ available on Direct Planning website at <http://www.directplanning.com/en/faq/>.

2.1.1. Setup architectures

There are 3 architectures available for installing Direct Planning, which you will choose depending on your infrastructure and/or your needs.

Minimalist architecture



Direct Planning is installed on the planning manager station.

The planning **database** is hosted on this station.

The planning manager has a **fast station** (Core i5 class CPU and at least 4-8 GB RAM) preferably equipped with two screens.

Direct Planning is installed on each user station.

Users access the schedule hosted on the planner station.

Caution: The planning manager station must be running to ensure the availability of the schedule to other users.

Each backup of the schedule creates a **time-stamped backup copy** hosted in a shared folder on a server of the company.

If the planning manager station crashes, the last backup copy restores the planning without information loss.

BENEFITS:

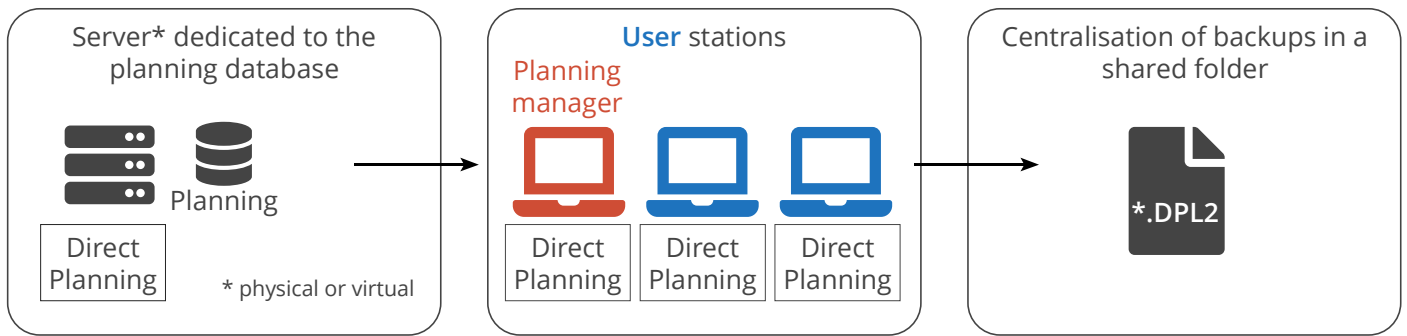
- No server required

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Keep this configuration for environments which have a very limited number of users (2 or 3 maximum).

Dedicated server architecture



Direct Planning is installed on a **physical or virtual dedicated server**.

The planning **database** is hosted on this server.

It is best that this server and users share the same site (shorter access times).

Direct Planning is installed on each user station (in "lightweight" mode).

Users access the schedule hosted on the dedicated server.

The planning manager has a **fast station** (Core i5 class CPU and at least 4-8 GB RAM) preferably equipped with two screens.

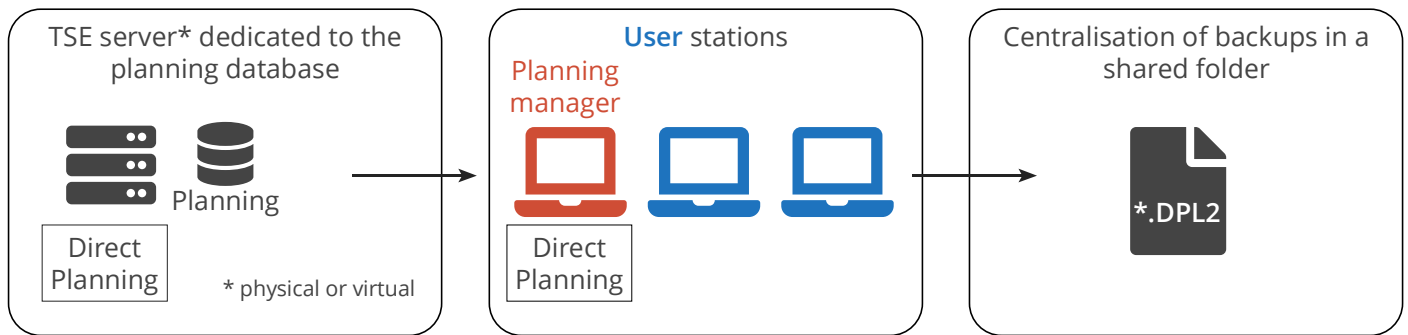
Each backup of the schedule creates a **time-stamped backup copy** hosted in a shared folder on a server of the company.

If the database server crashes, the last backup copy restores the schedule without information loss.

+ BENEFITS:

- **Scalable** architecture
- Schedule available even if the planning manager station is **powered off**.

Dedicated TSE server architecture



Direct Planning is installed on a **physical or virtual dedicated TSE server**.

The planning **database** is hosted on this server.

It is best that this server and users share the same site (shorter access times).

Direct Planning is **not** installed on user stations: Users access the schedule using a "remote desktop" connection or via a "published application".

Each backup of the schedule creates a **time-stamped backup copy** hosted in a shared folder on a server of the company.

If the database server crashes, the last backup copy restores the schedule without information loss.

+ BENEFITS:

- **Scalable** architecture
- Schedule available even if the planning manager station is **powered off**.
- **Easier monitoring** of updates (only 1 centralised installation of Direct Planning to update + the planning manager station, where appropriate).

OUR ADVICE



You can still install Direct Planning locally on the planning manager station (powerful station and shorter response times).

2.1.2. Schedule types

According to the needs related to your activity, Direct Planning comes in 3 editions: Service, Project and Industry.

Service mode

You have simple requirements: for example, you will implement a schedule for booking rooms, vehicles, appointments or vacations.

Choose the Service mode, suitable for service activities.

Numerous elements, data and colours can be customised to adapt Direct Planning to your business.

Project mode

You need to manage successions of jobs as well as planned and actual durations?

The Project mode is suitable for schedules requiring links between various jobs: for example for building projects, deploying IT resources or monitoring marketing milestones.

Industry mode

You need to manage quantities, setting times and work rates?

Direct Planning is also particularly suited for the industrial sector: it supports linear or complex routes subject to time constraints (earliest start and latest end).

Its integrated manual planning assistance respects automatically these constraints.

The Industry mode is particularly well suited for SMIs looking to plan and track their production with the best levels of accuracy.

2.1.3. Comparative table of offers by features

Type of schedule authorised according to offer	Service	Project	Industry
Creation of a Service schedule	✓	✓	✓
Creation of a Project schedule	✗	✓	✓
Creation of an Industry schedule	✗	✗	✓

Features	Service	Project	Industry
Login/password-protected access	✓	✓	✓
Customisable data depending on your business	✓	✓	✓
Customised screens by user	✓	✓	✓
Customisable visual indicators	✓	✓	✓
Lockable job	✓	✓	✓
Multiple planning alerts	✓	✓	✓
Calendar by resource/machine	✓	✓	✓
Customisable data lists	✓	✓	✓
Export to Excel/OpenOffice	✓	✓	✓
Import/Export of data with an ERP	✓	✓	✓
Links between jobs/operational routes	✗	✓	✓
Time constraints (earliest start, latest end)	✗	✓	✓
Planning assistance with respect of constraints	✗	✓	✓
Tracking of planned/actual times	✗	✓	✓
Job progress status	✗	✓	✓
Workload histogram	✗	✓	✓
Production operations based on machines	✗	✗	✓
Production technical data	✗	✗	✓
Setting times and work rates defined by machine/operation	✗	✗	✓
Automatic calculation of the jobs operational durations	✗	✗	✓
Production declaration by the machine operator	✗	✗	✓
Production declaration through dialogue with the ERP	✗	✗	✓

2.2. Discovering our demonstration schedules

To access our demonstration schedules, open Direct Planning and follow these steps:

1. Click on **File > Open a demonstration schedule.**

- Open a schedule
- Open a demonstration schedule
- Open a Direct Planning 3 (.dpl2, .mdpl2) file
- Import a Direct Planning 1.2 schedule (.dpl)

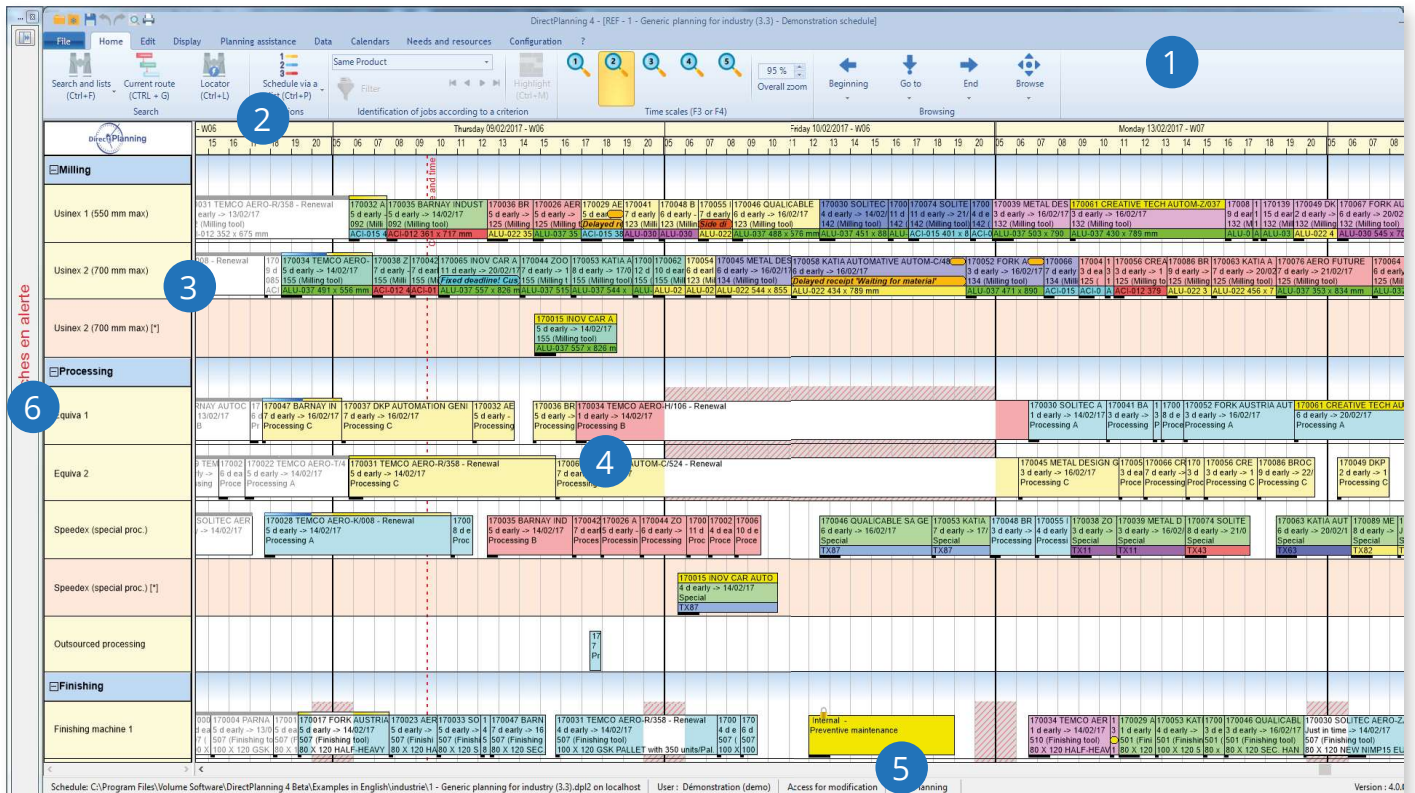
2. Select **An Industry-type demonstration schedule** and click on **Next.**

- An Industry-type demonstration schedule
- A Project-type demonstration schedule
- A Service-type demonstration schedule

3. Choose option 1 - **Generic for industry** and click on **Open this schedule.** Enter your login and password and click on **OK.**

- 1 - Generic planning for industry (3.3)
- 2 - Ultra Pack cardboard (3.3)

The following window opens:

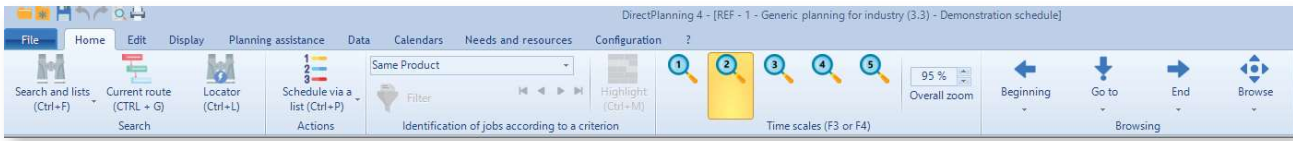


The Direct Planning window consists of 6 main areas:

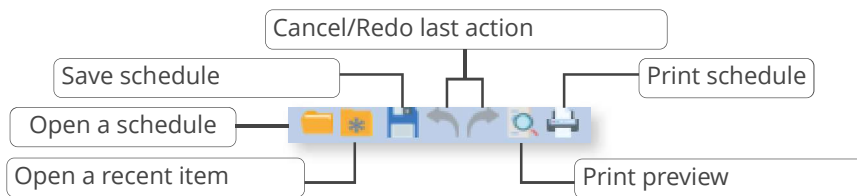
1	Menu bar/Toolbar: gives access to all Direct Planning functions, grouped by thematic tabs.
2	Time scale: used to find your way in the schedule and place your jobs where you want.
3	Projection: defines what is displayed in the schedule lines. In the context of a shop floor, the projection usually displays the machines grouped by sections.
4	The schedule itself. It is the workspace where your jobs are organised.
5	Status bar: shows the name of the schedule, its location, the current user, the access type and the view currently displayed.
6	The floating alert window gives an holistic view of job alerts.

The following sections discuss in details each of these areas.

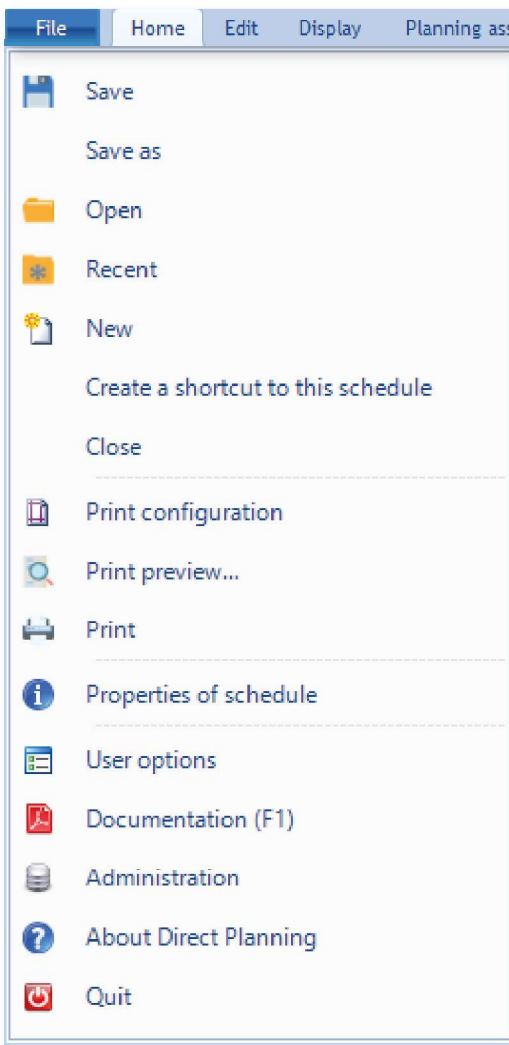
2.2.1. The menu bar and toolbar



At the very top, the typical icons used in all applications:

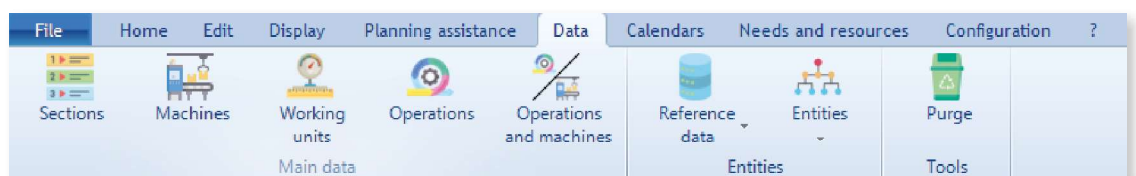


In the middle, the menu itself:



◀ The **File** menu opens a drop-down menu containing the most used commands.

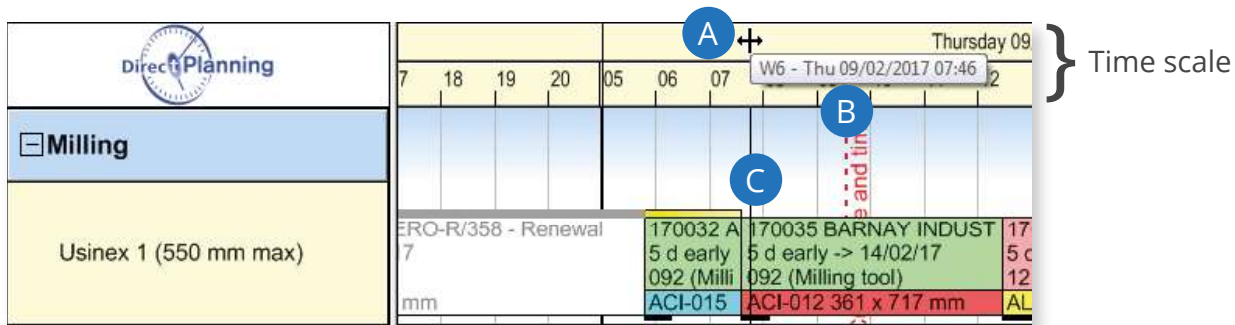
▼ The other menus open their own toolbar, like the **Data** menu below:



2.2.2. The time scale

The time scale is used to find your way in the schedule and place your jobs where you want.

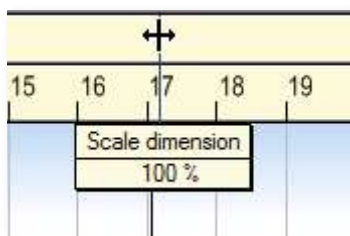
Sample time scale (your schedule time scale may look different than the one below, which has an average zoom level). Changing the zoom level changes the colour of the time scale:



A	When hovering over the time scale, the pointer looks like this: ⇄
B	At the same time, a tooltip displays the week, date and time matching the cursor position in the schedule.
C	Moreover, a vertical line across the schedule follows the cursor movements to help you position jobs accurately.

To benefit from the best balance between amount and readability of information displayed, the time scale can be stretched or contracted.

To do this, left-click and read the tool tip:



It shows the size of the scale, 100 %. This is the size of the scale currently displayed.

Move the cursor to the right (or press the + key of the keypad) to stretch the scale (values greater than 100 %).

Move the cursor to the left (or press the - key of the keypad) to contract the scale (values lower than 100 %).

The objective is to find the **best balance between amount and readability of information displayed**:

The more you stretch, the less information displayed but more readable.

The more you contract, the more information displayed but less readable.

OUR ADVICE

You can hide certain parts of the time scale, such as the weekends. See section 4.3.11., *Creating display modes*, for more information.

Note

Resizing the time scale is a temporary action: the adjustment is not saved.

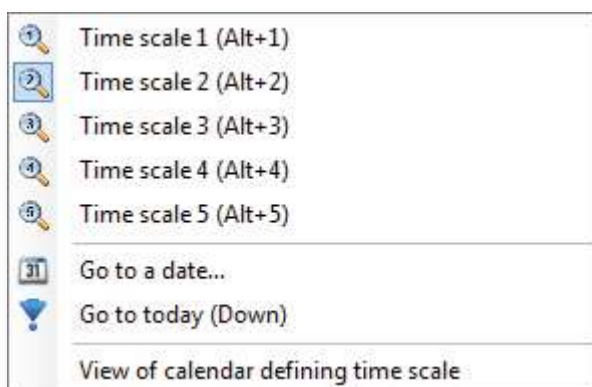
Time scale values are defined by the administrators in the display modes. When selecting other display modes, you can have other time scales.

The scaling is purely visual, without any impact on the arrangement of jobs in the schedule.

On the schedule main screen, press F3 and F4 to toggle between the time scales configured by the administrator:



It is also possible to right-click on the time scale to choose between these preconfigured scales:



◀ This context menu also offers the ability to navigate to the date of your choice or return to the current date.

Planning zoom

You can zoom in and out of the schedule by holding the Ctrl key while using the mouse wheel. This can also be performed by changing the overall zooming level, to the right of the **Home** toolbar:



Used alone, the mouse wheel makes a vertical scroll in the schedule. It has no effect of the schedule fits the height of the window.

While **holding the Alt key**, the mouse wheel makes a horizontal scroll in the schedule.

While **holding the Ctrl key**, the mouse wheel zooms in and out of the schedule (variation of the "Overall zoom").

Note

The zoom percentage can be forced in the configuration of display modes.

2.2.3. The projection

Display modes (defined by the administrator) allow the creation of projections for each and every user.

The projection of a schedule is displayed vertically, on the left side of the Direct Planning window.

- The planning manager will choose a display mode offering a projection with machines grouped by sections, well-suited for machine scheduling.
- The sales rep will prefer a display mode offering a projection with orders grouped by customers: this projection allows him to view the all orders placed by a customer if the latter enquired about the status of his orders.
- Other users will see the schedule differently with display modes implementing different projections.

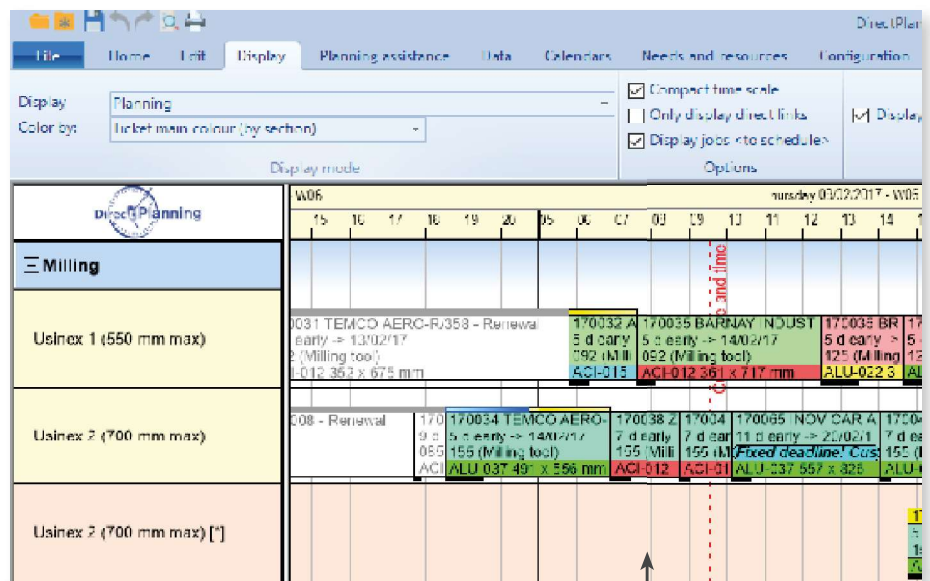
To select a projection, go to the **Display** menu and open the list of display modes:

The projection by sections and machines is usually the most suitable for the planning manager ▶

The "Milling" section →

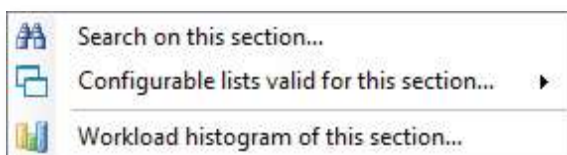
The machines in the "Milling" section ↙ ↘

The jobs "to schedule" for "Milling machine 2". →



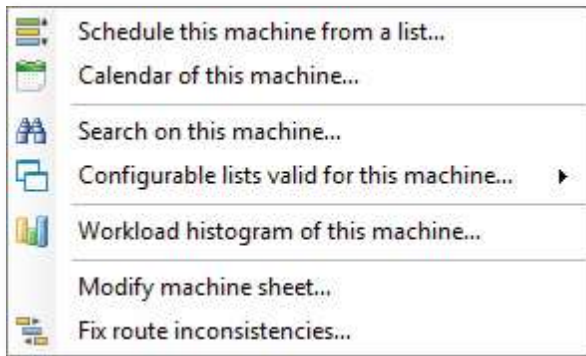
This is also where new jobs are imported from an ERP.

Right-clicking on a section opens the following context menu:



◀ These functions are explained in section 5, *Scheduling with Direct Planning*, of this documentation.

Right-clicking on a machine opens the following context menu:



◀ These functions are explained in **section 5**, *Scheduling with Direct Planning*, of this documentation.

2.2.4. The schedule

The planning space fills the major part of the screen.

It is the workspace where your jobs are organised.

Each rectangle represents an activity planned on a machine at a given time.

In Direct Planning, we use the generic term “Job”.

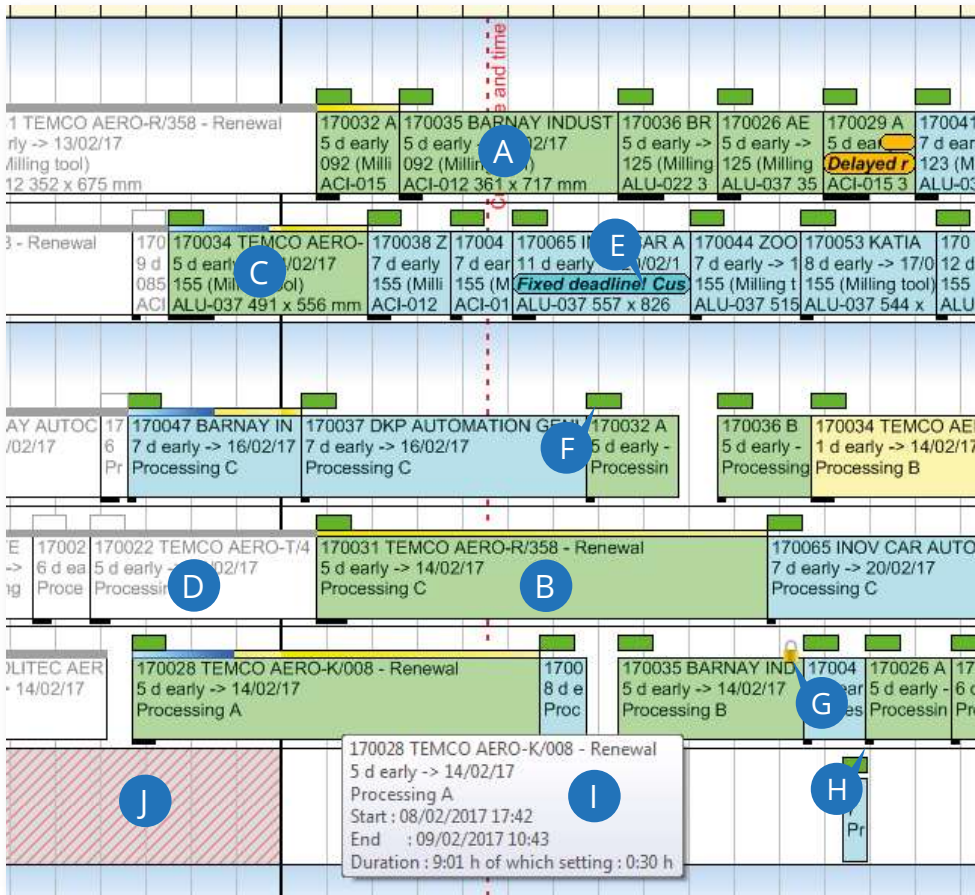
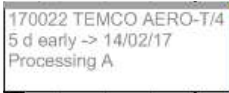
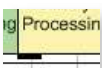
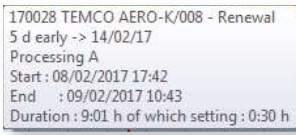

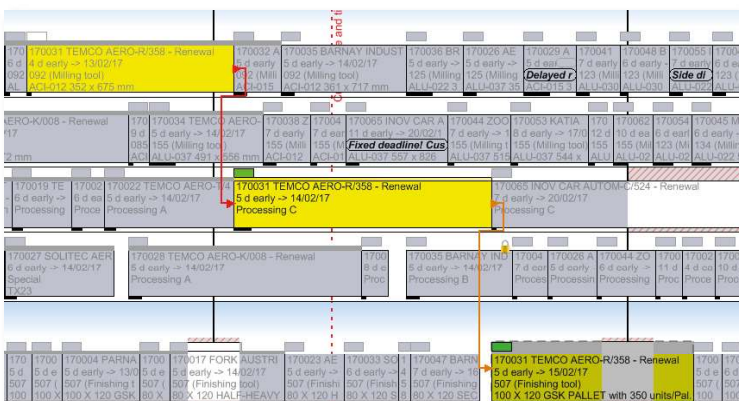


	Illustration	Designation
A		Job not started
B		Job started (without progress status): yellow bar above the job.
C		Job started (with progress status): the blue bar shows the progress of the job, when produced quantities are declared in Direct Planning.

	Illustration	Designation
D		Job completed: content, progress status and flags greyed out.
E		Alert message on a job.
F		Flag on a job.
G		The padlock indicates that the job is locked.
H		Setting duration is identified by a black proportional bar under the job.
I		Tooltip: pops up when hovering over a job.
J		Idle area.

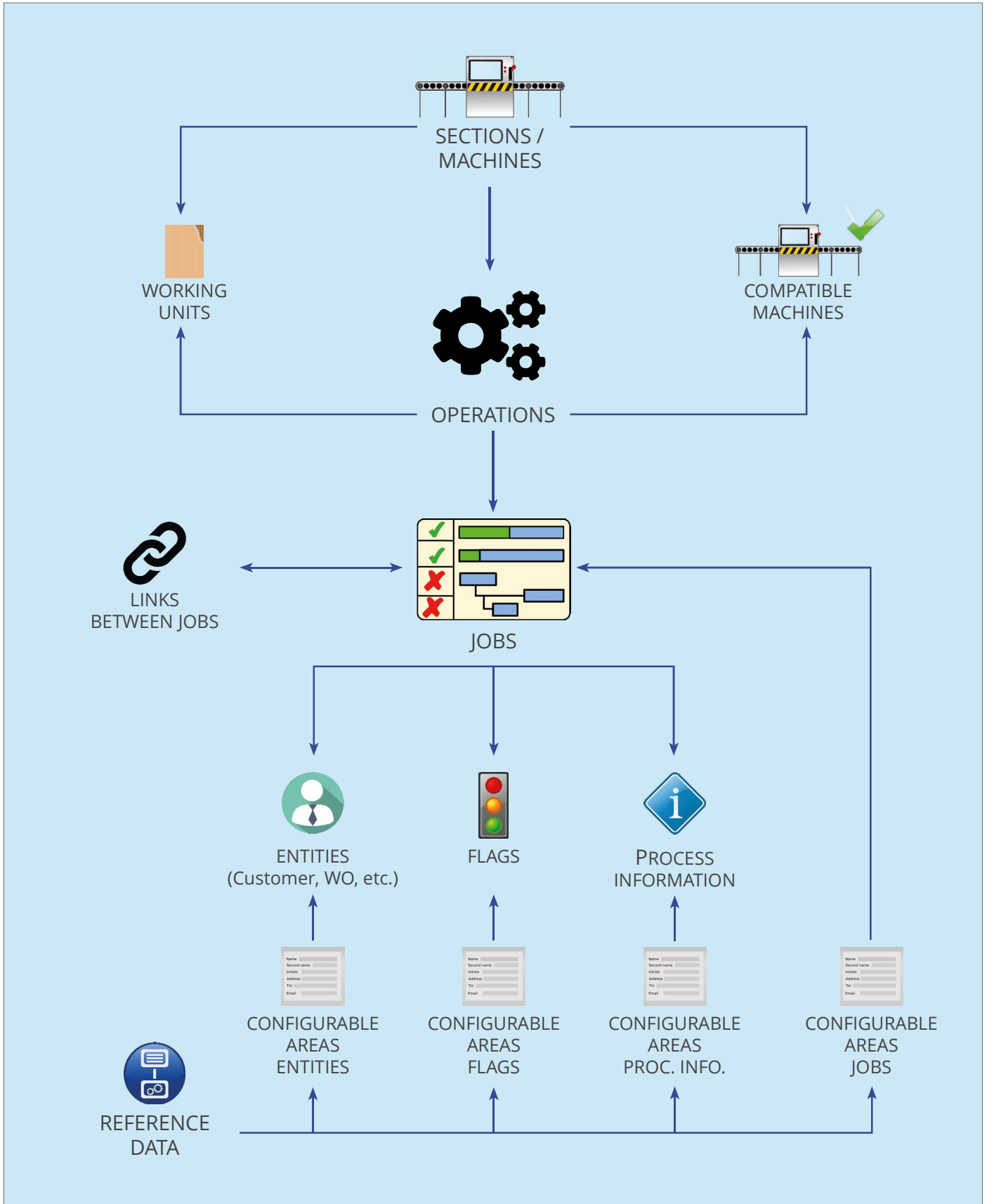
When there are routes, the schedule also shows the links between jobs for the selected jobs (more information about links and routes in [section 5.4, Creating routes](#)):



◀ Route highlighted (the other jobs are greyed out).

3. Understanding Direct Planning's core notions

3.1. Overall diagram



3.2. Key terms

The following table defines the key terms used in the diagram above.

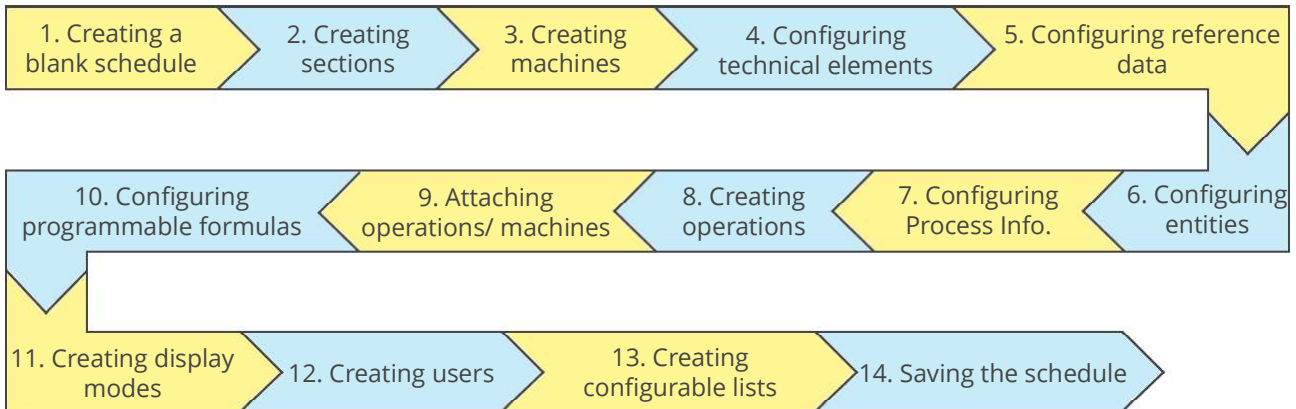
See our *glossary in Annex B* to get a reference list of terms used in Direct Planning

Term	Definition
Compatible machines	Based on your business rules and data, Direct Planning can tell whether or not a job can be moved to another machine. Moving a job to an incompatible machine displays a warning.
Configurable areas	Certain standard data in Direct Planning (machines, jobs, multi-status flags, entities and Process Information) can be complemented by configurable areas which are customisable according to your needs.
Entities	Entities are data lists which evolve with your activity (Sales representatives, Customers, Orders,...). Entities must first be configured according to your needs, allowing to benefit from a list for each data.
Flags	Flags are coloured and sometimes hatched bullets located above and/or on the right of jobs. They serve the same purpose as paper clips and other stickers put on traditional wall schedules.
Jobs	A job represents an occupation or activity at a given time, for a given resource.
Links	The succession of jobs within a route is materialised by links (coloured arrows).
Machines	Machines are the foundation of the Industry planning. Please note that in Project and Service modes, machines are replaced by resources (e.g. rooms, employees, etc.).
Operations	Your machines perform operations (e.g. this machine makes die-cutting, that machine makes bonding, etc.).
Process information	Process Information is technical data whose display is limited to certain machines.
Reference data	Reference designates data lists represented by a code, a designation and a colour. (e.g. lists of sales representatives, product families, cutting dies, colours, etc.).
Sections	Sections are groups of machines.
Working units	Working units express the unit of measure for your machines. Examples: panels, sheets, kilograms, copies, linear feet.

4. Creating a schedule

4.1. Key steps

Our creation guide is based on the Industry schedule, as it is the most comprehensive mode. Click on each step to access the corresponding section.



4.1.1. Creating a blank schedule

To create a new schedule, you must connect to the machine which will host it. Any newly created schedule will be saved in a local database on the machine running Direct Planning.

Then, other stations can remotely access or modify this schedule.

ADMINISTRATION



Follow the steps below to create a blank schedule:

1. Launch Direct Planning and click on **File > New** to open the schedule creation wizard.

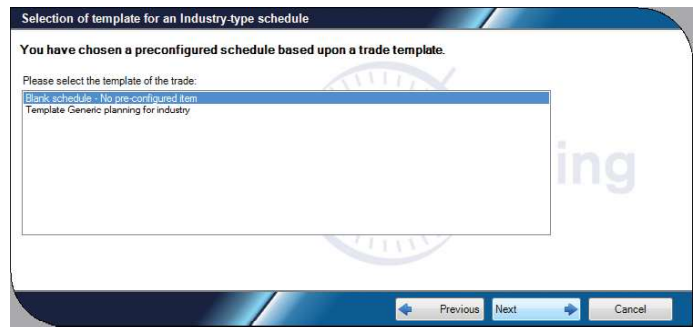
Select your planning type.

Click on **Next**.



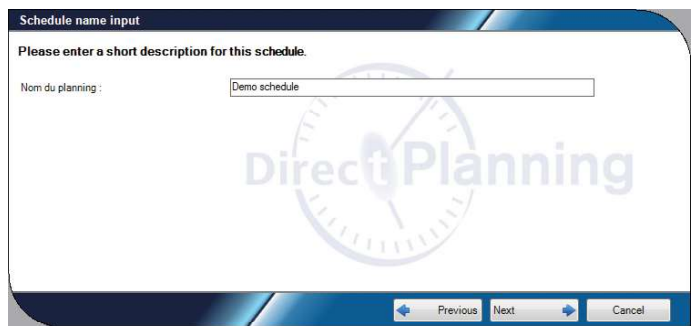
2. Choose your template in the list of preconfigured schedules.

Since you are creating a schedule from scratch, select **Blank schedule - No pre-configured item**.
Click on **Next**.



3. Name your new schedule.

Give it a self-explanatory name.
Users will see this name when opening the schedule.
Click on **Next**.



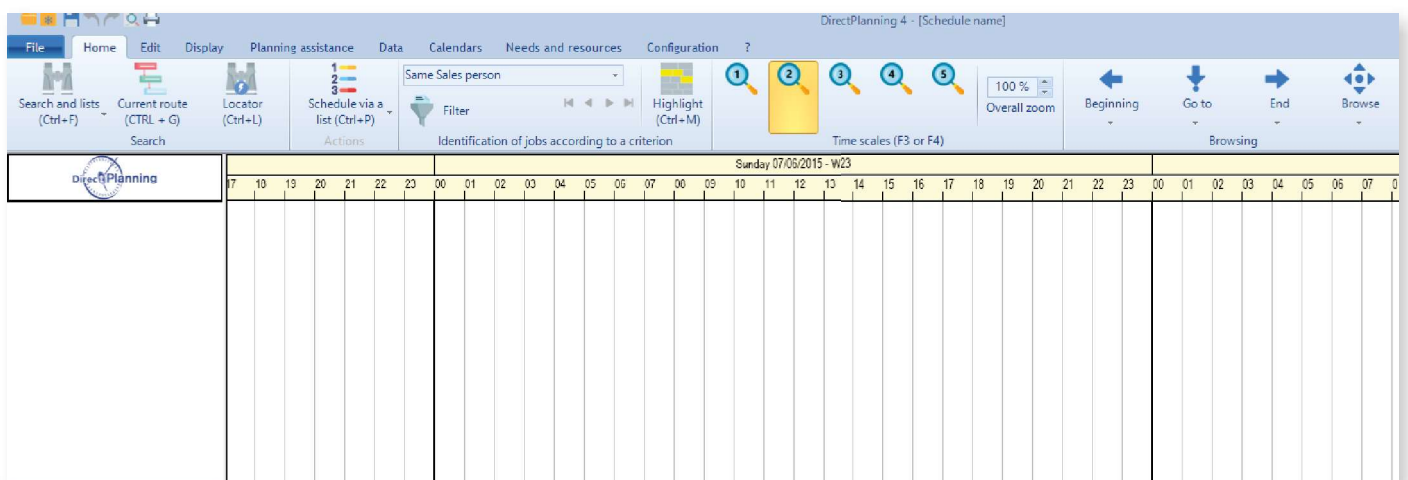
4. Your planning is ready for use.

It is loaded in memory but not yet saved on your machine.

After clicking on **Finish**, save it on your machine



When you click on **Finish**, the new schedule opens:



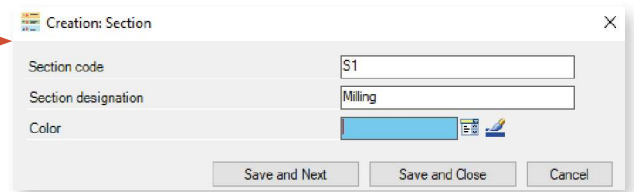
We are now going to configure this schedule.

4.1.2. Creating sections

Before creating machines, we are first going to create sections to group them. Click on **Data > Sections**:



Click on **New** to open the section creation window:

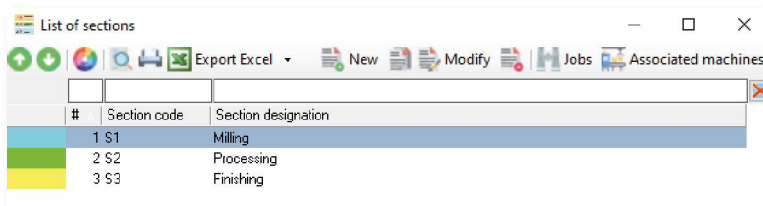


Enter a code and a designation for your new section, and give it a colour:

Default colour

Selection in the picker pallet

Click on **Save and Next** to create other sections or **Save and Close** to return to the list of sections. In our example, we created 3 sections: Printing, Die-cutting and Gluing:



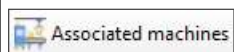
◀ In addition to being able to print, export and add/modify/delete sections, you can:



Change the associated colours



Search for jobs related to all machines of this section



Display the list of machines for this section

4.1.3. Creating machines

OUR ADVICE



When you create machines, start by defining configurable areas. Use these to customise the information related to your machines.

ADMINISTRATION



To enter configurable areas for your machines, click on **Configuration > General configuration**:

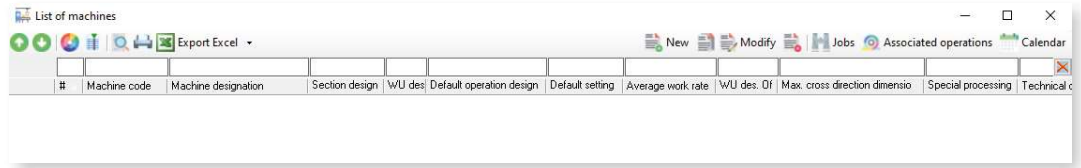


The **Machines** menu offers the possibility to set a maximum of 10 configurable areas, which will be available when creating machines:

In the example above, we set the first configurable area by giving it a designation (**Max cross dimensions**) and selecting a type (**Integer**) in the drop-down menu. Consequently, when adding a machine (**Data > Machines** tab), we will be able to enter the **Max cross dimensions** as additional data:

From this screen, you can also enable the automatic attribution of colours when creating machines/sections/working units/operations.

To continue and create your machines, click on **Data > Machines**:



Note that the **Max cross dimensions** previously configured as **Configurable area 1** is displayed as a column in the list of machines. When you have created your machines, you will then be able to sort them by ascending (or descending) Max cross dimensions accepted.

You can choose the columns to display in this window by right-clicking on the header of any column.

Click on **New** to create a new machine.

◀ The machine creation/modification window consists of 3 parts:

- Enter the machine identification information (code and designation) in the upper part and pair the machine with a section and a colour.
- Under the **Technical data** area, enter the working unit of quantity to produce (e.g. sheets, boxes or cases), as well as the default operation (where appropriate). When Direct Planning calculates durations, it is also required to enter the working unit of operative quantity (quantity processed by the machine) as well as the working unit in which the work rate, the average setting time, the average work rate and the average variable waste will be expressed.
- Data contained in the **Additional data** area depend on the configurable areas set.

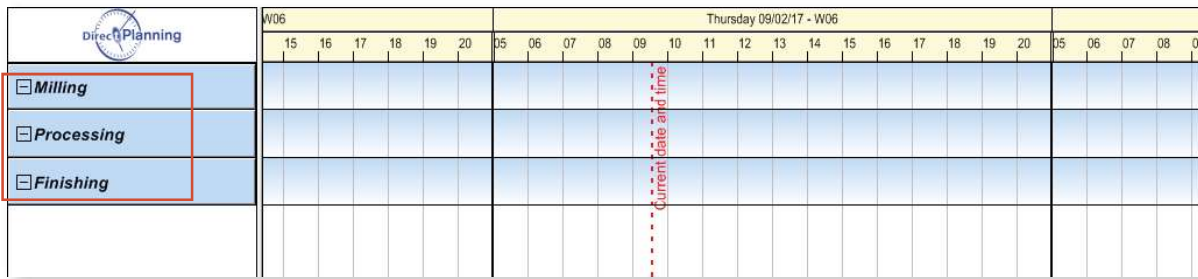
OUR ADVICE



We strongly advise you to check the box **Enable automatic calculation of durations for this machine** to have Direct Planning calculate durations. Note that this function is entirely compatible with the import of data from an ERP.

This way, we created 8 machines (distributed in 3 sections):

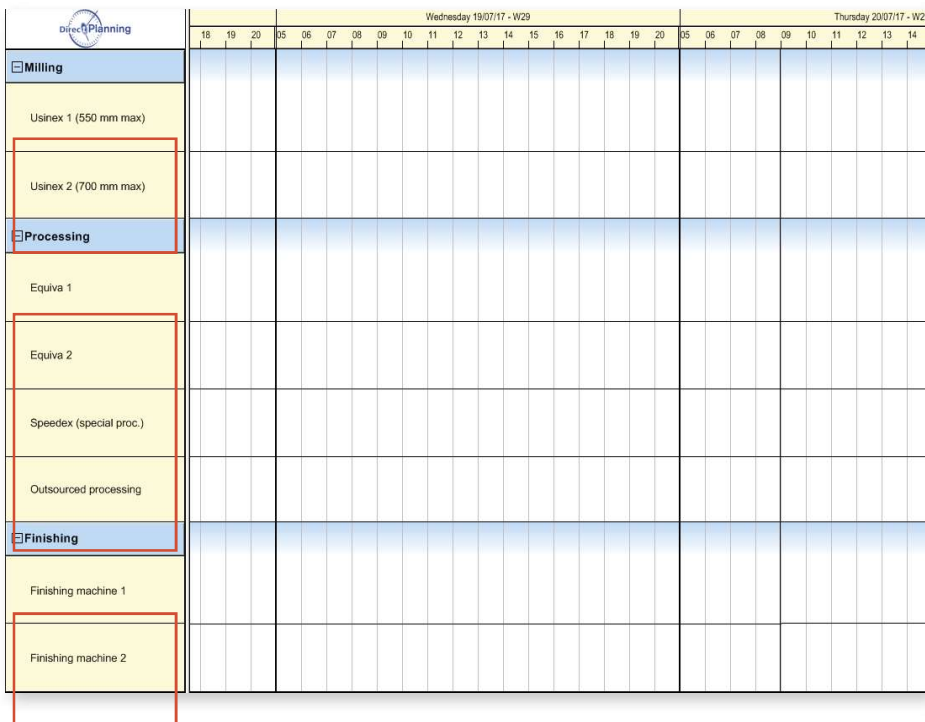
When you are done creating sections, click on **Close**. Your newly created sections now appear on the left of the Gantt:



These sections are still empty. We are now going to allocate machines to them.

#	Machine code	Machine designation	Section design	WU des	Default operation design	Default setting	Average work rate	WU des. Of	Max. cross direction dimensio	Special processing	Technical
1	U1	Usinex 1 (550 mm max)	Milling	Units	Standard milling	1:00	800 Units		550	<input type="checkbox"/>	Milling cons
2	U2	Usinex 2 (700 mm max)	Milling	Units	Standard milling	1:00	800 Units		700	<input type="checkbox"/>	Milling cons
3	T1	Equiva 1	Processing	Units	Standard processing	0:10	550 Units		0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Processing
4	T2	Equiva 2	Processing	Units	Standard processing	0:10	550 Units		0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Processing
5	T3	Speedex (special proc.)	Processing	Units	Standard processing	0:20	750 Units		0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Processing
6	STR	Outsourced processing	Processing	Units	Standard processing	0:00	0 Units		0	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7	F1	Finishing machine 1	Finishing	Units	Standard finishing	1:00	1200 Units		0	<input type="checkbox"/>	
8	F2	Finishing machine 2	Finishing	Units	Standard finishing	1:00	1200 Units		0	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Upon validation, they also appear on the left side of the Gantt:



OUR ADVICE



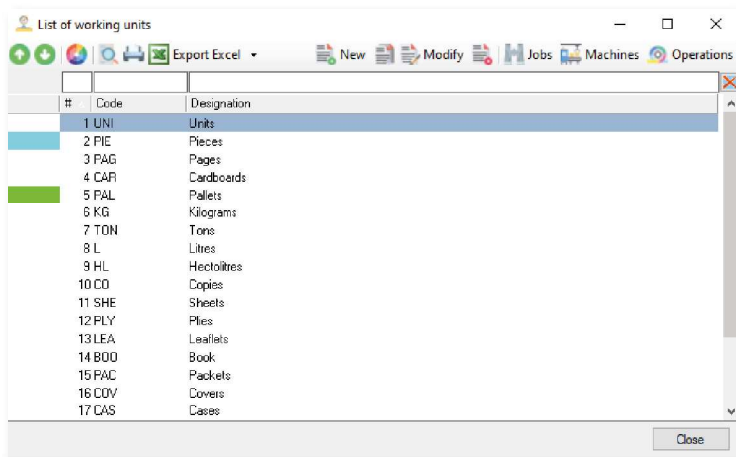
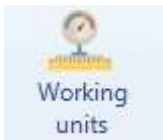
When creating machines (or other data such as operations, entities, etc...) sharing common characteristics, save time by creating new machines from existing ones: Right-click on the machine to duplicate in the list of machines and select **Duplicate...**

Considerations on working units

Why indicate the working unit of quantity to produce when entering machines?

1. This creates a first level of compatibility. In the schedule, moving a job towards a machine with a different working unit of quantity to produce displays a warning. We will see that operations offer a second level of compatibility.
2. This can be leveraged to specify the average setting time and the average work rate, already discussed.

Direct Planning includes a list of standard working units which can be displayed/modified using the **Data > Working units** menu:



◀ This screen allows the creation/modification/deletion of working units.

After selecting a working unit, you can also click on **Jobs**, **Machines** and **Opérations** to display the associated elements.

4.1.4. Configuring technical elements

OUR ADVICE



The configuration of technical items below is provided for reference only. Version 3.1 introduced **reference data** which bring more flexibility. Therefore, we advise you to favour them over technical elements.

Technical elements are characteristics of your machines. In the corrugated cardboard sector, it can be the number of colours, the type of corrugation or the type of bonding. These characteristics are used to determine the setting time and the work rate.

ADMINISTRATION



The configuration of technical elements is performed by clicking on **Configuration > Technical elements** in the ribbon:



Below, we created the **Colours** technical element, to which a code and a designation were assigned automatically (while remaining editable manually):

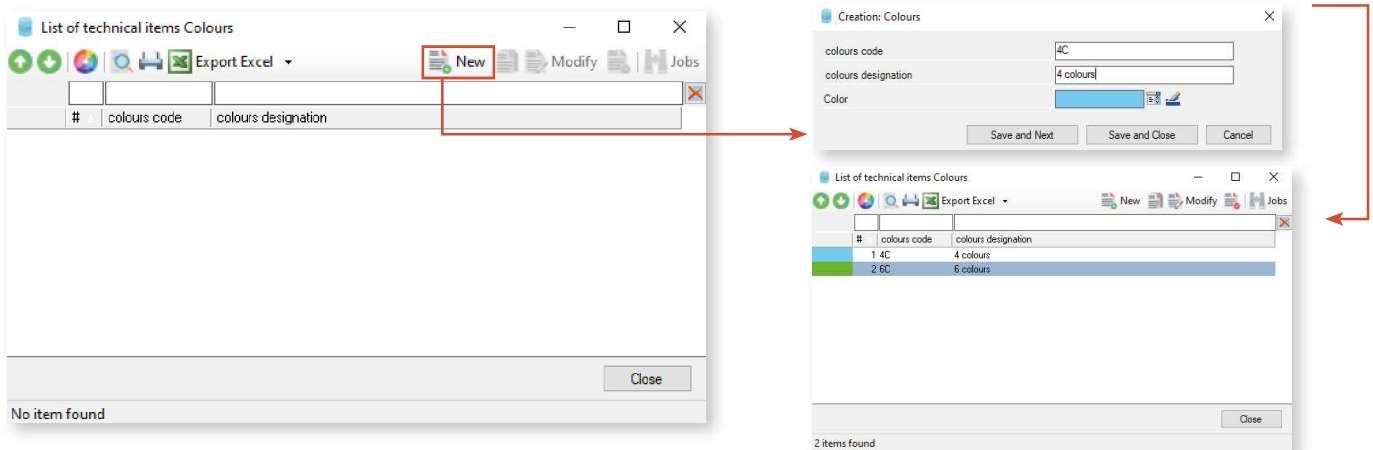
Configuration of technical items - Configuration of technical item 1

Colours	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable technical item 1 and name it	Colours
Technical item 2 not configured	Properties of technical item	
Technical item 3 not configured	Unique identifier of technical item	colours code
Technical item 4 not configured	Technical item designation	colours designation
Technical item 5 not configured	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Automatically assign a color when creating this technical item.	
Technical item 6 not configured		

The configured technical elements are displayed under the **Data** tab:

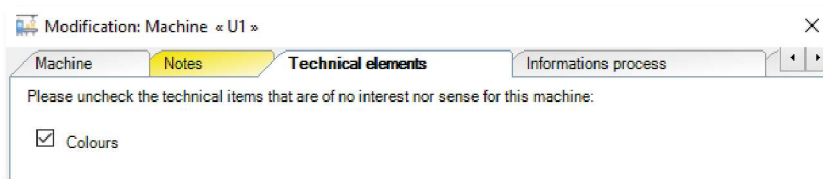


Click on the **Colours** technical element to add elements:

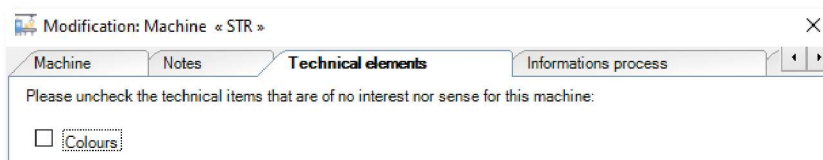


Technical elements will then be selected when creating jobs.

Because some technical elements may not apply to certain machines, you can deselect those that are not relevant when creating individual machines. In the example, the number of colours applies to printing machines but not to die-cutting machines:



▲ U1 machine with technical element **Colours** active



▲ STR machine with technical element **Colours** inactive

4.1.5. Configuring reference data

Reference data designates data lists represented by a code, a designation and a colour. These can list sales reps, product families, cutting-dies, colours, etc.

Reference data is used to set a type for the many fields that Direct Planning enables to customise (in addition to the traditional types: integer, text, date, etc.).

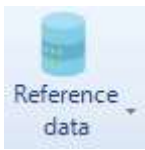
Reference data then impacts multiple levels:

1. **Inform:** Windows can be configured to display this data.
2. **Colour:** jobs can be coloured according to specific reference data. For instance, colours can discriminate cutting-dies.
3. Affect **programmable formulas** defining setting times and work rates.

ADMINISTRATION



The configuration of reference data is performed by clicking on **Configuration > Reference data:**

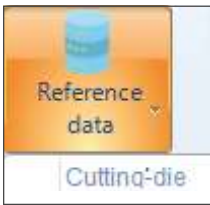


We are going to create **Cutting-die** reference data:

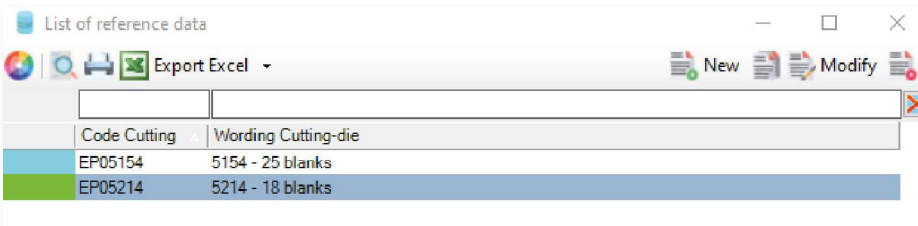
The screenshot illustrates the process of creating reference data in three stages:

- Initial State:** A window titled "List of reference data" shows a table with columns "Code Sales r" and "Wording Sales representative". A red box highlights the "New" button in the toolbar.
- Creation Dialog:** A dialog box titled "Creation: Sales representative" is shown. It contains three input fields: "Code Sales representative" with the value "1", "Wording Sales representative" with the value "Cutting-die", and "Color" with a red color swatch. Buttons for "Save and Next", "Save and Close", and "Cancel" are at the bottom.
- Final State:** The "List of reference data" window now displays a new row with the code "1" and the wording "Cutting-die", highlighted in blue.

User can access the reference data configured above under the **Data > Reference data** tab of the ribbon:



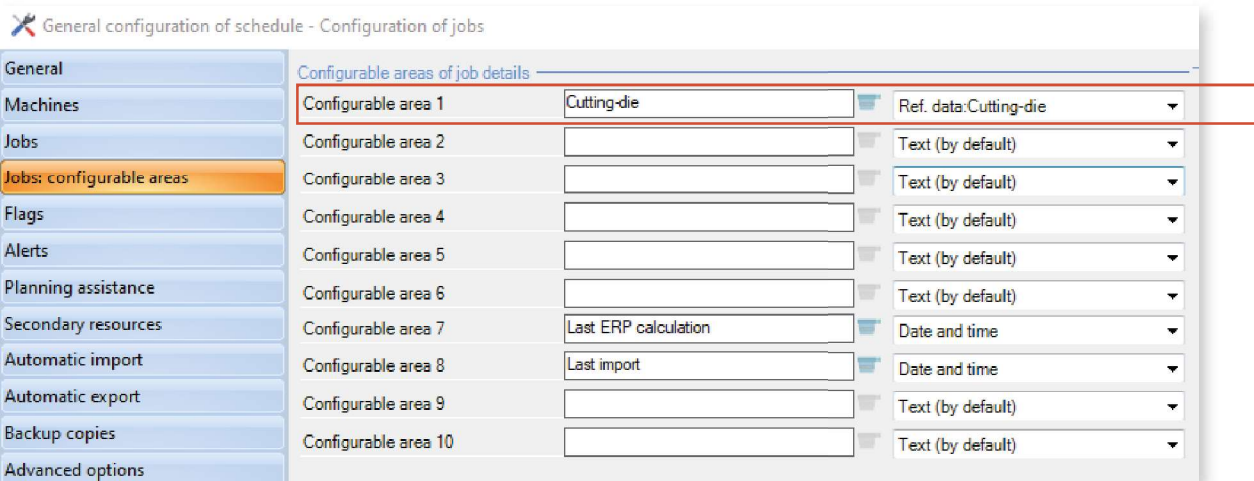
Creation of cutting-dies via the **Data > Reference data > Cutting-die** menu:



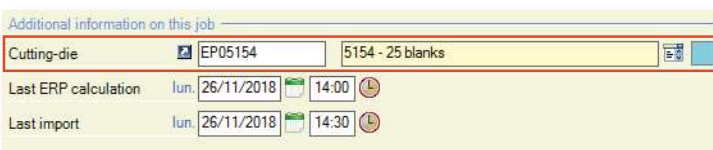
ADMINISTRATION



Data type **Cutting-die** is now available in the configurable areas. This allows to enrich job information with the related configurable area (**Configurable area 1**):



Reference data **Cutting-die** now appears in the job additional information (together with the other configurable areas entered on the previous screen):



4.1.6. Configuring entities

Entities are data lists which evolve with your activity (Customers, Orders, Products, Projects, ...).

Configuring entities provides lists for each individual data.

Entities can be automatically imported from an ERP (unlike other technical data whose list is supposed to be finite and which don't evolve much over time).

ADMINISTRATION



The configuration of entities is performed via the **Configuration > Entities** menu:



We are going to configure the following entities: **Customer**, **Product** and **WO**. Each entity features specific data:

Configuration of entities - Designation of technical item is used in

Customer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable entity 1 and name it	Customer	Links
Product	Properties of entity		
WO	Unique identifier	Customer code	
Entity 4 not configured	Designation	Customer designation	
Entity 5 not configured	Configurable area 1	City	Text (by default)
Entity 6 not configured	Configurable area 2	Zip code	Text (by default)
Entity 7 not configured	Configurable area 3		
Entity 8 not configured	Configurable area 4	Contact name	Text (by default)
Entity 9 not configured	Configurable area 5	Contact phone	Phone number
Entity 10 not configured	Configurable area 6	Contact email	Email address
	Configurable area 7		
	Configurable area 8	Sales representative	Ref. data: Sales representative
	Configurable area 9		
	Configurable area 10	Network directory	Data directory
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Automatically assign a color when creating this entity.		

Configuration of entities - Designation of technical item is used in

Customer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable entity 2 and name it	Product	Links
Product	Properties of entity		
WO	Unique identifier	Product code	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Customer
Entity 4 not configured	Designation	Product designation	
Entity 5 not configured	Configurable area 1	Product family	Ref. data: Product family
Entity 6 not configured	Configurable area 2	Customer item ref.	Text (by default)
Entity 7 not configured	Configurable area 3	Plan/Study no.	Text (by default)
Entity 8 not configured	Configurable area 4	Dimensions	Text (by default)
Entity 9 not configured	Configurable area 5		
Entity 10 not configured	Configurable area 6		
	Configurable area 7		
	Configurable area 8		
	Configurable area 9		
	Configurable area 10		
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Automatically assign a color when creating this entity.		

Configuration of entities - Designation of technical item is used in

Customer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable entity 3 and name it	WO	Links
Product	Properties of entity		
WO	Unique identifier	WO no.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Customer
Entity 4 not configured	Designation	WO Designation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Product
Entity 5 not configured	Configurable area 1	Qty to produce	Integer
Entity 6 not configured	Configurable area 2	Planning deadline	Date
Entity 7 not configured	Configurable area 3	Customer deadline	Date
Entity 8 not configured	Configurable area 4	Type of production	Ref. data: Type of production
Entity 9 not configured	Configurable area 5		
Entity 10 not configured	Configurable area 6		
	Configurable area 7		
	Configurable area 8		
	Configurable area 9		
	Configurable area 10	Man file (PDF)	Data file
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Automatically assign a color when creating this entity.		

On the right, links display automatically the higher tier entity. For example, in the job details, entering the WO automatically populates the associated product and customer, without any retyping.

OUR ADVICE



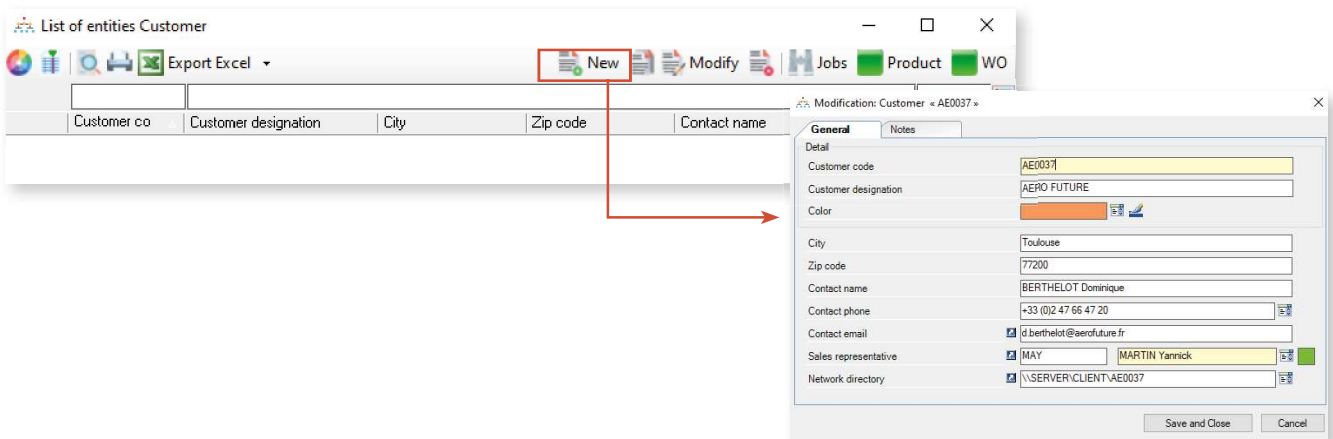
Links are hierarchical. You can see that WOs are linked with products, themselves linked with customers. Accordingly, it is better to enter entities by hierarchical order: Customer, Product and finally WO. However, make sure to unselect the link with the customer when dealing with generic products.

Entities are available under the **Data > Entities** tab:



◀ Click on the entity to inform.

▼ The available fields are those previously configured.



This process is repeated for each **Customer** entity:

Customer co	Customer designation	City	Zip code	Contact name	Contact phone	Contact email	Sales repre	Network directory
AE0037	AERO FUTURE	Toulouse	77200	BERTHELOT Domin...	+33 (0)2 47 66 47 20	d.berthelot@aerofut...	MAY	\\SERVER\CLIENT\AE0037
BA0452	BARNAY INDUSTRIES	Saint Germain en La.	78100	DIOT Serge	+33 (0)1 45 87 99 66	serge.diot@barnayin...	COG	\\SERVER\CLIENT\BA0452
BR0149	BROCHAND INDUSTRIES	Brest	29200	SALOMON Marie	+33 (0)2 47 85 98 66	m.salomon@brocha...	COG	\\SERVER\CLIENT\BR0149
CR0549	CREATIVE TECH	Chateaubriant	44110	BROCHARD Sébast...	+33 (0)2 36 45 78 99	s.brochard@creative...	DEL	\\SERVER\CLIENT\CR0549
DK0578	DKP AUTOMATION	Nancy	54000	FISCHER Didier	+33 (0)3 98 65 47 55	d.fischer@dkp.fr	COG	\\SERVER\CLIENT\DK0578
FO5478	FORK AUSTRIA	Nantes	44000	LEGUELEC Erwan	+33 (0)2 65 87 47 66	e.leguelec@orkaust...	DEL	\\SERVER\CLIENT\FO5478
IN1458	INDY CAR	Creteil	94120	PREVOT Raphael	+33 (0)1 36 87 77 89	r.prevot@inovcar.fr	DEL	\\SERVER\CLIENT\IN1458
INT	Internal							
KA6987	KATIA AUTOMATIVE	Paris	75012	HAUBERT Tania	+33 (0)1 23 65 47 89	tania.haubert@katia...	DEL	\\SERVER\CLIENT\KA6987
ME0039	METAL DESIGN	Adainville	78113	BARREAU Laurent	+33 (0)1 45 23 58 79	l.barreau@metaldesi...	COG	\\SERVER\CLIENT\ME0039
PA5478	PARNAVY AUTOCAR	Antony	92160	DUCLOS Hélène	+33 (0)1 68 42 68 66	h.duclos@parnavaut...	DEL	\\SERVER\CLIENT\PA5478
QU2384	QUALICABLE SA	La Source	45100	BENEDICT Caroline	+33 (0)2 45 68 25 47	caroline.benedict@q...	COG	\\SERVER\CLIENT\QU2384
SO3202	SOLITEC	Lyon	69004	MAUPASSAN Eric	+33 (0)4 32 65 87 99	e.maupassan@solite...	MAY	\\SERVER\CLIENT\SO3202
TE8436	TEMCO	Angoulême	16000	BLIER Fionia	+33 (0)2 65 88 99 87	f.blier@temco.fr	MAY	\\SERVER\CLIENT\TE8436

When creating the next entities (Products), these can be linked with Customers:

Creation: Product

General | Notes

Detail

Product code: PE0057

Product designation: AERO-M/027

Color: [Yellow]

Product family: AER | Aeronautic industry

Customer item ref.: IM1599

Plan/Study no.: 16236

Dimensions: 57 x 41.5 x 95

Links

Customer: AE0037 | AERO FUTURE

Save and Close | Cancel

Finally, entering a WO offers the possibility to select the related product, which automatically populates the **Customer** field:

Creation: WO

General | Notes

Detail

WO no.: 170020

WO Designation: AERO-H/021

Color: [Blue]

Qty to produce: 500

Planning deadline: ven. 14/02/2025

Customer deadline: sam. 15/02/2025

Type of production: REN | Renewal

Man. file (PDF): \\SERVER\OF\170020.PDF

Links

Customer: Z03701 | ZOOM CHROME

Product: PG0067 | GENINDUS-H/226

Save and Next | Save and Close | Cancel

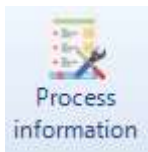
4.1.7. Configuring Process Information

Process Information designates a data structure which extends the customisation features offered in Direct Planning. It refers to technical data which need to appear on specific machines only. The detailed technical information provided is therefore limited to the machines where it is relevant.

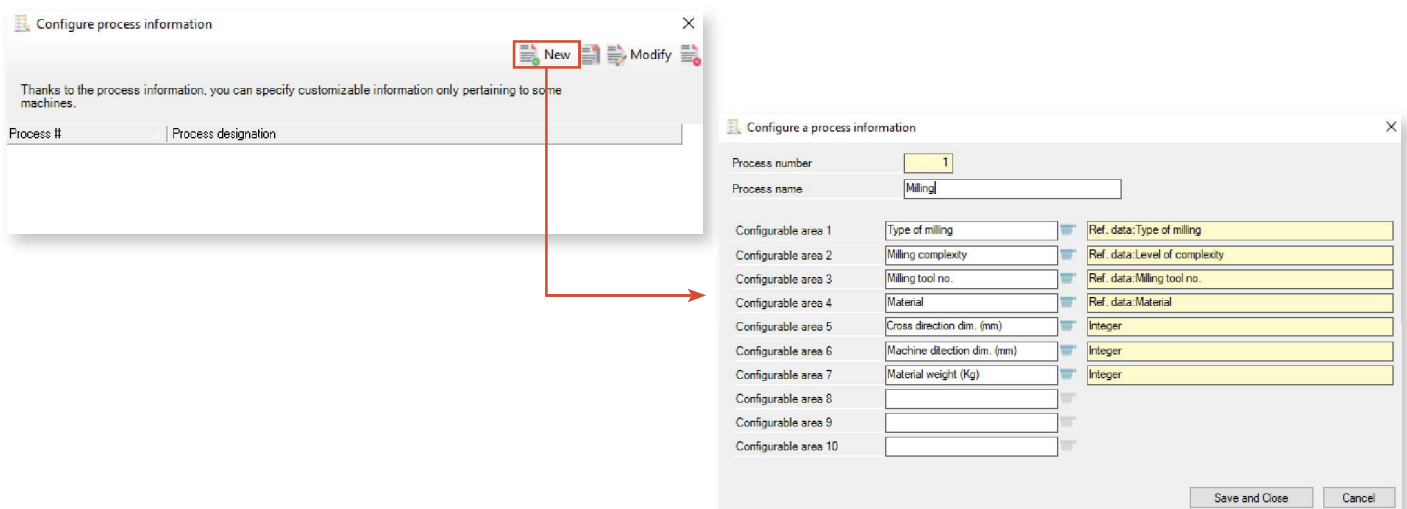
ADMINISTRATION



The configuration of Process Information is performed under the **Configuration > Process Information** tab:

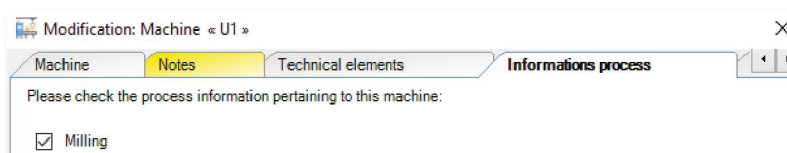


We are now going to configure Process Information related to milling:



In the example above, Process Information build upon standard configurable areas (integer, check box) as well as upon a custom type originating from reference data (Type of milling).

This Process Information can now be applied to milling machines. In the list of machines (**Data > Machines** menu), select each affected machine and click on **Modify**. The new **Process Information** tab allows to select the newly created Process Information:



▲ **Milling** Process Information now applies to machine U1.

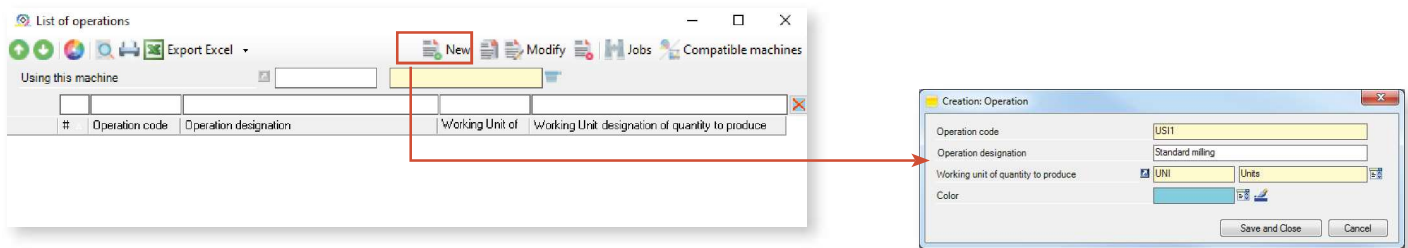
Each Process Information can include a maximum of 10 individual technical information. If this is not enough, multiple Process Informations can be created for a single machine. The purpose is to provide the planning manager with useful information to inform planning decisions.

4.1.8. Creating operations

The creation of operations must answer the following question:

What are the operations supported by our machines?

The creation of operations is performed via the **Data > Operations** menu:



Defining operations requires to specify a code, a designation and the working unit of quantity to produce. The colour is also important, for instance to colour jobs sharing the same working unit in the schedule.

In the example above, the **Standard milling** operation uses the **Units** working unit.

As discussed in the next section, defining operations will allow the association of operations and machines.

4.1.9. Attaching operations to machines

Why attach an operation to a machine?

There are 2 good reasons to do it:

1. After the definition of working units, this creates a second level of compatibility. In the schedule, moving a job towards a machine which is incompatible with the operation displays a warning.
2. This can be leveraged to force the average setting time and the average work rate.

Modification: Machine < U1 >

Machine | Notes | Technical elements | Informations process

Machine code: U1

Machine designation: Usinex 1 (550 mm max)

Section: S1 | Milling

Color: [Color selection]

Technical data

Working Unit of quantity to produce: UNI | Units

Default operation: US11 | Standard milling

Enable automatic calculation of durations for this machine.

Working Unit of operative quantity: UNI | Units

Working Unit to enter the work rate: UNI | Units

Average duration of setting: 1:00 h

Average work rate: 800 Units / h

Default variable waste: 0 %

Activate technical constraints: Milling constraints

Additional data

Max. cross direction dimensions: 550

Special processings available

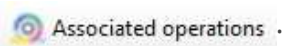
Save and Close | Cancel

◀ In our example, the working unit **Units** was attached during the creation of the **U1** machine. The working unit **Units** was also attached during the creation of the **Standard milling** operation.

Machine and operation share the same working unit. We can now specify that the **Standard milling** operation is the default operation of the **U1** machine (using the modify button in the machine list).

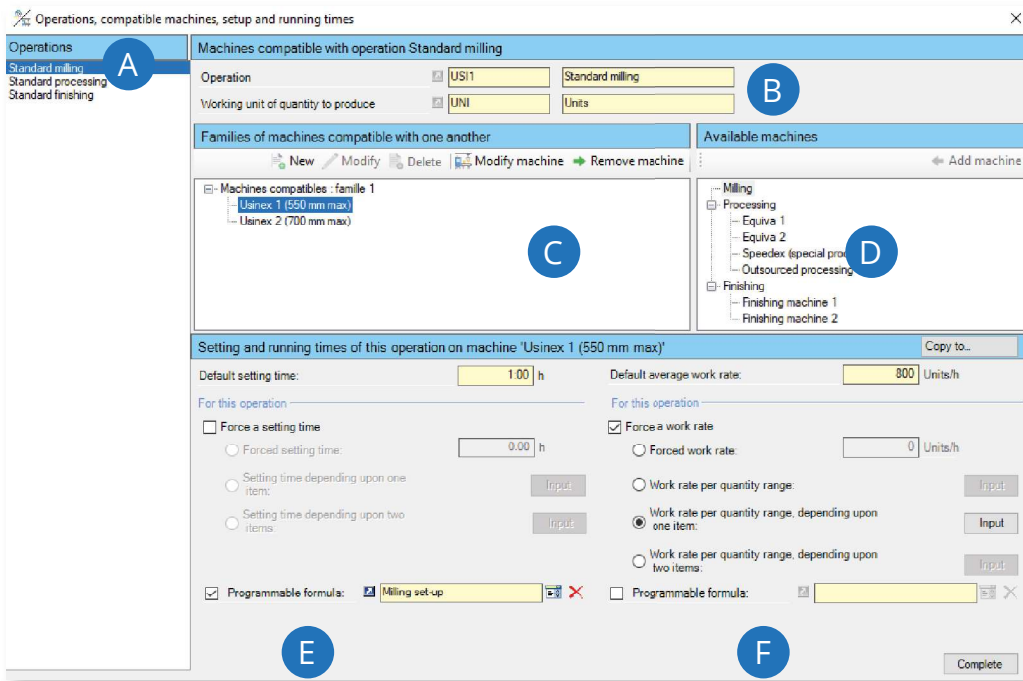
To be attached to a machine, the operation must share the same working unit.

In the machine list, you can see the associated operations at any time by clicking on the button



The Machines/Operations association can be refined by clicking on **Data > Operations and machines** in the ribbon:





- A Operations
- B Selected operation and attached working unit
- C Machines grouped by family
- D Available machines
- E Setting time for selected machine
- F Work rate of the selected machine

This screen offers 2 major functions:

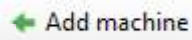
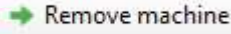
1. Creating machine families compatible with each other. These machines share the same working unit as the operation. In the schedule, moving a job to an incompatible machine displays a warning.
2. Manually forcing the average setting time and the average work rate, or calculating these values automatically:
 - At the operation/machine pair level
 - At the operation/machine pair level, with one element involved
 - At the operation/machine pair level, with two elements involved

Note





You can also refine the calculation of setting times and work rates by defining programmable formulas. For more information about programmable formulas, see next section, *Configuring programmable formulas*.

Follow these steps to create families of machines compatible with each other:

1. Select an operation in Zone A (the **Printing** operation in this example).
Zone B displays the selected operation as well as the associated working unit.
Zone D displays the machines compatible with each other (same working unit, same operation).
2. Using the mouse, drag machines from Zone D and drop them on a family in Zone C (family 1 is created by default, you can rename it and create other families, see below).

As an alternative, you can select a machine in D and click on  Add machine
You can also do the opposite: Select a machine in C and click on  Remove machine

The following actions are also available:

Action	Button
Create a new family of machines	 New
Rename a family	 Modify
Delete a family	 Delete
Modify a machine	 Modify machine (or double-click on it)

Setting duration and work rate by machine/operation pair

Zone E allows to force a setting time for this operation/machine pair.

Zone F allows to force an average work rate for this operation/machine pair.

🔗 To force a setting time, you must first check the Force a setting time box.

Different options are now available:

- Forcing a fixed setting time which will take priority over the value defined at the machine level (0:25 in the example above).
- Forcing a setting time affected by one or two technical elements, as in the following example:

	Setting rate
Low	
Medium	0:55
▶ High	1:10

This example uses the **Finishing > Finishing complexity** Process Information, based on the **Finishing complexity** reference data. When dealing with a simple milling operation, the setting time remains unchanged (same as the default setting time: 0:45). However, when dealing with medium and high levels of complexity, setting times respectively increase to 0:55 and 1:10.

🔗 To force a work rate, you must first check the Force a work rate box.

Different options are now available:


- Forcing a fixed work rate which will take priority over the value defined at the machine record level.
- Forcing a variable work rate depending on the quantity:

Quantity ranges	1	500	1 000	2 000		
Work rates (in Units/h)	1 200	1 400	1 500	1 550		

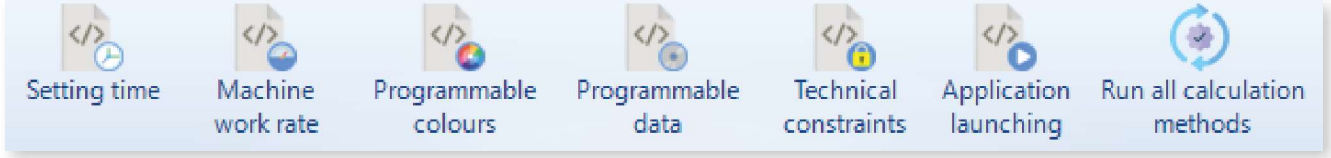
In this example, the Finishing machine 1 processes 1,200 pages/hour for the first 500 pages, then 1,400 pages/hour for the next 500, and so on.

This configuration reflects the increasing machine work rate when processing large series.

4.1.10. Configuring programmable formulas

ADMINISTRATION 

Programmable formulas are available under the **Configuration** tab:



The icons are: 1. Setting time (code icon, clock), 2. Machine work rate (code icon, gear), 3. Programmable colours (code icon, color palette), 4. Programmable data (code icon, document), 5. Technical constraints (code icon, padlock), 6. Application launching (code icon, play button), 7. Run all calculation methods (code icon, circular arrows).

As these icons indicate, programmable formulas affect 6 areas:

1. Formulas modifying setting times according to technical data and precedence criteria. This allows to base setting times on business rules.
2. Formulas modifying work rates according to technical data. Here again, you can include your business rules in the definition of your work rates.
3. Formulas applying programmable colours to planning tickets in order to transmit specific information.
4. Formulas for creating programmable data in order to perform calculations or build character chains. These can for example be used to customize any designation depending on the machine.
5. Formulas based on technical constraints, to account for incompatibilities between machines.
6. Formulas for launching applications, which can be used to display custom buttons in order to open a website or a file. In the job details screen, these formulas can be used to open the corresponding manufacturing file, as a PDF file.

A single programmable formula can include multiple rules.

Note

Because programmable formulas use the Visual Basic language, you must have in-house staff with minimal programming skills.

Please feel free to contact our support team for assistance in building these formulas.

Setting time

The setting time of a machine depends on the operation it executes, on technical data and on the previous operation in the schedule. Indeed, tool assembly and disassembly times are an important part of the setting time. In order to minimize setting times, the planning manager will often seek to group jobs sharing technical, thereby limiting technical changes on the machine.

In addition to standard mechanisms already implemented in Direct Planning, you can now build your own rules for altering setting times. Although this advanced feature requires minimal programming skills, DP includes assistance tools to help you. For instance, turnkey functions are included to inform whether technical data differs between the current job and the previous.

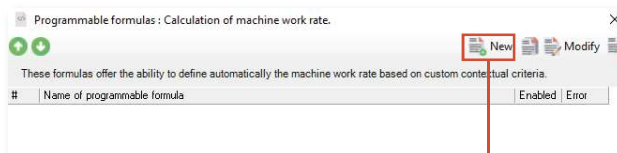
When moving jobs, setting times are recalculated in real time to account for precedence. The black bar below the job materialises the setting time so the efficiency of the scheduling can be assessed visually. And with the same colour for common technical items (or tools), you can visualise groups of jobs (more information about groups of jobs in section 5.8, *Optimising planning times*).

ADMINISTRATION



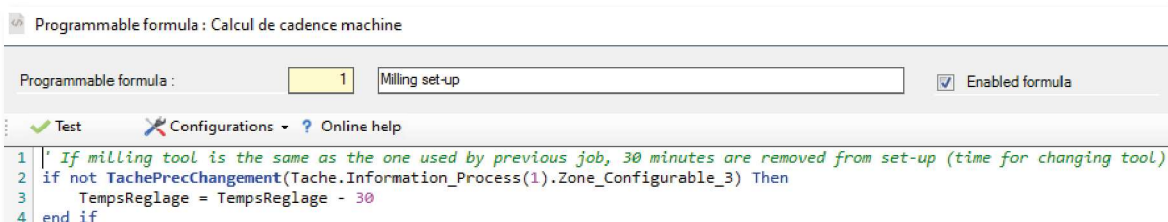
Configuration > Setting time menu

The list of existing programmable formulas opens. Please note that a programmable formula can only be deleted if it is not in use. Click on **New** to create a programmable formula:



▼ In this example, the programmable formula will use the previous job information to calculate the setting time (the "Milling tool no." set as configurable area 3 of Process Information 1).

Therefore, if the current job of a machine uses the same milling tool as the previous job, the setting time will be reduced by 30 min.



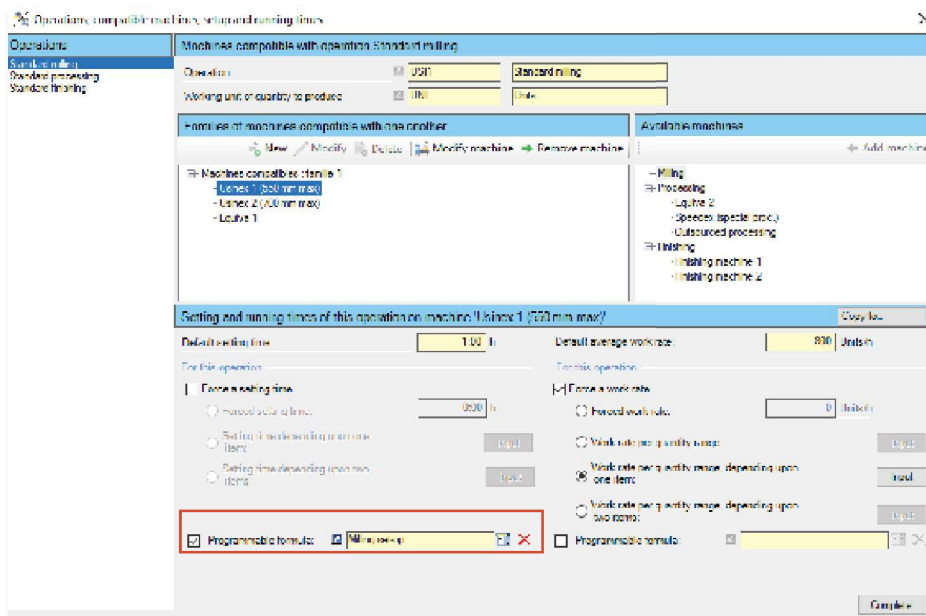
The **Test** button is available to verify the validity of your syntax, confirmed by the message **Code of formula is valid**.

The **Configurations** button gives access to the schedule data without closing the window.



All new programmable formulas are enabled by default. Uncheck the box **Enabled formula** to disable them.

To create a programmable formula, various objects, variables and functions are available. Furthermore, Direct Planning includes a set of Visual Basic standard keywords. Because this language features hundreds of keywords, only those relevant keywords for standard formulas are provided here.

When your programmable formula is created, go to the **Data > Operations and machines** menu to attach it to one or more machines:



◀ The **Milling set-up** programmable formula is now attached to the **Usinex 1** machine.

Click on  to choose among the programmable formulas you created or on  to modify the selected formula.

Machine work rates

Programmable formulas offer the ability to describe in details machine work rate values depending on technical data, or to simply alter the work rate values already entered in Direct Planning.

For example, you can introduce work rate modification coefficients based on length ranges of the element to produce. This reflects the decrease in work rate for the smaller elements which are less stable when processed.

You can also introduce multiplying (or dividing) work rate coefficients based on certain technical data.

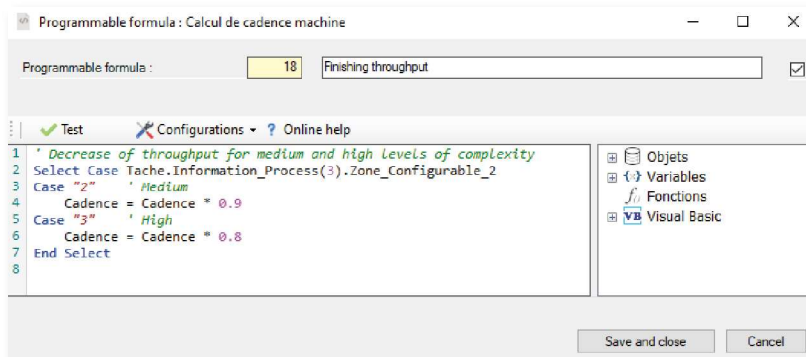
The underlying principle is the same as for for setting times.

ADMINISTRATION



Configuration > Machine work rate menu

The following programmable formula allows the definition of the machine work rate:



This programmable formula defines a work rate coefficient based on Configurable area 3 (Finishing complexity) for Process Information 3 (Finishing). Please note that a coefficient below 1 decreases the work rate (conversely, a coefficient above 1 translates into an increase).

Programmable colours

As standard, Direct Planning offers the ability to colour all or part of the schedule tickets through various mechanisms. You can write your own colouring rules to convey the most visually relevant information to the planning manager.

For instance, for a numeric technical data (length, width, etc.), colouring rules can be created for each range of values.

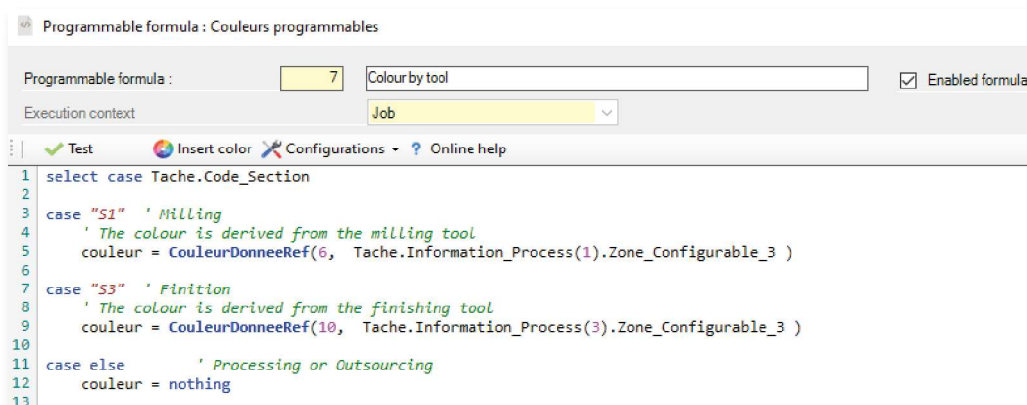
The underlying principle is the same as for setting times and work rates.

ADMINISTRATION

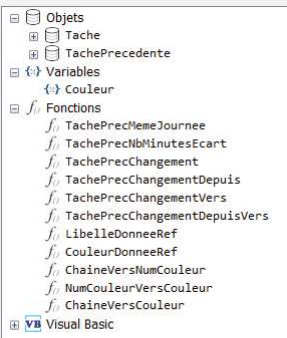


Configuration > Programmable colours menu

This programmable formula results in a conditional colouring:



When you create a programmable colour, you declare a usage context. The above formula being used in a **Job** context, the formula building tools are filtered to display only the relevant tools:



This formula is used to apply the same ticket colour to all jobs sharing the same tool (3rd line in the next screenshot):

170032 A	170035 BARNAY INDUS	170036 BR	170026 AE	170029 A	170041 B	170048	170055	170046 QUALICABLE SA
5 d early	5 d early -> 14/02/17	5 d early ->	5 d early ->	5 d ear	7 d early	6 d early	7 d early	6 d early -> 16/02/17
092 (Milli)	092 (Milling tool)	125 (Milling)	125 (Milling)	Delayed r	123 (Milli)	123 (Milli)	Side di	123 (Milling tool)
ACI-015	ACI-012 361 x 717 mm	ALU-022 35	ALU-037 35	ACI-015 3	ALU-030	ALU-030	ALU-02	ALU-037 488 x 576 mm

We will see in the dedicated section that conditional colouring can help you *optimise planning times*.

The administrator has access to this colouring in the configuration of display modes. Users can also select it under the **Display > Colour by** tab.

This is a basic example of conditional colouring. For numeric technical elements (such as lengths and widths), these rules can also apply to ranges of values, and job colours can depend on days ahead/behind against deadlines.

You can also assign a coloured square to a programmable data.

The screenshot shows the configuration window for entity '0971 (Varnish plate)'. The 'Additional information on this entity: WO' section is visible, containing fields for Quantity (7 000), Delivery location (78770 AUTEUIL LE ROI), Planning deadline (15/04/2016), Delivery deadline (19/04/2016), Days of transport (4), and Cutting-die form (EP06914). A red square is placed over the 'Days of transport' value, with a red arrow pointing to it from the right.

In this example, we created the programmable colour linked with the programmable data **Days of transport**, specifying that if this data is above 1, then a red square is displayed.

ADMINISTRATION



Configuration menu > Programmable colours

Below is the programmable formula used to create this coloured square:

The screenshot shows the configuration window for 'Programmable formula : Couleurs programmables'. The 'Programmable formula' field contains the value '34' and the 'Colour days of transport' field is selected. The 'Execution context' is set to 'Entity'. Below the fields is a code editor with the following VBA-like code:

```

1 Dim NbJoursTransport as integer
2
3 ' Difference between the customer delivery date and the Latest end of production date
4 NbJoursTransport = Entite.Zone_Configurable_5
5
6
7 ' No visual alert by default
8 Couleur = nothing
9
10 ' or by default : green
11 'Couleur = Color.FromArgb(89,255,89)
12
13 if NbJoursTransport > 1 Then
14 ' Red flag, if more than one day of transport
15   Couleur = Color.FromArgb(255,89,89)
16 end if
  
```

Because this programmable formula applies to an entity, you must go to the **Configuration menu > Entities** to enable its display (in configurable area 5) :

The screenshot shows the 'Configuration of entities - Designation of technical item is used in' window. The 'WO' entity is selected. The 'Configurable area 5' field is highlighted with a red box. A dialog box titled 'Configuration of a configurable area' is open, showing the configuration for this field. The 'Area type' is set to 'Programmable data', the 'Programmable data' is 'Days of transport', and the 'Programmable colour' is 'Colour days of transport'.

Programmable data

A programmable data is a typed data (text, integer, date, etc) which can be used to perform calculations or build chains of characters.

This way, you will be able to create custom designations in order to the technical data the most relevant based on the machine on which the planning ticket is placed. Combined with Process Information, this will enable a deep customization of the information displayed in the schedule.

You can also assign a programmable data to a configurable zone of an entity or process information. Therefore it will be displayed in the job details, as a non-enterable field.

A programmable data is therefore linked with a usage context: jobs, entities or machine record.

The underlying principle is the same as for setting times, work rates and programmable colours.

ADMINISTRATION



Configuration > Programmable data menu

This programmable formula generates conditional designations:

```

Programmable formula : Données programmables
Programmable formula : 5 Technical designation 1 [x] Enabled formula

Test Configurations ? Online help
1 |select case Tache.Code_Section
2 |
3 |case "S1" ' Milling
4 |   ' Milling tool
5 |   Dim OutilUsage as string = Tache.Information_Process(1).Zone_Configurable_3.replace("OU-", "")
6 |   if OutilUsage <> "" Then
7 |     Libelle = OutilUsage & " (Milling tool)"
8 |   end If
9 |
10|case "S2" ' Processing
11|   ' Type of processing designation
12|   Libelle = LibelleDonneeRef(8, Tache.Information_Process(2).Zone_Configurable_1 )
13|
14|case "S3" ' Finishing
15|   ' Finishing tool
16|   Dim OutilFinition as string = Tache.Information_Process(3).Zone_Configurable_3.replace("OF-", "")
17|   if OutilFinition <> "" Then
18|     Libelle = OutilFinition.replace("OU-", "") & " (Finishing tool)"
19|   end If
20|
21|
22|end Select
23|
24|

```

This formula customises the display of tools in the schedule according to the **Milling** ("milling tool") or **Finishing** ("finishing tool") section:

```

170035 BARNAY INDUS
5 d early -> 14/02/17
092 (Milling tool)
ACI-012 361 x 717 mm

```

```

170061 CREATIVE TEC
4 d early -> 20/02/17
507 (Finishing tool)
80 X 120 NEW NIMP15 E

```

If the job is placed in a processing section, the ticket displays the type of processing:

```

170067 FORK AUSTRIA A
6 d early -> 20/02/17
Processing C

```

ADMINISTRATION



Below is an example of calculated programmable data:

Programmable formulas : Programmable data

Programmable formula : Days of transport

Execution context Return type

Test
 Configurations
 Online help

```

1 ' Difference between the customer delivery date and the latest end of production date
2 Valeur = DateAndTime.datediff(DateInterval.day, Entite.Zone_Configurable_4, Entite.
3   Zone_Configurable_6 )
4 ' Will be displayed in configurable area 5 in entity 3 (WO)
5
  
```

As already seen for the programmable colour, go to the **Configuration** menu > **Entities** to enable its display in the job details screen (in configurable area 5) :

Configuration of entities - Designation of technical item is used in

Customer Enable entity 4 and name it

Product

File

WO

Entity 5 not configured

Entity 6 not configured

Entity 7 not configured

Entity 8 not configured

Entity 9 not configured

Entity 10 not configured

Customer
 Product
 File

Properties of entity

Unique identifier

Designation

Configurable area 1

Configurable area 2

Configurable area 3

Configurable area 4

Configurable area 5

Configurable area 6

Configurable area 7

Configurable area 8

Configurable area 9

Configurable area 10

Automatically assign a color when creating this entity.

Configuration of a configurable area

Area type

Programmable data:

Programmable colour:

OK Cancel

For the WO entity, this formula calculates the difference between configurable area 6 (delivery time) and the configurable area 4 (schedule time).

Délai planning ven.

Nb jours transport

Délai livraison mar.

The calculated value displays in the job details window.

Technical constraints

The purpose of **Technical constraints** programmable formulas is to offer custom controls over machine compatibility. These controls are performed when the planning manager moves a job from a machine to another. This ensures the compatibility of technical data between the job moved and the destination machine.

ADMINISTRATION



Configuration > Technical constraints menu

This is a Technical constraints programmable formula:

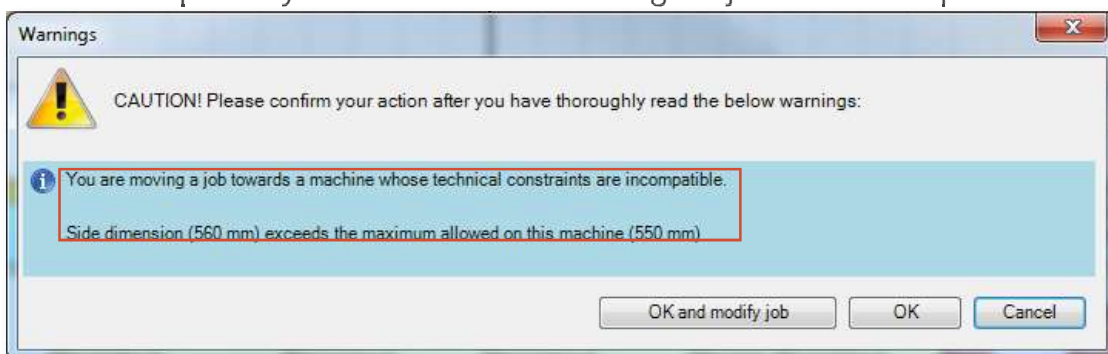
```

Programmable formula : Contraintes Techniques
Programmable formula : 13 Milling constraints  Enabled formula

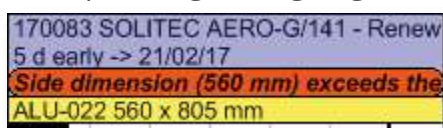
Test Configurations Online help
1 ' Control of the part max. width against the max. opening allowed on the machine
2 ' -----
3
4 ' This control only applies if Process Information <milling> (IP 1) is active on this machine
5 if Tache.Machine.Est_IP_Actif(1) Then
6   Dim DimSensTravers as integer = Tache.Information_Process(1).Zone_Configurable_5
7   Dim DimSensTraversMaxi as integer = Tache.Machine.Zone_Configurable_1
8
9   if DimSensTravers > DimSensTraversMaxi Then
10    EstCompatible = False
11    MessageErreur = "Side dimension (" & DimSensTravers & " mm) exceeds the maximum allowed on this machine ("
12    & DimSensTraversMaxi & " mm)"
13  end if
end if

```

This programmable formula indicates the max. opening supported by the machine. The "MessageErreur =" variable allows the definition of a custom message informing the planning manager about the source of the incompatibility encountered while moving the job to an incompatible machine.



If the planning manager ignores this message, an alert still appears on the affected job:



Application launching

The **Application launching** programmable data offer you the ability to launch an application or a URL using arguments derived from Direct Planning data.

For example, you will therefore have the ability to run an application giving more details about the scheduled job, or open a manufacturing file as a PDF file format.

For this, you will have to create an Application launching formula and link it with a given context: entity, job or machine record. Within these contexts, you will assign a configurable area with this application launching formula. When displaying the data, this configurable area will be materialized as a button which will enable you to launch the configured application.

In the example below, we configured the launch of an Internet address directing to Google maps and containing the delivery location as a variable. The **See delivery location** button will open the address in the default web browser of the station.

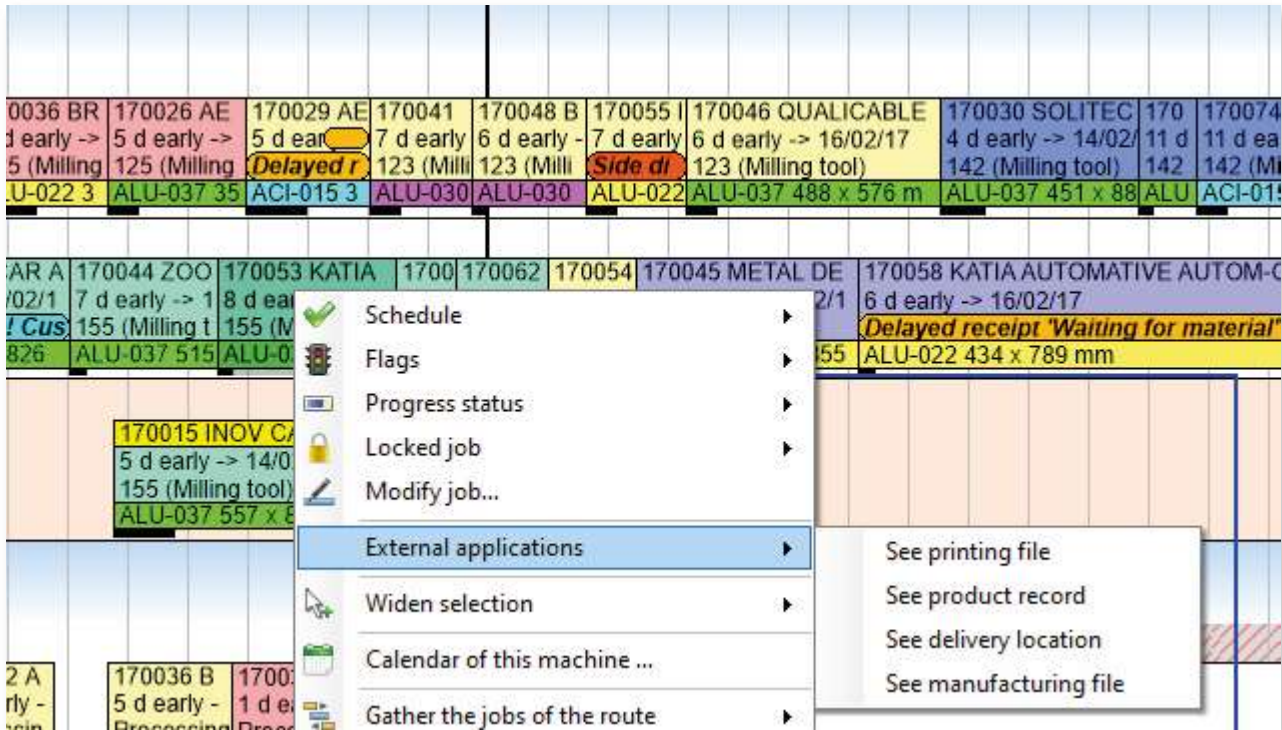
The **See manufacturing file** button points to a network location where are configured the address and name of the PDF file with the WO number as variable. The file will open in the default reader of the station.

The image illustrates the application launching functionality in a software interface. It is divided into three main parts:

- Top Left (Entity Detail):** A panel titled "Additional information on this entity: WO" displays various fields:
 - Quantity: 100 000
 - Delivery location: 26230 VALAURIE
 - Planning deadline: 15/04/2016
 - Delivery deadline: 15/04/2016
 - Days of transport: 4
 Two buttons are present: "See delivery location" and "See manufacturing file".
- Top Right (Google Maps):** A screenshot of a Google Maps window showing a location in Valaurie, France, with a red pin. A red arrow points from the "See delivery location" button to this map.
- Bottom (PDF Reader):** A screenshot of an Adobe Acrobat Reader window displaying a technical drawing of a rectangular part. The drawing includes dimensions: 483 (width), 1262 (height), and various other measurements like 30, 246, 270, 248, 368, 133, and 237. A red arrow points from the "See manufacturing file" button to this PDF viewer.

When there are Application launching formulas created, you can run the corresponding actions with a right-click on a job.

All available actions are listed under the External applications sub-menu:



4.1.11. Creating display modes

This original function offers the ability to define as many display modes as you want depending on the profile and viewing needs of each user.

The display mode can be changed under the **Display** tab.

It can also be configured by default per user.

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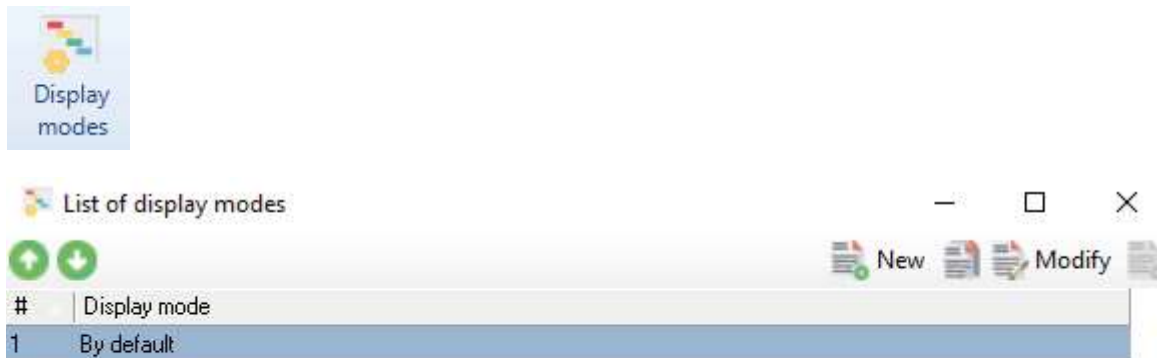


While the creation of display modes is optional because Direct Planning opens with the default display mode (which cannot be modified or deleted), it is nonetheless recommended. When your own display modes are defined, you will have to disable the default display mode (see section 4.3.12 *Creating users*).

ADMINISTRATION



The configuration of display modes is available under the **Configuration > Display modes** tab:



When clicking on **New**, the display mode creation window opens, with 5 tabs:

- Schedule display
- Job display
- Flag display
- Time scale
- Display restrictions

The following sections discuss in depth each of these tabs. Therefore, they are reserved to the Direct Planning administrator.

Schedule display

Name of display mode : Earliness/Lateness verification

Schedule display | Job display | Flag display | Time scale | Display restrictions

Projection

Group by : Section | Sort : Sequence number | Way : ASC | Display : Section designation

One line per : Machine | Sort : Sequence number | Way : ASC | Display : Machine designation

Time scale

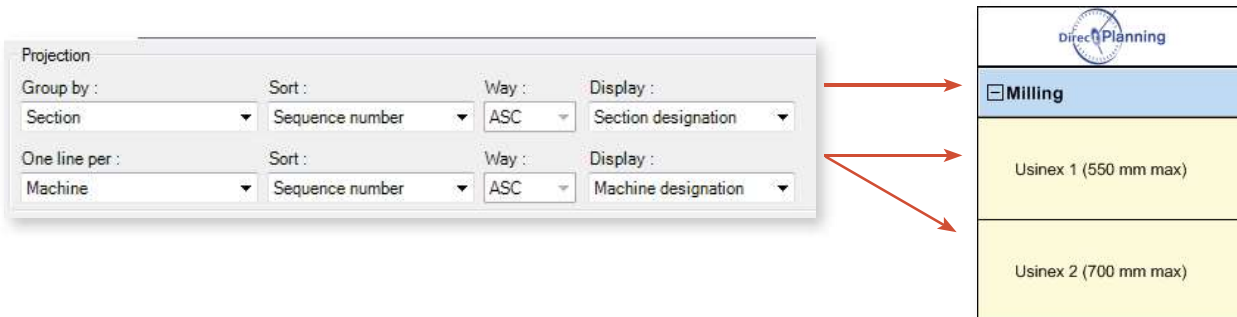
Time scale : Scale 2

Global display zoom : 100 %

Compact time scale

See secondary scales

This first pane is used to modify the overall display of the schedule, including the projection section:



By default, sorting is made on the sequence number, which is the configuration order of your elements (Section/Machine in this example) and that you can change by clicking on the green arrows in the top-left corner:

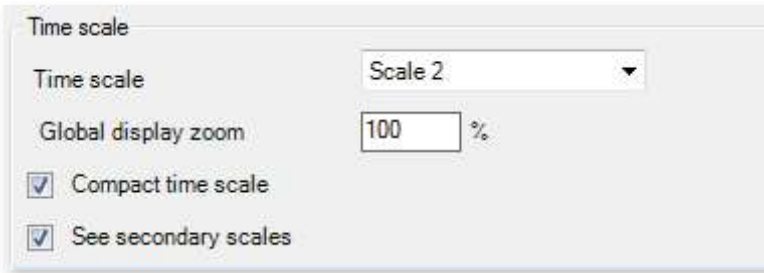
List of sections

↑ ↓ ↻ 🔍 🖨️ 📄 Export Excel

#	Section code	Section desig
1	S1	Milling
2	S2	Processing
3	S3	Finishing

Sequence number

In the schedule display, you can also configure the time scale:

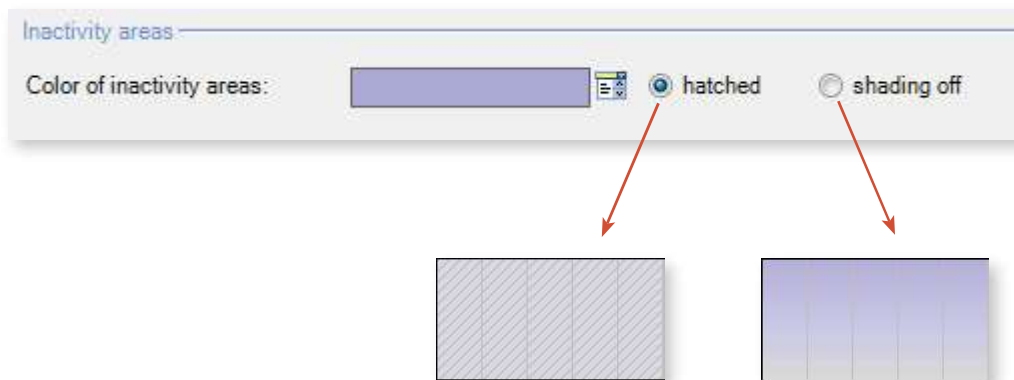


These options enable to set the default time scale (1 to 5) of the display, as well as the default global zoom level.

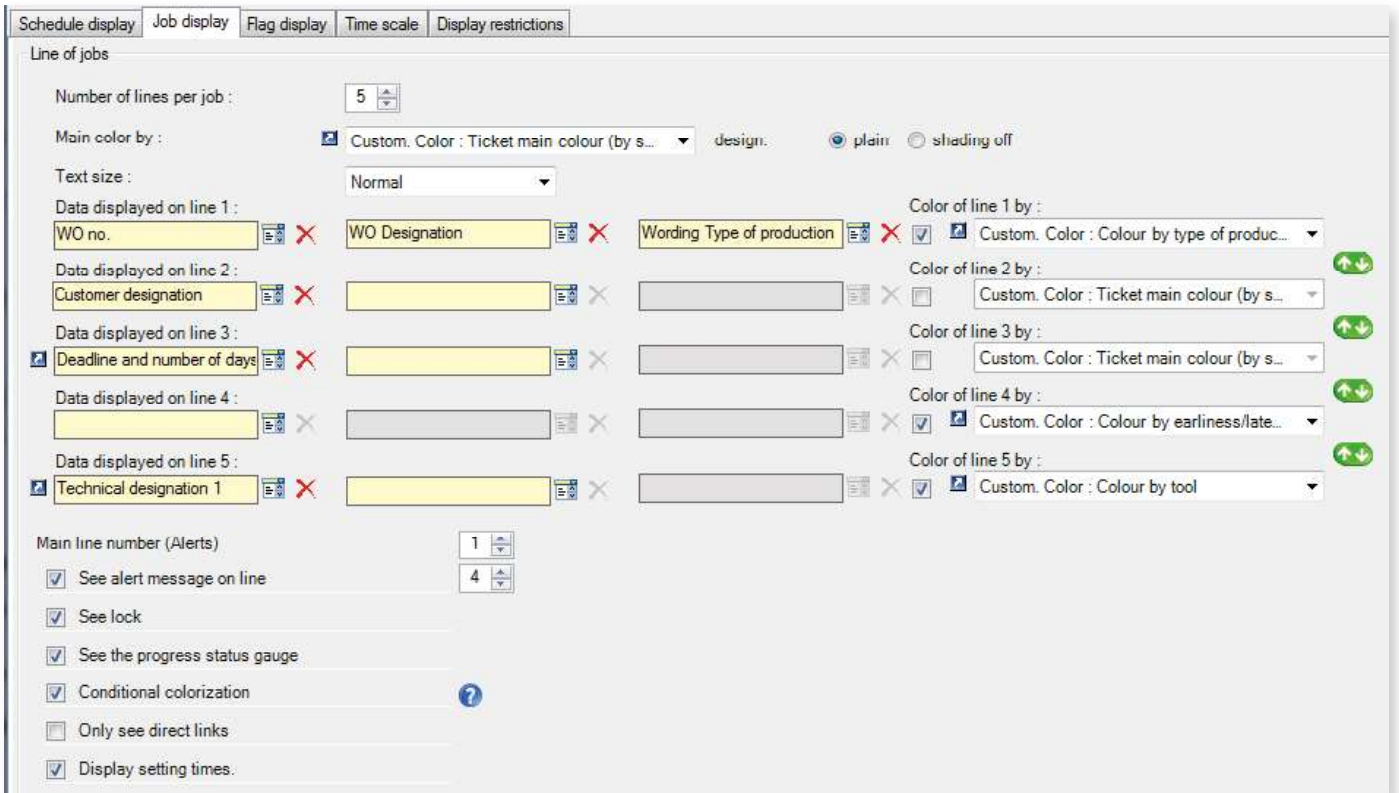
Compacting the time scale saves space on the schedule by not displaying weekends when they are not worked.

Secondary graduations make it easier to consult the schedule thanks to grey vertical marker lines.

Finally, this tab offers the ability to customise the aspect of inactivity areas. Inactivity areas are regular or occasional periods during which the resource or machine does not operate (outside working time, weekend, hardware servicing periods, public holidays, vacancy, sick leave, machine maintenance, ...):

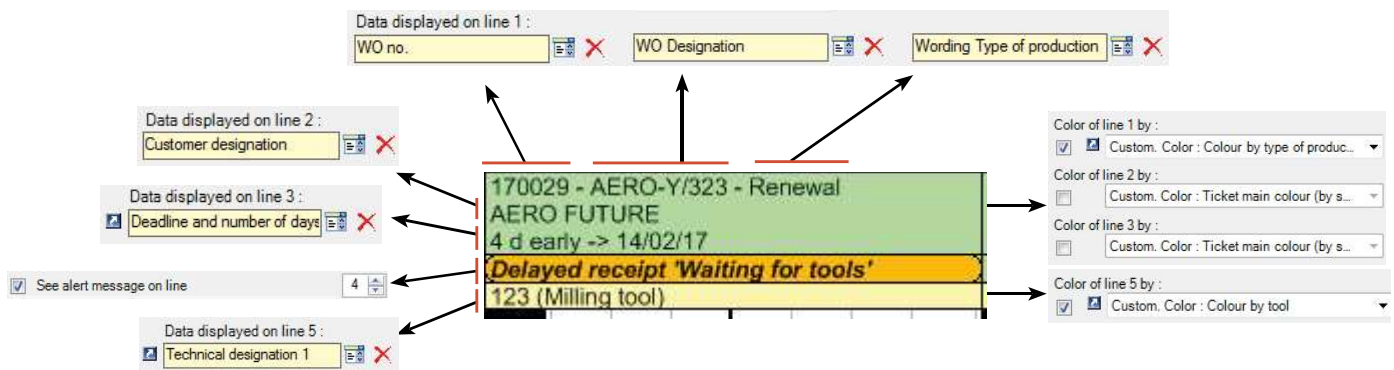


Job display

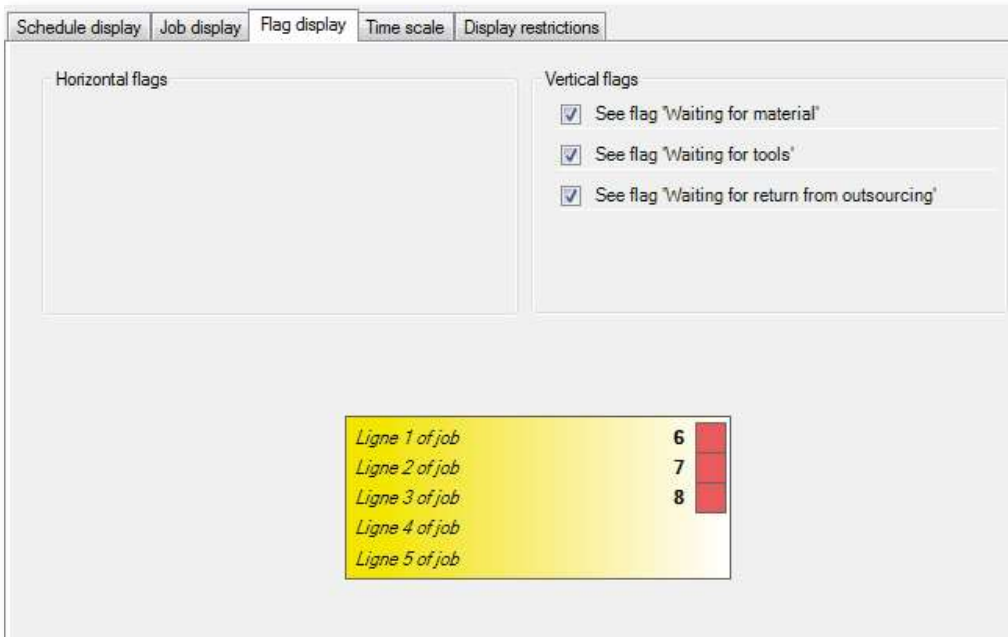


This second pane offers the ability to change the aspect of jobs in the schedule.

The configuration above gives jobs the following aspect:



Flag display

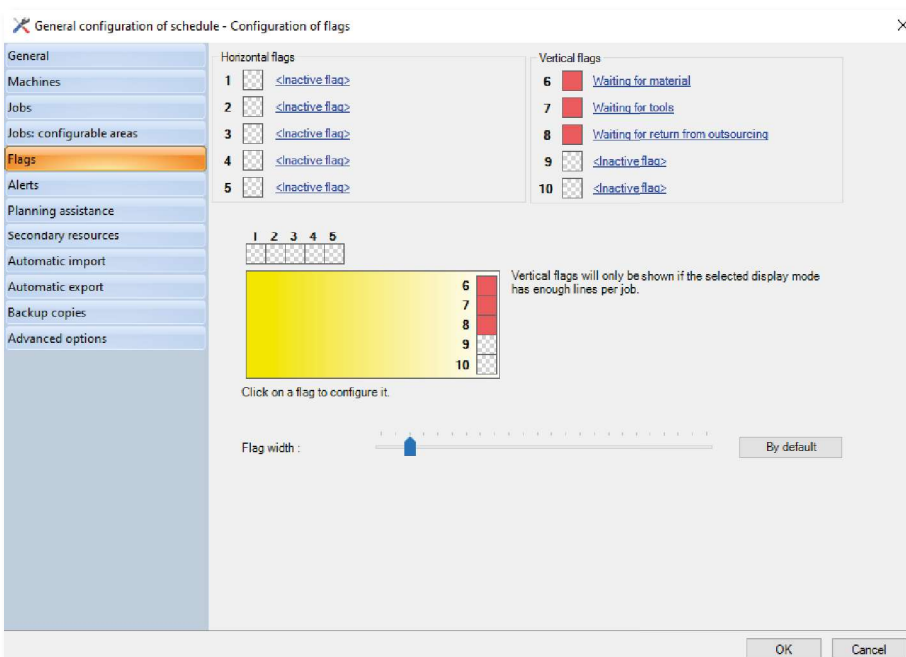


This tab offers the ability to select the visible flags in your display.

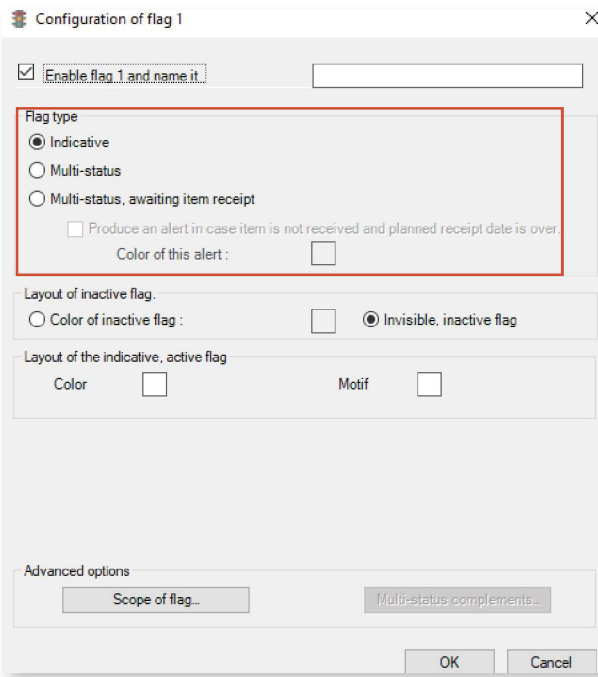
Flags are coloured and sometimes hatched bullets located above and/or on the right of jobs. They enable the planning manager to view instantly the different job status.

They serve the same purpose as paper clips and other stickers put on traditional wall schedules.

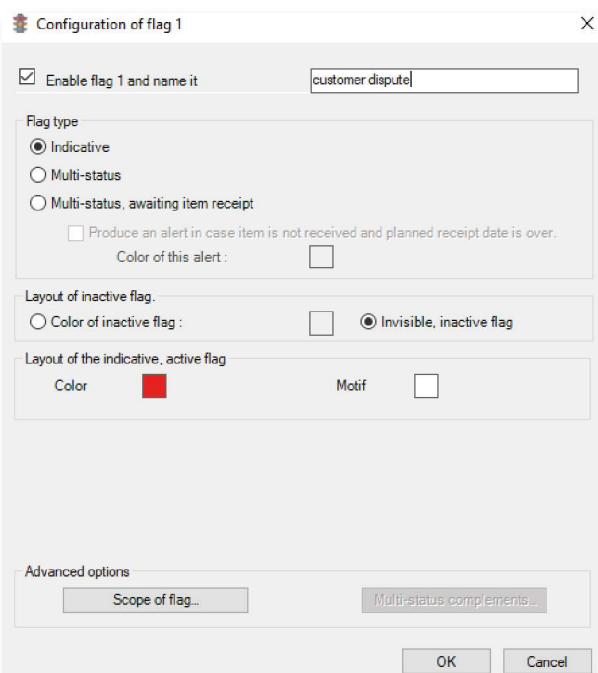
To create a flag, go to the **General configuration** of Direct Planning:



Choose the type of flag to create, horizontal (left) or vertical (right), and click on <Inactive flag>.



As suggested by the window above, there are 3 types of flags: **indicative**, **multi-status** and **multi-status, awaiting item receipt**. Let's look more closely at each of these flags:



◀ **Indicative flag**, the simplest case as an indicative flag is a two-state flag: Active or inactive. You can think of it as a raised or lowered flag, or an On/Off switch.

In the example opposite, the flag is shown when active and hidden when inactive. It is also possible to display inactive flags, in which case you can choose the colour by selecting the **Colour of inactive flag** line.

In case of flag modification, the **Scope of flag** lets you choose whether this modification applies only to the current job or to all jobs sharing the same entity.

◀ Multi-status flag: a multi-status flag can have up to 5 states. Designation, colour and motive can be defined for each status.

When creating or modifying jobs, users can enable or disable the flag for each job. As with indicative flags, inactive flags can be shown or hidden.

When the flag is active, you can define a colour and a subject for each of the 5 available states (you do not have to use them all).

Configuration of flag 1

Enable flag 1 and name it

Flag type

Indicative

Multi-status

Multi-status, awaiting item receipt

Produce an alert in case item is not received and planned receipt date is over.

Color of this alert:

Layout of inactive flag.

Color of inactive flag:

Invisible, inactive flag

Layout of the multi-status activated flag

Activate status and name it:	Color	Pattern
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ready	<input type="text" value="Green"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not ready	<input type="text" value="Red"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Advanced options

◀ Multi-status, awaiting item receipt flag: While showing similar characteristics as those described previously, this flag adds the notion of item receipt.

Unlike the other flags which are strictly indicative, this flag introduces a strong constraint for the job earliest start date.

The earliest start date constraint applies to the job on which the flag was activated. Because of that, the notion of scope does not exist for this flag.

If the planned date has come and the tool has not been received, an alert message will indicate the delayed receipt.

Configuration of flag 1

Enable flag 1 and name it

Flag type

Indicative

Multi-status

Multi-status, awaiting item receipt

Produce an alert in case item is not received and planned receipt date is over.

Color of this alert:

Layout of inactive flag.

Color of inactive flag:

Invisible, inactive flag

Layout of the multi-status activated flag

Activate status and name it:	Color	Pattern	Receipt of item
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tools to order	<input type="text" value="Green"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Waiting for receipt
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tools ordered - waiting for receipt	<input type="text" value="Red"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Waiting for receipt
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tools in maintenance	<input type="text" value="Orange"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Waiting for receipt
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tools available	<input type="text" value="Yellow"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Received item
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Received item

Advanced options

See section 5.2, *Creating jobs manually*, to see how flags are used at the job level.

Time scale

Name of display mode :

Schedule display | Job display | Flag display | **Time scale** | Display restrictions

Setting zoom levels of time scales

On the screen, you'll see (*):

	Initial zoom level:	High zoom	Low zoom	Coeff	
Scale 1				22	24 hours
Scale 2	Zoom ratio with scale 1:	x2	x6	x2	2,0 days
Scale 3	Zoom ratio with scale 2:	x2	x6	x2	4,0 days
Scale 4	Zoom ratio with scale 3:	x2	x6	x3	12,2 days
Scale 5	Zoom ratio with scale 4:	x2	x6	x2	24,3 days

(*). Approximation for a 1680 X 1050 resolution screen
 Indicated 'days' are 24-hours-days you may have a much wider outlook if you use a condensed time scale hiding the inactive periods (nights, week-ends, etc). % These values are stated for an overall zoom of 100%.

This tab offers the ability to define the different zoom levels associated to this display mode.

Start by modifying the zoom level of scale 1.

Higher magnification will display a smaller time span, which is useful when planning short jobs (less than an hour).

Conversely, smaller magnification will display a larger time span.

Scale 2 is the result of a multiplying factor applied to scale 1.

The same applies to each other time scale, which is the result of a multiplying factor applied to the previous scale.

Display restrictions

This last pane is used to filter the jobs displayed by the current display mode.

In the upper part, a range (date and time) can be defined through selection in the calendar or in relation to the current date. For example, it is possible to display only the jobs located 90 days before and after the current date.

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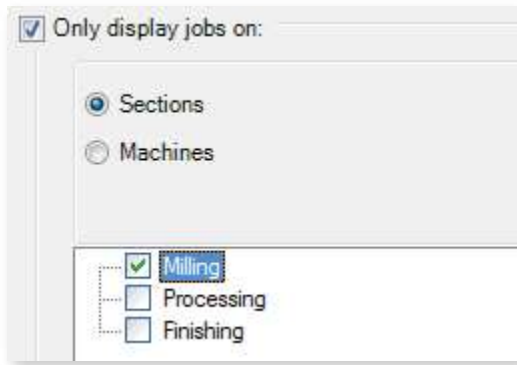
It is strongly recommended to configure the current display mode to ignore the jobs older than 2 weeks. This will optimise the time required to load the schedule. However, display modes can be created (via duplication) for elapsed periods, for logging purposes.

At the centre of this screen, you can choose the default display mode of jobs “to schedule”. As a reminder, jobs to schedule are jobs which need to appear on the schedule without being set to a specific date.

Usinex 2 (700 mm max)	170	170034 - AERO-H/106 -	170038 - 17
	ZO	TEMCO	ZOOM C BR
Usinex 2 (700 mm max) [*]	9 d	5 d early -> 14/02/17	7 d early 7 d
	085	155 (Milling tool)	155 (Mill. 15
		170015 - AUTOM-C/5	
		INOV CAR	
		5 d early -> 14/02/17	
		155 (Milling tool)	

◀ Jobs to schedule are displayed on a special line in the schedule, under the actual planning line, in a different colour and with the machine name followed by the [*] character

Finally, the lower part of the tab allows the schedule to display only the jobs attached to specific machines/sections. This allows to show some users only the machines/resources relevant to them:



◀ This schedule will address the needs of operators working only with milling machines. Indeed, their schedule will not be cluttered with data related to other sections.


Refining this filter can be performed by clicking on **Machines**. For instance, if an operator only works on milling machine #1, the planning manager can limit the scope of his display to show only this machine.

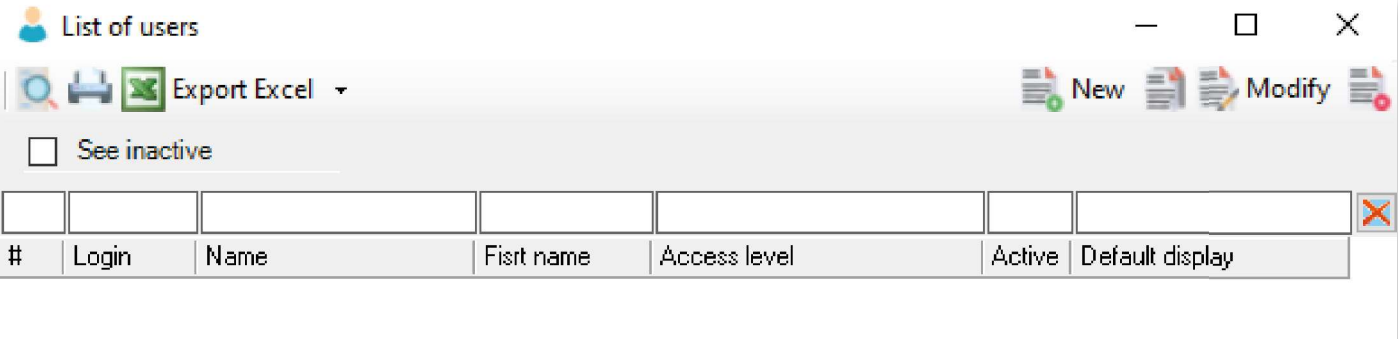
4.1.12. Creating users

User management is performed via the **List of users** menu.

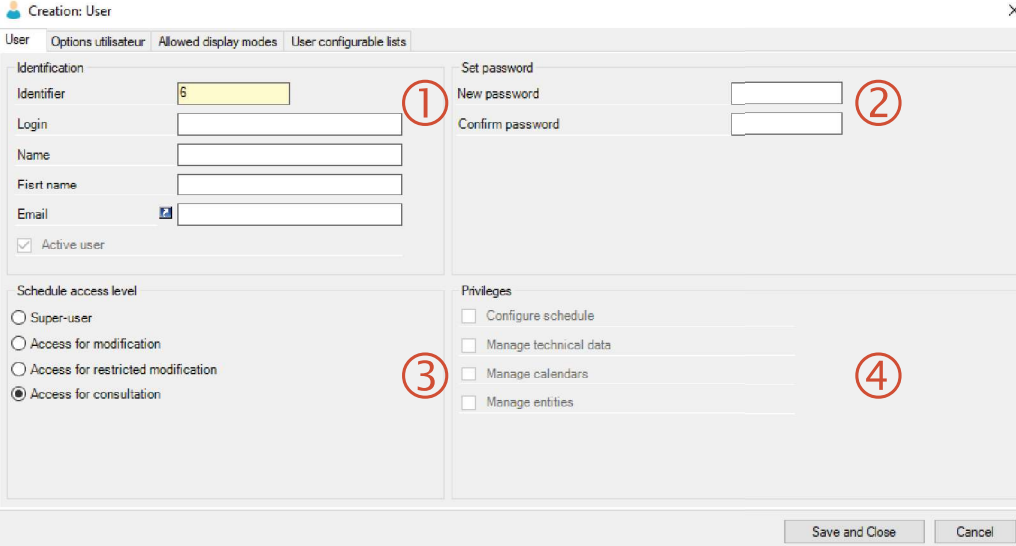
ADMINISTRATION ⚙️

This menu is available from the ribbon, under the **Configuration > Users** tab





Because no user have yet been created, this list is still empty except for you, the administrator. Click on **New** to create users:



The first tab **User** allows to enter basic information about the user. It consists of 4 zones.

- ① User credentials: Identifier (automatic and non-editable), Login (required and non-editable), Surname (required and editable), Forename (optional and editable), Email (optional and editable) and Active user (checked and editable).
- ② User password (required and editable).

③ Direct Planning access level:

- Super-user (admin): Always created automatically for any new schedule, it cannot be deleted. It is strongly recommended to modify the associated default password (admin) when creating the schedule.
He has all privileges (④), and none of them can be waived from him.
Only he can grant the same rights to another user.
- Users with Access for modification rights can schedule jobs and modify the schedule.
Their privileges (④) are those granted by the administrator.
- Users with Access for restricted modification rights have no privileges (④).
It typically designates a production operator reporting a progress status to the planning manager or an operator updating certain flags after receiving material or tools.

This type of access allows to:

- Update the declaration of production (performed quantity and duration)
- Modify flags (except notes)
- Create user alerts in job details (Declaration of production tab)
- Modify job description and configurable areas

Among other things, it does not allow to modify:

- Anything regarding the placement of jobs in the schedule
- The planned quantity and duration
- Technical elements

Caution: Creating users with access for restricted modification requires to enable the automatic import function in the **Configuration > General configuration > Automatic import** menu.

④ Privileges granted to users (see above).

- Configure schedule: allows users to access the **Configuration** tab, notably to manage users.
- Use scheduling: the scheduling function is no longer maintained. The corresponding privilege is therefore outdated and will be removed from the next version of Direct Planning.
- Manage technical data: unchecking this box allows users to view (but NOT modify) the resources (project mode), sections/machines, working units.
- Manage calendars: unchecking this box allows users to view (but NOT modify) the characteristics of calendars (standard days, standard weeks, machine operating times). More information about these notions in section 5.5 *Managing calendars*.
- Manage entities: unchecking this box allows users to view (but NOT modify) entities.

Creation: User

User Options utilisateur Allowed display modes User configurable lists

Upon schedule opening, automatically move to current date and time (rather than moving to the most recently used date).

Automatic updating of a schedule opened for consultation (if user inactive for some time).

Upon schedule automatic update, automatically move to current date and time.

The second tab, **User options** allows the definition of opening and positioning options in the schedule. Users can modify these setting under **File > User options > For this schedule**.

Creation: User

User Options utilisateur Allowed display modes User configurable lists

Select the user's default display mode: Planning

Select the display modes this user will have access to:

- By default
- Planning
- Earliness/Lateness verification
- Sales view by customer/product

The third tab, **Allowed display modes** allows to select the display modes available to selected users. This option is useful to display only the relevant sections/machines.

Creation: User

User Options utilisateur Allowed display modes User configurable lists

Select the configurable lists this user will have access to:

- Milling planning
- Processing planning
- Finishing planning
- List of jobs on alert
- List of orders to dispatch

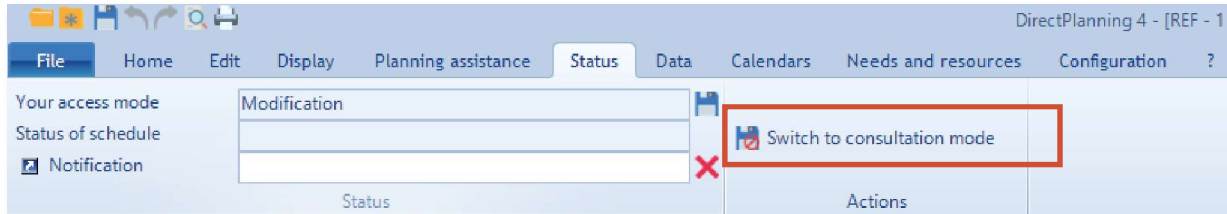
Similarly, the **User configurable lists** tab is used to filter the lists of jobs available to users. In the same fashion, the objective is to select the relevant lists to their usage. More information about configurable lists in the next section.

When you are done creating/modifying users, click on **Save and close**.

Simultaneous usage in modification by multiple users

If your login benefits from the modification authorisation, you open the schedule systematically in modification.

1. If nobody has opened the schedule in modification before you, you have the access in modification. If you do not have any modification to make, or if you have finished them, you can switch to consultation mode :



2. If another user is already making modifications :
 - This user will be notified of your connection attempt
 - You will be connected to the schedule in consultation
 - You will be notified when the access in modification will be freed and available again
 - You will then be able to use the **Status** tab to **Switch to consultation mode**

4.1.13. Creating configurable lists

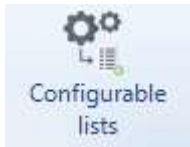
Configurable lists let you define lists of jobs.

You can configure lists customised for each user, and save these lists for future usage.

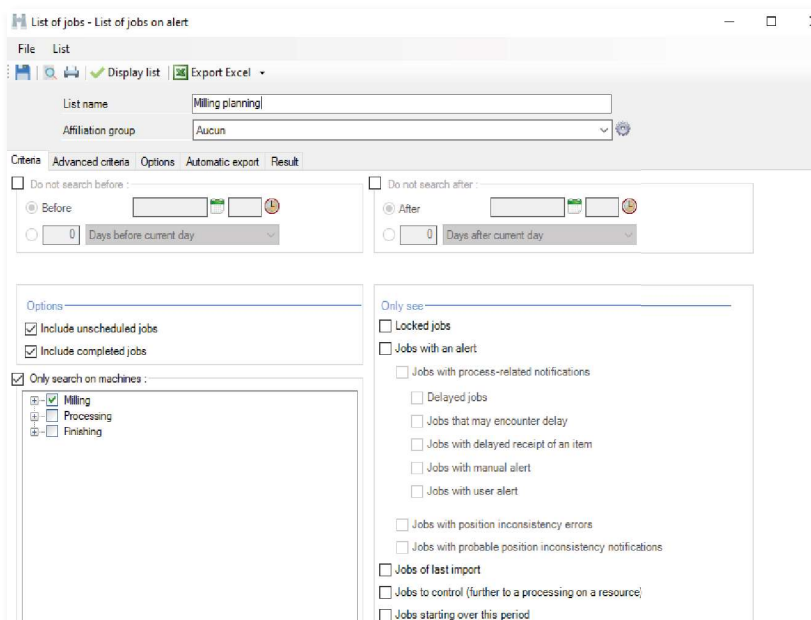
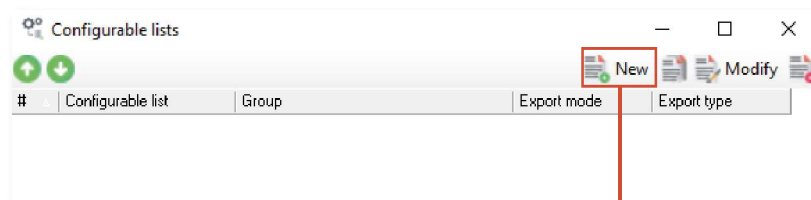
ADMINISTRATION



Configurable lists can be created/modified by clicking on **Configuration > Configurable lists** in the ribbon:



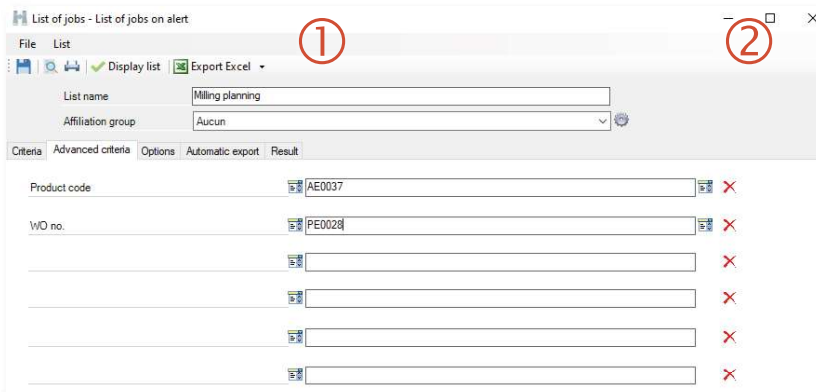
Lists can be viewed on screen, printed or exported to Excel (in xlsx native format, even if Excel is not installed on the station).



◀ In this example, the list **Milling planning** is created to include only the jobs performed by machines belonging to the milling section.

The criteria tab is available to select the most common job filters (time-related criteria, sections/machines, jobs in alert, etc.).

If you wish to create lists based on more advanced criteria, click on the **Advanced criteria** tab:

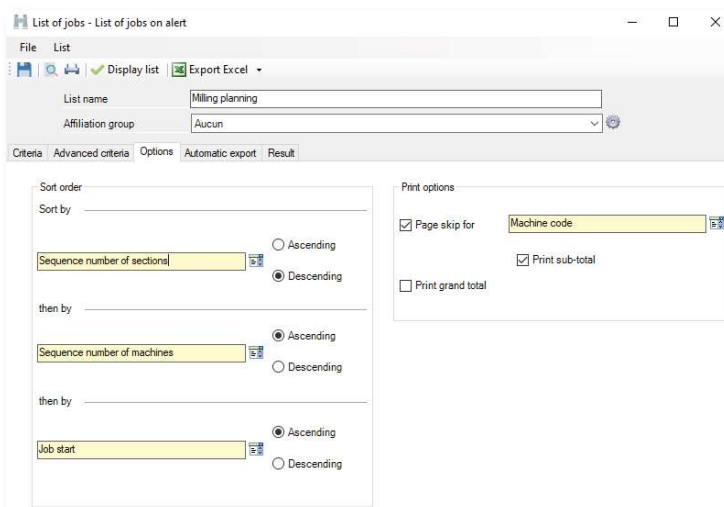


◀ In this example, the new custom list is based on 3 criteria: The Customer code, the Product code and the Operation designation.

To this end, first select the type (①) and value (②) of each filter.

The Advanced criteria tab allows to create more refined selections from any data used in your schedule. Your selection can include 10 different data from your base.

Use the **Options** to define the sorting order as well as the pagination:



◀ The left side of the window allows you define 3 hierarchical sorting criteria.

The right side relates only to printing, allowing to define the page break criterion. You can also request a subtotal (by machine here) as well as an overall total, for all data which can be totalled.

Finally, the **Result** tab opens automatically when you click on **Display list**. It displays all jobs matching your search criteria:

List of jobs - Milling planning

File List Display list Export Excel

List name: Milling planning

Job name:

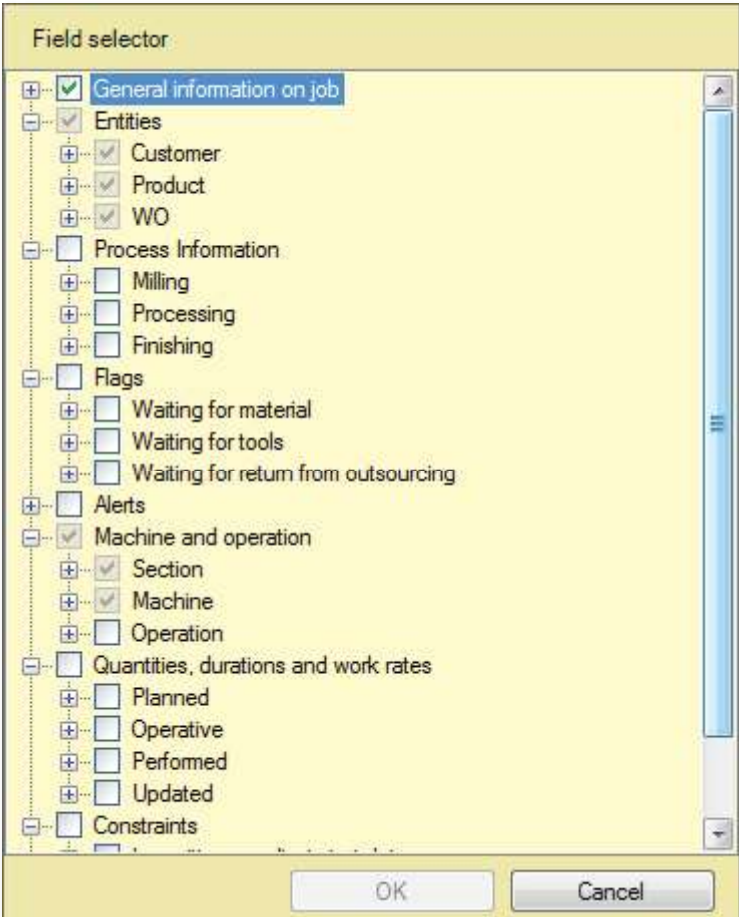
Criteria: Advanced criteria Options Automatic equal Result

Map	Job no.	Designation	Customer	Customer designation	Product cat.	Job user	Qty to prod	Job cat	Milling loc	Type of	Designation M/M	Resource	Designation Map	Dist direction	Machine direction	Material used	Quoted	Finished	Map alert
UI	13002	AUTOM-CZ05	PO5474	FERRI AUSTRIA	PO5474	05/02/2017 08:45	2,723	140	00	US1	Low	ALU000	Aluminium 22	554	817	1,070	✓	✓	
UI	13004	AUTOM-CZ05	PO5474	FERRI AUSTRIA	PO5474	05/02/2017 08:45	2,723	140	00	US1	Low	ALU000	Aluminium 22	554	817	1,070	✓	✓	
UI	13005	AUTOM-FV108	RI1459	INDV CAR	PO4988	06/02/2017 14:31	3,271	421	00	US1	Low	ALU000	Aluminium 22	559	688	2,200	✓	✓	
UI	13006	AUTOM-FV108	RI1459	INDV CAR	PO4988	06/02/2017 14:31	3,271	421	00	US1	Low	ALU000	Aluminium 22	559	688	2,200	✓	✓	
UI	13017	AUTOM-LU004	PO5476	FERRI AUSTRIA	PO4976	07/02/2017 09:11	2,495	319	00	US1	High	ALU000	Aluminium 30	545	701	1,498	✓	✓	
UI	13008	AERIO-PR05	SO3000	SOLITEC	PE0000	07/02/2017 09:26	1,128	137	00	US1	Low	ALU000	Aluminium 30	550	800	920	✓	✓	
UI	13047	GENMINDU-FR04	BO4642	BARNAY INDUSTRIES	PE0002	07/02/2017 10:08	2,495	319	00	US2	Low	ALU007	Aluminium 27	411	791	1,292	✓	✓	
UI	13048	AERIO-VY06	SE0000	SENERIA VITRE	PE0000	07/02/2017 10:08	1,128	137	00	US2	Low	ALU007	Aluminium 27	411	791	1,292	✓	✓	
UI	13043	GENMINDU-FR04	BO4676	DEP PAPIER/IMOTION	PE0019	07/02/2017 16:48	313	039	00	US1	Low	ALD005	Steel 15	303	807	174	✓	✓	
UI	13007	AERIO-CZ05	PO5476	SOLITEC	PE0000	07/02/2017 11:28	1,128	137	00	US2	High	ALD002	Steel 12	467	743	26	✓	✓	
UI	13009	AUTOM-LA088	PO5476	FABRIMAT/AUTOGAR	PO4116	08/02/2017 08:36	2,957	344	00	US1	Low	ALU000	Aluminium 30	495	672	925	✓	✓	
UI	13027	AERIO-MAR	SO3000	SOLITEC	PE0002	08/02/2017 10:10	2,961	247	00	US1	High	ALU000	Aluminium 30	337	828	390	✓	✓	
UI	13020	AERIO-HC01	AE0007	AERIO FULLINE	PE0014	08/02/2017 12:57	917	050	00	US2	Medium	ALU007	Aluminium 27	507	727	385	✓	✓	
UI	13021	AERIO-CZ05	SO3000	SOLITEC	PE0014	08/02/2017 13:47	6108	038	00	US2	Medium	ALD002	Steel 12	262	676	900	✓	✓	
UI	13002	AERIO-VY06	AE0007	AERIO FULLINE	PE0015	09/02/2017 09:47	803	149	00	US2	High	ALD005	Steel 15	409	735	224	✓	✓	
UI	13003	GENMINDU-FR08	BO4650	BARNAY INDUSTRIES	PE0000	09/02/2017 09:36	3,271	405	00	US2	High	ALD002	Steel 12	381	717	1,038	✓	✓	
UI	13006	GENMINDU-FR08	BO4650	BARNAY INDUSTRIES	PE0007	09/02/2017 12:27	1,027	212	00	US2	Low	ALU002	Aluminium 22	398	772	290	✓	✓	
UI	13008	AERIO-VY06	AE0007	AERIO FULLINE	PE0007	09/02/2017 16:36	1,495	200	00	US1	Low	ALU007	Aluminium 27	404	824	490	✓	✓	
UI	13040	AERIO-VY06	AE0007	AERIO FULLINE	PE0010	09/02/2017 16:58	803	200	00	US1	Low	ALD006	Steel 16	301	807	300	✓	✓	
UI	13041	GENMINDU-FR08	BO4652	BARNAY INDUSTRIES	PE0004	09/02/2017 19:01	1,027	142	00	US1	Low	ALU000	Aluminium 30	521	837	300	✓	✓	
UI	13042	GENMINDU-FR08	BO4652	BARNAY INDUSTRIES	PE0005	09/02/2017 19:43	1,128	150	00	US2	High	ALU000	Aluminium 30	509	807	300	✓	✓	
UI	13005	AUTOM-FV108	RI1459	INDV CAR	PO4988	10/02/2017 09:37	328	149	00	US1	Low	ALU002	Aluminium 22	508	898	621	✓	✓	
UI	13006	GENMINDU-FR08	QU1096	QUANIGBLE SA	PO0060	10/02/2017 10:11	3,927	419	00	US1	Low	ALU007	Aluminium 27	480	926	1,010	✓	✓	
UI	13000	AERIO-Z006	SO3000	SOLITEC	PE0009	10/02/2017 12:31	2,149	319	00	US2	Medium	ALU007	Aluminium 27	451	888	210	✓	✓	
UI	13000	AERIO-Z006	SO3000	SOLITEC	PE0009	10/02/2017 12:48	807	038	00	US2	Medium	ALU007	Aluminium 27	451	888	50	✓	✓	
UI	13004	AERIO-CZ07	SO3000	SOLITEC	PE0030	10/02/2017 16:48	1,741	250	00	US2	High	ALD005	Steel 15	401	813	561	✓	✓	
UI	13003	GENMINDU-FR08	BO4650	BARNAY INDUSTRIES	PE0032	10/02/2017 16:47	1,027	150	00	US2	High	ALD005	Steel 15	401	813	100	✓	✓	
UI	13009	GENMINDU-Z006	HE1000	HEILIGEISCH	PE0040	10/02/2017 20:51	2,757	244	00	US1	Low	ALU007	Aluminium 27	920	790	1,000	✓	✓	
UI	13045	AUTOM-CZ07	CH0043	CHEATVE TECH	PO4936	13/02/2017 08:36	6108	219	00	US1	Medium	ALU007	Aluminium 27	420	798	1,630	✓	✓	
UI	13011	AUTOM-CZ07	CH0043	CHEATVE TECH	PO4936	13/02/2017 10:10	803	119	00	US1	Low	ALU007	Aluminium 27	603	795	490	✓	✓	
UI	13013	AUTOM-CZ07	CH0043	CHEATVE TECH	PO4936	13/02/2017 12:23	1,029	028	00	US1	Medium	ALU007	Aluminium 27	420	798	17	✓	✓	
UI	13028	GENMINDU-FR08	METAL DESIGN	PE0028	13/02/2017 11:48	1,128	129	00	US2	Low	ALU007	Aluminium 27	503	790	600	✓	✓		
UI	13049	GENMINDU-FR02	DI0078	DEP PAPIER/IMOTION	PE0074	13/02/2017 19:22	1,128	207	00	US1	High	ALU002	Aluminium 22	406	767	374	✓	✓	
UI	13042	AUTOM-LU004	PO5476	FERRI AUSTRIA	PO4978	14/02/2017 09:26	3,271	419	00	US1	High	ALU000	Aluminium 30	545	701	1,844	✓	✓	
UI	13008	AERIO-PR05	SO3000	SOLITEC	PE0000	14/02/2017 19:20	1,027	127	00	US1	Low	ALU000	Aluminium 30	590	890	490	✓	✓	
UI	13001	AERIO-PR05	SO3000	SOLITEC	PE0001	14/02/2017 11:47	6,108	048	00	US1	Low	ALU000	Aluminium 30	545	701	1,844	✓	✓	
UI	13017	AUTOM-LU004	PO5476	FERRI AUSTRIA	PO4979	14/02/2017 19:33	3,201	319	00	US1	High	ALU000	Aluminium 30	545	701	1,364	✓	✓	
UI	13021	GENMINDU-FR08	SO3000	SOLITEC	PE0016	15/02/2017 09:48	1,027	148	00	US1	High	ALD002	Steel 12	467	743	260	✓	✓	
UI	13041	GENMINDU-FR10	DI0007	DEP PAPIER/IMOTION	PE0014	15/02/2017 07:06	2,149	246	00	US1	Low	ALD006	Steel 16	303	807	218	✓	✓	
UI	13000	AERIO-HC01	AE0007	AERIO FULLINE	PE0014	15/02/2017 10:31	313	127	00	US2	Medium	ALU007	Aluminium 27	507	727	231	✓	✓	
UI	13000	AERIO-HC01	AE0007	AERIO FULLINE	PE0014	15/02/2017 10:31	313	127	00	US2	Medium	ALU007	Aluminium 27	507	727	231	✓	✓	
UI	13000	AERIO-HC01	AE0007	AERIO FULLINE	PE0014	15/02/2017 10:31	313	127	00	US2	Medium	ALU007	Aluminium 27	507	727	231	✓	✓	
							228 809	331 52						54 677	88 510	91 201			

117 jobs found

Of course, configurable lists can be customised. For instance, you can:

- **Add/Delete columns:** right-click on a column header to display the field selector. Check the fields required in the list and uncheck the others. Keep in mind that quick filters in column headers are not saved.

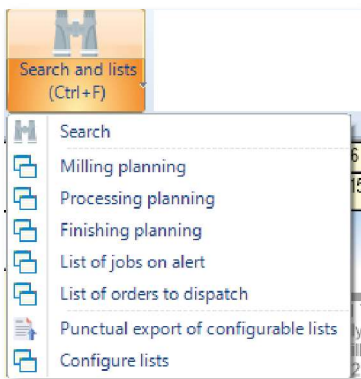


- **Move columns:** just drag the column to move by clicking on its header and dropping it on its destination. It will position itself to the right of the destination column.

- **Resize columns:** click on the column separator and move the mouse to the left or right. You can also double-click on the column separator to make the column width automatically fit the content.

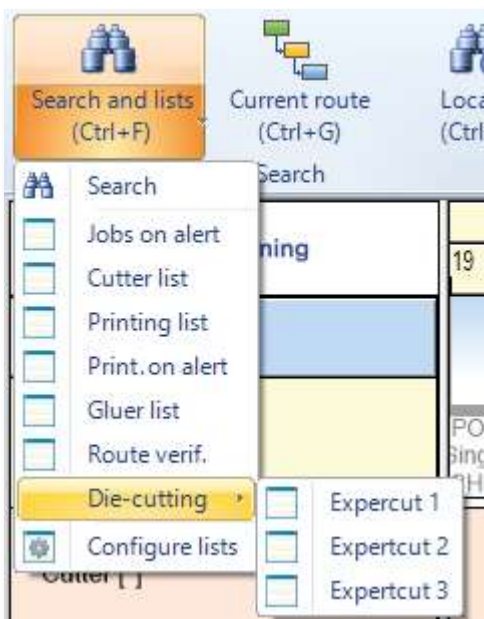
- **Resize window:** resize the window as you would do for any Windows window.
- **Save your list:** save the list by clicking on the floppy disk on the top left corner of the screen.

Under the **Home > Search and lists (Ctrl+F)** tab, users may leverage the lists that you created (when authorised in the user configuration).



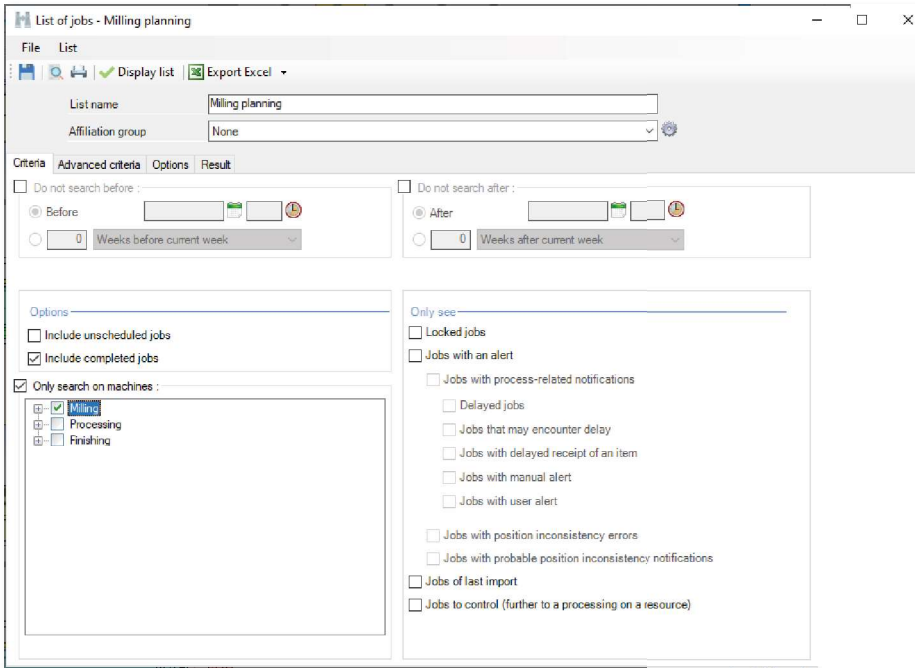
Groups of configurable lists

To enhance the management of large numbers of configurable lists, you now have to ability to create groups and assign a list to a group. In the display of configurable lists, you will see these groups and the configurable lists they contain:



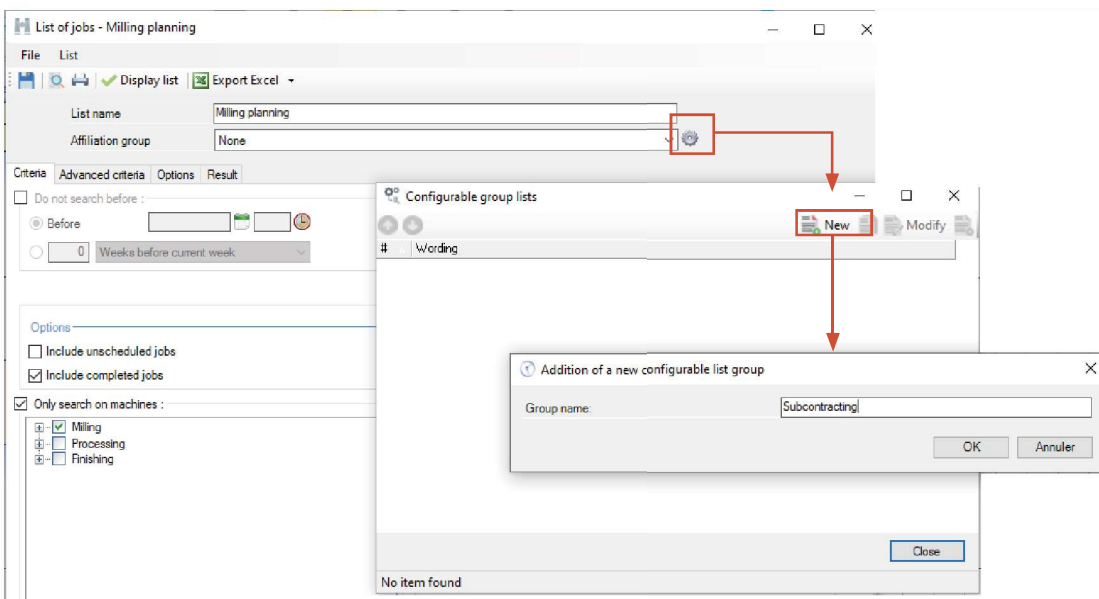
◀ The die-cutting group and the configurable lists it contains

To assign or create groups of configurable lists, click on the **Configure lists** option, and then create or modify a list:



The **Affiliation group** dropdown offers the ability to select among the already created lists, which one to link with the list being created/modified.

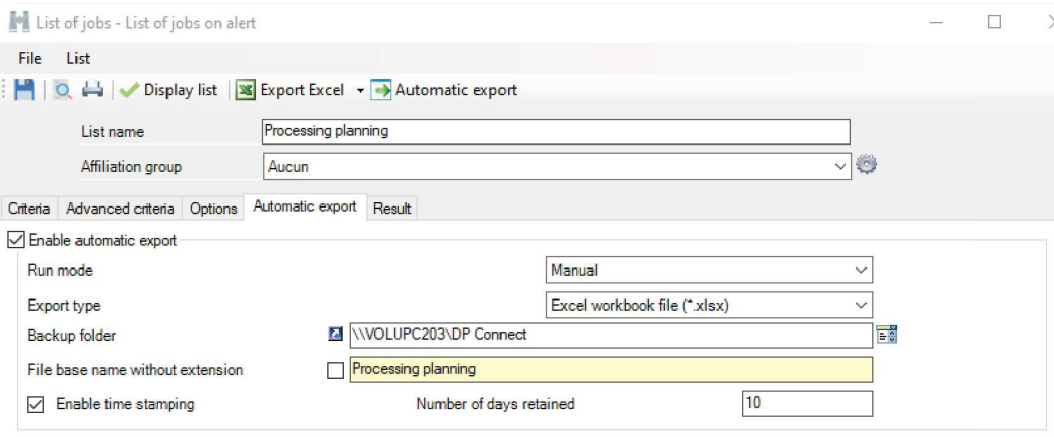
If you want to add an affiliation group, click on the gear icon 



Validate to add the group to the list of available groups.

Excel export of configurable lists

Direct Planning enables you to export automatically the current list in the shared folder of your choice :



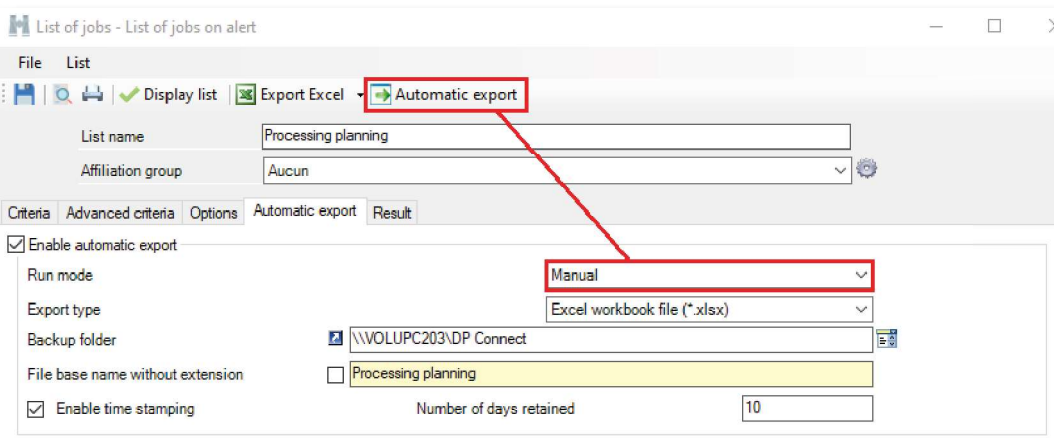
Automatic export when saving

The Automatic when saving operational mode offers the ability to automatically export the list each time your schedule is saved.

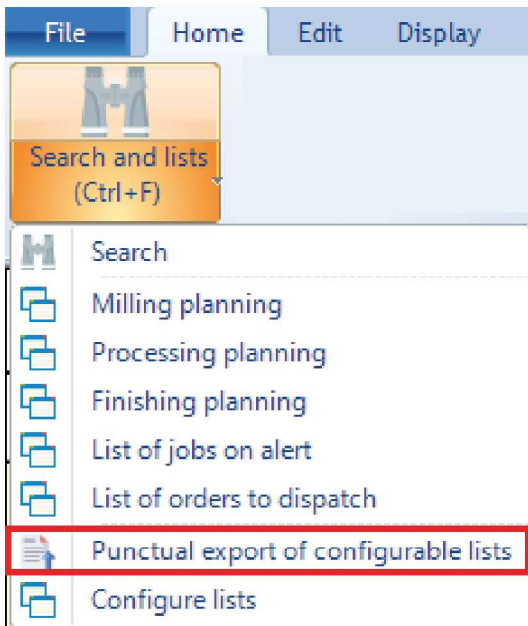
The options shown above allow you to choose the file format, the saving folder (shared), the file name and its time stamp. Without time stamp, each export will overwrite the previous one, whereas activating time stamping, an option allows you to specify the number of days kept.

Manual export

The Manual operational mode allows you to export your list with a single click on the Automatic export, in compliance with your configured options.



Finally, in the Search and lists menu, the new Punctual export of configurable lists performs an instantaneous export of all the lists for which the automatic export is activated:



4.1.14. Saving the schedule

Different scenarios (detailed below) may occur:

- You are saving a schedule for the first time, a wizard guides you
- You are saving an existing schedule in an export file
- You are saving an existing schedule while also creating a template

Scenario 1: You are saving a schedule for the first time

If your planning was just created (that is, if it was never saved), the **Save** and **Save as** commands from the **File** menu open the same wizard:

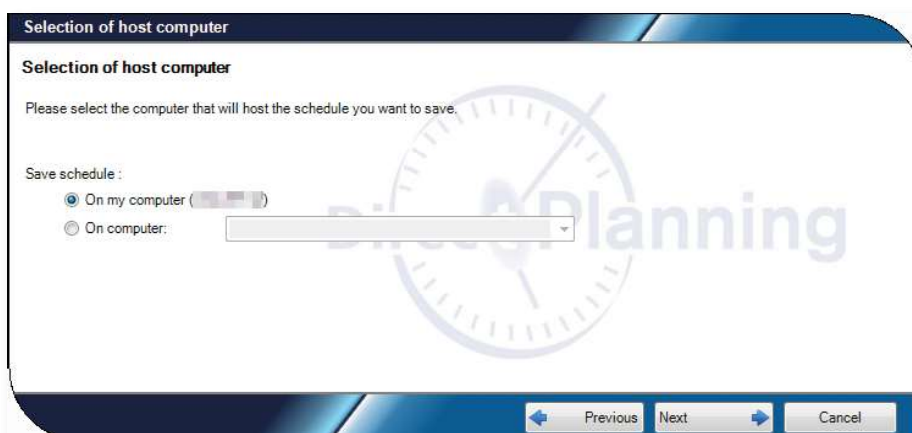


Note

As an alternative to the **Save** command in the **File** menu, you can use the traditional Windows shortcuts: The floppy disk (toolbar) and the Ctrl+S key combination.

To save your planning for the first time, select **Save schedule**.

You will then be prompted to select the computer hosting the schedule database:

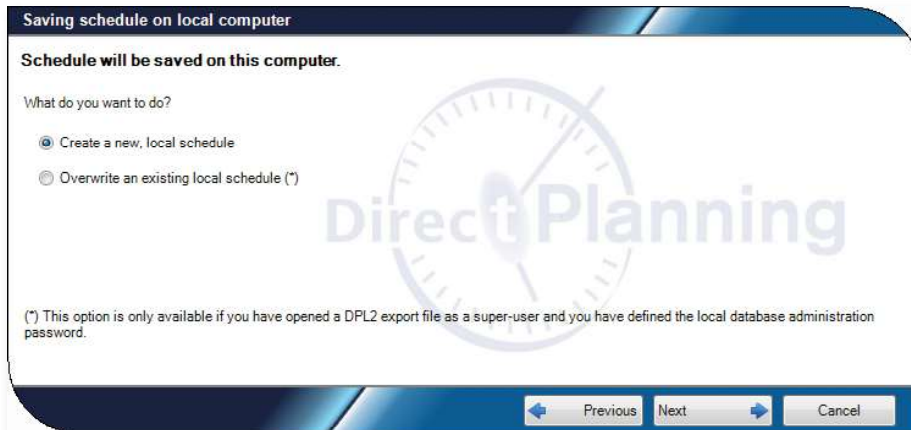


OUR ADVICE

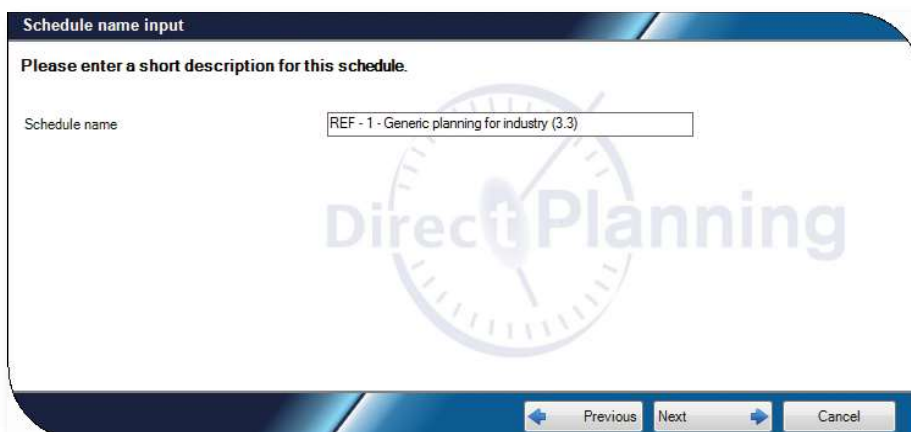


There is no right or wrong choice regarding the location of the schedule database. See our section about architectures to know which solution is the most suited to your environment.

In this example, the schedule database is hosted on the computer in use. Accordingly, **On my computer** is selected. The next window prompts you to create a new local schedule or overwrite an existing local schedule:



Because the schedule is being created, select **Create a new, local schedule** (only option available, we will discuss the other option when addressing the opening of a DPL2 export file). You are then prompted to name your schedule (by default, it is the name assigned when creating the schedule):



Enter the administrator password again:

Admin password input

Direct Planning features a right management per user.

Please set a password for the administrator of this schedule (user: admin).

Set password

Confirm password

Direct Planning

Previous Next Cancel

Click on **Next** to confirm and save the schedule:

Confirmation of schedule saving

The wizard has collected all the necessary data to create a schedule on your computer.

Please click **Next** to start saving schedule.

Direct Planning

Previous Next Cancel

The local computer network name as well as the schedule identifier display.

This way, you can provide this information to users who want to access it remotely:

Your document was saved

Operation successfully completed.

To access this schedule from another computer, you'll have to supply the following:

Computer :

Number and name of schedule :

Direct Planning

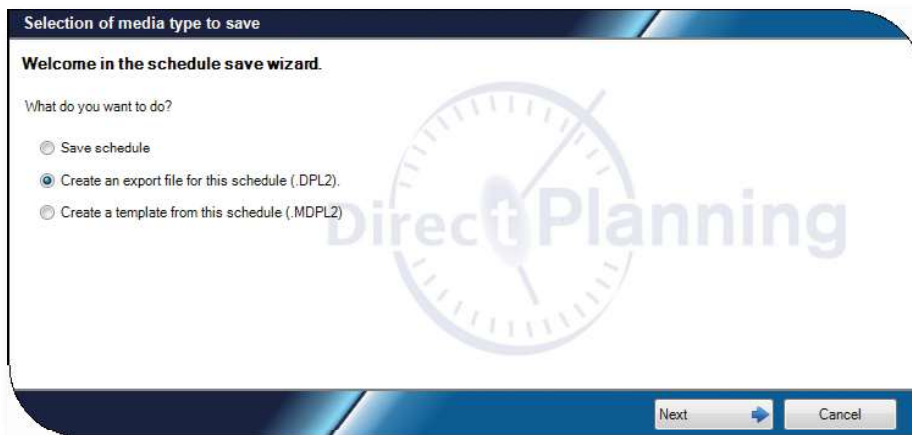
Complete


Scenario 2: Saving an export file

The export file (.dpl2) creation function offers the ability to save the current schedule in a “portable” file, that you can archive or send to a third party. This file bears the “DPL2” extension.

To create an export file, click on **File > Save as**

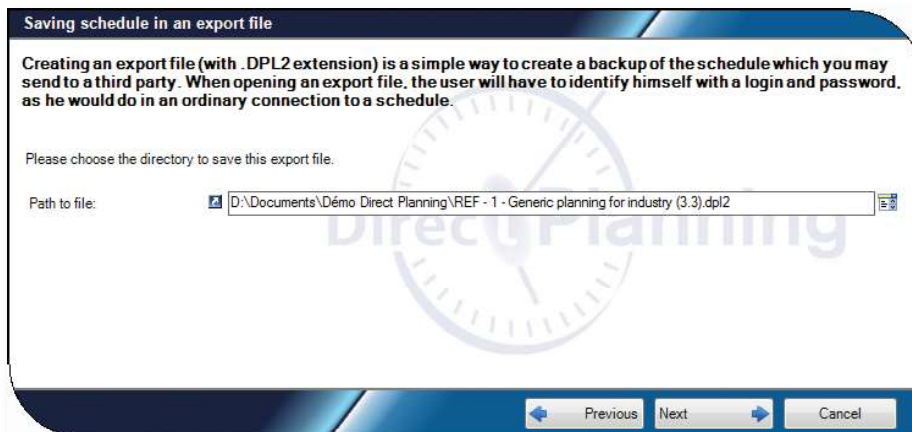
Then select Create an export file for this schedule (.DPL2).



Click on  to specify the path and name of the export file.

By default, the path is the one from the last export and the file is named after the schedule.

The  button is used to display the folder contents:



The indications provided at the previous step are reminded for information.

The export is complete.

Scenario 3: Creating a schedule template

Creating a schedule template offers the opportunity to create other schedules based on this template. Schedule templates are similar to the templates available in your word processing software.

Saving a template from an opened schedule also saves certain data, including:

- The whole configuration (the administrator is the only user kept)
- Resources and resource families (Project and Service modes)
- Sections, machines and technical data (Industry mode)
- Calendars (all modes)

Each schedule template is saved in a MDPL2 file.

It is a “portable” file which can easily be copied, sent, etc.

Note

Users, entities and jobs are not saved in templates.

OUR ADVICE


If you still wish to keep certain data in your model, there is an alternative: Instead of using a model, save your schedule under a different name. In the new schedule, delete everything that you do not want to keep (users, jobs, ...).


Follow these steps to create a schedule template:

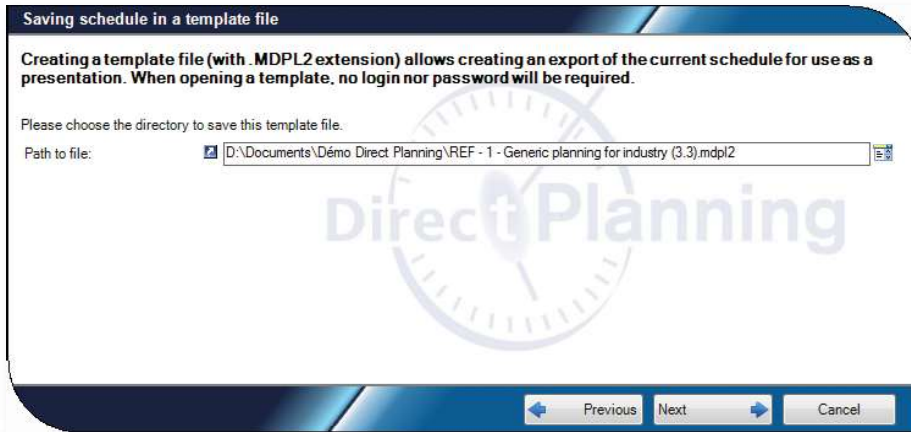
To create an export file, click on **File > Save as**

Then select **Create a template from this schedule (.MDPL2)**



Click on  to specify the path and name of the export file.

By default, the path is the one from the last export and the file is named after the schedule.
The  button is used to display the folder contents:



The indications provided at the previous step are reminded for information.

The template is now saved.

5. Scheduling with Direct Planning

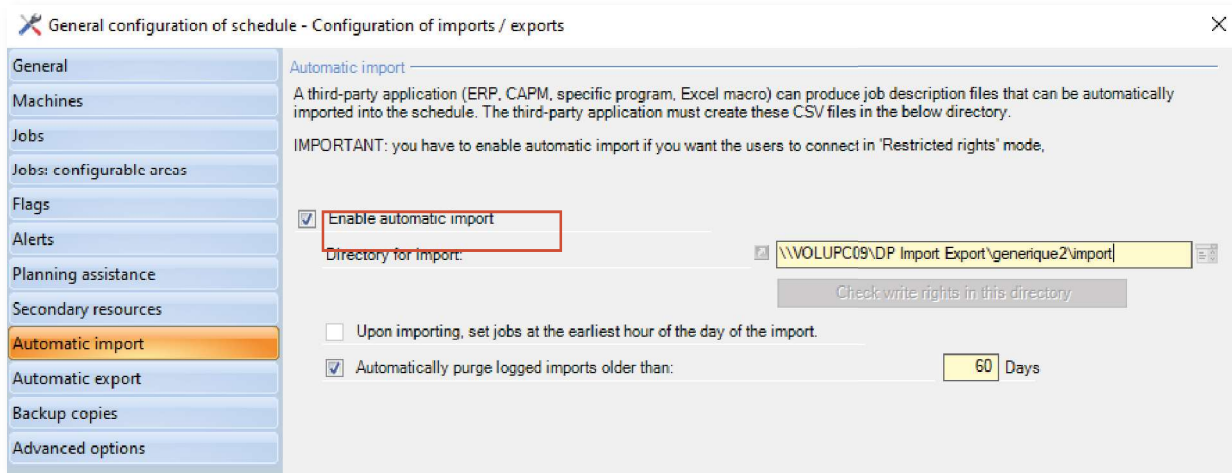
5.1. Scheduling via an interface with an ERP

In order to avoid entering the same information over and over again, Direct Planning can automatically import data originating from your information system (ERP, CAPE, Excel®, ...) if they comply with the expected CSV format.

This way, technical elements, entities (orders, customers, etc.), jobs and links can be created automatically in the schedule.

ADMINISTRATION

This automatic import function is activated in the **General configuration** of Direct Planning, under the **Configuration** tab:


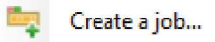


When you activate the automatic import, you choose the folder containing your CSV import files.

More information about the interfacing features included in Direct Planning in section 6, *Interfacing your ERP with Direct Planning*.

5.2. Creating jobs manually

2 different methods can be used to create jobs manually:

1. In the Edit menu, click on 
2. Place the cursor on a free area of the schedule, on the same line as the machine which will run the job. Right-click to open the context menu.
Select 

Both methods open the job details screen, except that the second pre-populates the Section and Machine fields with those on which you right-clicked.

Identifier of job Nr 106 [170036-10]

Section: S1 | Milling | Job description: GENINDUS-E/095
 Machine: U1 | Usinex 1 (550 mm max) | Operation: S11 | Standard milling

Quantity to produce: 1 027 Units | Operative qty excl.VV: 1 027 Units
 with variable waste: 2.00 % | Operative qty incl.VV: 1 048 Units

Beginning | Duration | Planned | **End**
 Schedule: jeu. 09/02/2017 12:27 | Setting: 1:00 h | Schedule: jeu. 09/02/2017 14:39
 Running: 1:12 h | Total: 2:12 h | Latest date: mar. 14/02/2017 16:49

Job to schedule: | Started: | Progress: Not started | Completed: | Locked job:

170036 BROCHAND INDUSTRIES GENINDUS-E/095 - Renewal
 5 d early -> 14/02/17
 125 (Milling tool)
 ALLU-022 396 x 772 mm

Information | Flags | Time impositions | Declaration of production | Alerts | Gamme | Notes

Customer: BR0149 | BROCHAND INDUSTRIES
 Product: PG0017 | GENINDUS-E/095
 WO: 170036 | GENINDUS-E/095
 Process information: Milling

Additional information on this entity: Customer
 City: Brest
 Zip code: 29200
 Contact name: SALOMON Marie
 Contact phone: +33 (0)2 47 85 98 66
 Contact email: m.salomon@brochand.fr
 Sales representative: COG | COLIN Guillaume
 Network directory: \\SERVER\CLIENT\BR0149

Navigation: No job | Equiva 1 | Finishing machine 1 | Save and Close | Cancel

The job details window can be divided in 3 panes:

1. General information on job
2. Date and duration information
3. Scheduled ticket
4. Other information depending on the selected tab



While the first, second and third panes are always displayed, the contents of the fourth depend on the selected tab. These panes are further explained in the following chapters.

5.2.1. Job header information

Identifier of job Nr 106 [170036-10]

Section	S1	Milling	Job description	GENINDUS-E/095
Machine	U1	Usinex 1 (550 mm max)	Operation	USI1 Standard milling
Quantity to produce	1 027 Units	Operative qty excl.W	1 027 Units	
with variable waste	2.00 %	Operative qty incl.WW	1 048 Units	

Job identifier: The window header shows the identifier of job No. x. It is a sequence number which is automatically assigned by Direct Planning. It cannot be modified.


Below, the machine performing the job is selected via the  button (this zone is pre-populated if your job is created via the context menu in the schedule). The machine section is automatically entered. Note that clicking on the  button next to the machine code opens the corresponding machine.

Optionally, a job description can then be entered, providing a quick way to identify jobs when the configuration of display modes is set to show this description.

The selected operation is the one attached by default to your machine (if any). At this stage, Direct Planning can check the compatibility between machines and operations (as defined under **Data > Operations and machines**)

Machine U2 Usinex 2 (700 mm max) **Incompatible operation** TRA1 Standard processing

Then, enter the produced and wasted quantities (retrieved by default on the machine record), which automatically populates operative quantities excluding waste and including variable waste.

When a machine is selected, it is possible to display only compatible operations (and vice versa) by clicking on :

Selection list of machines

Machines compatible with operation Standard milling.

All machines

Machines compatibles : famille 1

- Usinex 1 (550 mm max) [U1]
- Usinex 2 (700 mm max) [U2]

Selection list of operations

*Operations compatible with machine ""Usinex 2 (700 mm max)""

*Operations compatible with working unit ""Units""

All operations

Code	Designation
USI1	Standard milling

5.2.2. Sundry information, dates and durations

Job to schedule Started Progress : Ongoing (50%) Completed Locked job

Beginning		Duration		Planned		End	
Schedule	mer 08/02/2017 18:31	Setting	<input type="checkbox"/>	1:00	h	Schedule	jeu 09/02/2017 06:54
Performed	mer 08/02/2017 18:31	Running	<input type="checkbox"/>	3:23	h	Latest date	mar 14/02/2017 10:12
Earliest date		Total		4:23	h		

Use the top check boxes to answer different questions about the job:

- Is the job scheduled or to schedule?
- Is the job subject to a flag?
If so, clicking on the icon opens the window for choosing the flag to display:

Enable flag Waiting for material

Current status

- Material to order
- Material ordered - waiting for receipt
- Material received
- Material taken from stock

- Is the job started? If so, you can click in the progress bar to modify its progress:
 Started Progress : Ongoing (50%)
- Is the job completed?
- Is the job locked? (job cannot be moved, modified or deleted by users)

OUR ADVICE



Use locked jobs only when they really make sense (for example if a visit of your shop floor is planned with a customer). Indeed, the propagation of locked jobs may adversely impact your schedule by limiting your ability to move jobs.

The next zones, in the blue box, affect the actual (temporal) scheduling of your job. As reflected by these 3 columns, jobs are divided in 3 phases: start, duration and end.

Beginning	
Schedule	mer 08/02/2017 18:31
Performed	mer 08/02/2017 18:31
Earliest date	

Planning: date and time chosen for the start of the job in the schedule.

Earliest: earliest start date and time (not editable in this screen, see *Time constraints* in the next section).

Duration	Planned
Setting	<input type="checkbox"/> 1:00 h
Running	<input type="checkbox"/> 3:23 h
Total	4:23 h

This data reflects the setting and running durations calculated by Direct Planning.

In our example, this data displays on a yellow background (not editable fields) because we checked the **Enable automatic calculation of durations for this machine** on the machine record.

If you did not check this box, you can enter durations in these fields.

Even if you activated the automated calculation of durations by Direct Planning, you can force durations by checking the corresponding box.

REMINDER



The automated calculation of durations is retrieved, from the most general to the most precise:

1. Simple mode: on the **machine record**
2. Intermediary mode: on the **Operations/Machines pair**
3. Expert mode: on **programmable formulas**



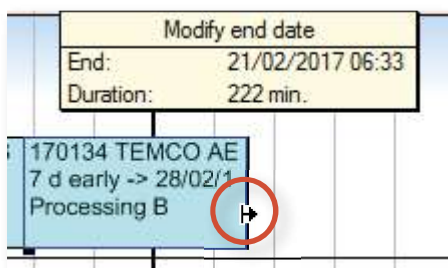
Planning: date and time automatically calculated depending on the job start and duration.

Modifying this value is like forcing the running duration of the job

Latest: latest start date and time (not modifiable in this screen, see *Time constraints* paragraph in the next section).

Resizing a job with the mouse

The end time can be modified directly in the schedule, when the job is not selected. To do so, place your mouse cursor on the right edge of the job. The cursor turns into an arrow:

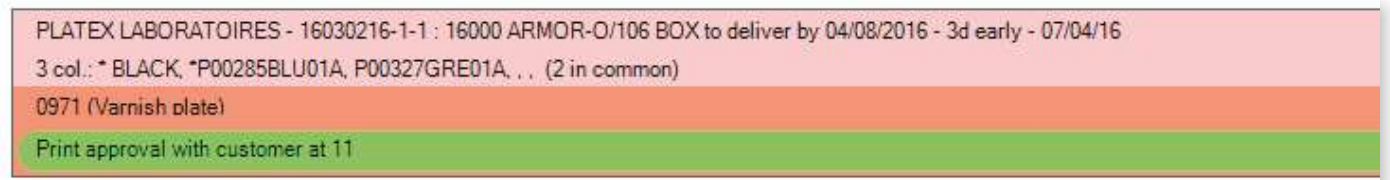


◀ When you move the cursor, the job end time and duration refresh dynamically in this informative box.

This action is like forcing the job running duration.

5.2.3. Scheduled ticket

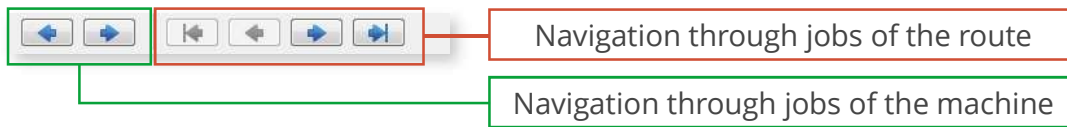
The center part of the job details screen displays a "strip" which allows you to display the same information, colours and alerts as those displayed on schedule. The various alerts display at the bottom of the ticket in order not to hide any information:



This way, when you configure programmable formulas to display custom colours and information on the schedule, you can still benefit from them in the job details screen.

5.2.4. Other information on the job

The arrows located at the bottom of the window allow to navigate through jobs via the same screen:



The information displayed below rely heavily on the configuration of your schedule. We are going to focus on each of the available tabs.

Information

- **Information on this job:** when you check this box, the right side shows the fields corresponding to the configurable areas set by the administrator at the job level (**Configuration > General configuration > Jobs: configurable areas**).

For the example above:

- The following lines display the entities generated during the schedule creation. Click on to select an entity and on to modify it (where appropriate).

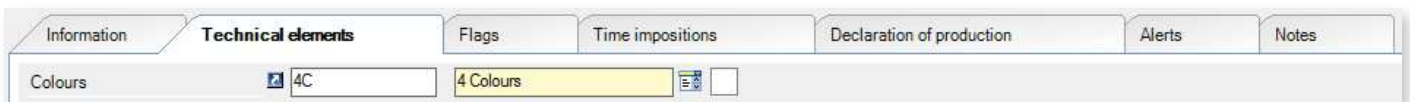
When an entity is selected, the right pane displays additional information entered by the administrator for this entity (**Configuration > Entities**):

- Finally, the **Informations process** box allows to display information that are specific to the job being created (**Configuration > Process Information**). In our example, the process information type of milling, milling complexity or milling tool no. are only relevant for the Printing operation:



Technical elements

The **Technical elements** tab displays only if the administrator created these elements (**Configuration > Technical elements**). As a reminder, technical elements are additional characteristics of your machines. In the corrugated cardboard sector, these may be the number of colours, the type of corrugation or the type of bonding:



REMINDER

- The administrator configures the technical elements depending on the users needs
- Users populate technical elements (**Data > Technical elements**)
- Applicable technical elements can be specified in the machine record
- Technical elements may impact setting time and work rate (**Data > Operations and machines**)

Flags

As with technical elements, the **Flags** tab displays only if flags are set.



Usable flags are displayed under this tab. To enable/disable a flag, check the corresponding box or click directly on it.

Time constraints

This tab lists all time constraints which can affect a job.

Constraints can:

- Be forced manually by you;
- Result from a route (sequence of jobs in a given order);
- Be forced by a flag (receipt of an element required to start a job).

You can only enter the dates that you wish to force.

The other dates are displayed as a reminder (on a yellow background) but cannot be modified.

The screen is divided in 2 parts: **earliest start**, **latest end** (for job/route).

Each part indicates the constraints at the job level and at the route level.

Latest end: dates and times forced manually

Production imperatives may require you to force manually the latest end date.

Use this screen to force a date which will be automatically respected if planning assistance is active. The latest end date must be forced on the last job of the route (positioned by the ERP interface).

◀ Check the corresponding box and enter a date directly or use the date and time entry tools.

If the latest end date that you force is more restrictive than the current date, an alert warns you that the job is now overdue.

Latest end: constraint forced by downstream jobs

If the job belongs to a route, Direct Planning automatically calculates the latest end date (forced by downstream jobs).

This date, calculated by Direct Planning, is reminded here but cannot be modified.

From the latest end date forced manually and by downstream jobs, Direct Planning picks the most restrictive and displays it in the bold field **Latest end date of job**.

◀ In the example, the manual constraint (typically to honour a customer order in time or free a machine) is more restrictive than the constraint imposed by the downstream jobs.

Logically, this more restrictive date is chosen as **Latest end date of job**.

Earliest start: date and time forced manually

Production imperatives may require you to force manually an earliest start date.

Use this screen to force a date which will be automatically respected if planning assistance is active.

◀ Check the corresponding box and enter a date directly or use the date and time entry tools.

When you force an earliest start date, the job start date adjusts in order to respect this constraint. Besides, if this constraint applies in the future, saving it automatically moves the job to that date without moving jobs located to its right, thus avoiding gaps in the schedule.

Earliest start: constraint forced by upstream jobs

If the job belongs to a route, Direct Planning automatically calculates the earliest start date (forced by upstream jobs).

This date, calculated by Direct Planning, is reminded here but cannot be modified.

Earliest start: constraint forced by a flag

The multi-status, awaiting item receipt flags are used to indicate the status of an element to order, ordered or received. As long as the element is not received, its receipt date represents a constraint which is reminded here.

From these 3 constraints (forced manually, by upstream jobs and by flags), Direct Planning picks the most restrictive (i.e. the latest) and displays it in the bold field **Earliest start date of job**.

Earliest start date of job	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Manually forced	ven. 17/02/2017 08:00
Imposition forced by upstream jobs	
Forced by a flag	sam. 18/02/2017 10:00
Earliest start date of job	sam. 18/02/2017 10:00
Alert	No alert

Earliest start date of route	
Earliest start date of route	sam. 18/02/2017 10:00

◀ In this example, the start date of job is forced on February 17.

However, a tool receipt waiting flag indicates that this job cannot start before the next day.

This last constraint being more restrictive, it is chosen by Direct Planning as **Earliest start date of job**.

Earliest start date of job	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Manually forced	ven. 17/02/2017 08:00
Imposition forced by upstream jobs	
Forced by a flag	jeu. 16/02/2017 10:00
Earliest start date of job	ven. 17/02/2017 08:00
Alert	No alert

Earliest start date of route	
Earliest start date of route	ven. 17/02/2017 08:00

◀ Conversely, keeping this tool receipt constraint on May 16 adds a more restrictive forced earliest start date, set the next day.

Notice that the manually forced constraint being more restrictive, it is chosen Direct Planning as **Earliest start date of job**.

The **Alert** field displays a warning if the job is placed before its earliest start date:

Alert	Job starts too early.
-------	-----------------------

This alert can only be encountered when planning assistance is not active. Indeed, it ensures the automatic respect of the restrictive constraints posed by the earliest start dates.

Route constraints

In the lower part, the fields dedicated to the earliest start date and latest end date of the route are displayed for information, they cannot be modified.

The earliest start date of the route always refers to the earliest start date of the first job of the route. Inversely, the latest end date of the route always refers to the latest end date of the last job of the route.

Declaration of production

Production can be monitored at various levels:

Level 1	Monitoring of started and completed jobs only. Via right-click on a job: Progress status > Start/Complete jobs.
Level 2	Level 1 + Indication of the production actual start date. Accordingly, the job will be moved to reflect reality on the ground.
Level 3	Level 2 + Input of produced quantities.
Level 4	Level 3 + Input of production times. Useful when discrepancies may appear between expected and performed values, which is notably the case for very long jobs.

The screen capture above shows the **Declaration of production** tab for a job not started: the right side of the screen (**Result**) only shows the expected values.

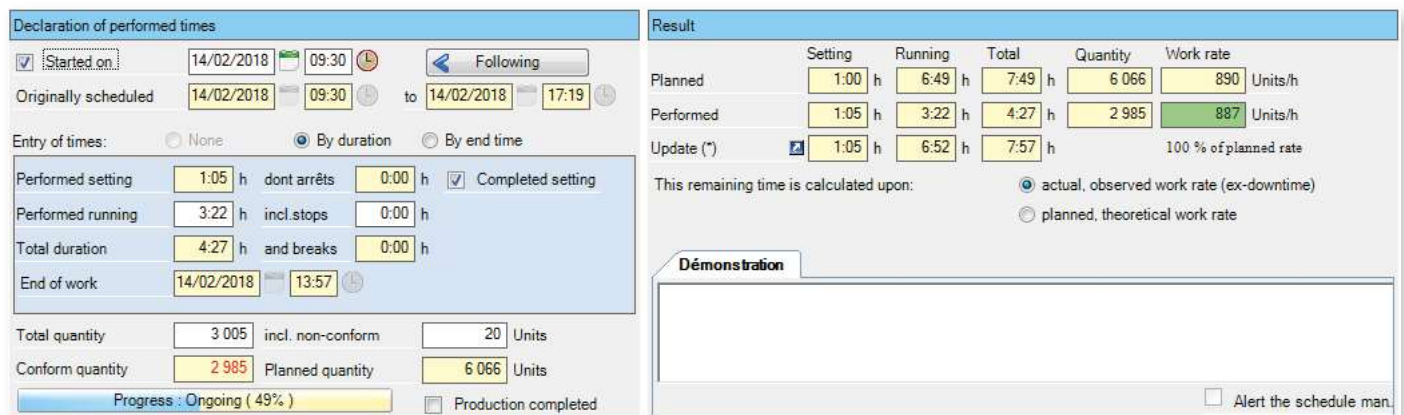


OUR ADVICE



This screen relies heavily on the working unit of quantity to produce, so make sure that this value is properly configured under the **Technical data** section of the machine record.

To start the declaration of production, click on **Started on**:



This screen is made of two big panes: **Declaration of production times and quantity** and **Result**.

Let's see in details the contents of each pane.

Here, you simply declare that the job is started, at a certain date and time. For the start date and time, the system offers the date and time initially scheduled. You can change them if needed. Click on **Following** to place the job right after the end of the last started job of the day.

This box only displays if you activate the entry of times. You can enter times by durations (with automated calculation of the end time, above left) or by end time (with automated calculation of durations, above right).

Setting

When you modify the duration of the performed setting, Direct Planning refreshes the total updated duration of the job in the right pane (**Result**).

- As long as performed values are below or equal to expected values, and setting is not complete, the updated setting is capped at the expected values.
Indicating that setting is finished aligns the updated setting with performed values.
- As soon as performed values exceed the expectations, the updated setting aligns with performed values, whether or not the setting is completed.

Running (entry of times by duration)

When you modify the performed running duration, Direct Planning:

- Recalculates the performed work rate in the right pane (Result);
- Refreshes the total updated duration in the right pane (Result) depending on the method chosen for calculating the remaining duration.

Downtimes

You can indicate machine downtimes, whatever the cause.

These will be subtracted from updated setting and running times.

End of work (entry of times by end time)

Specify the running end date and time. Direct Planning automatically determines the performed running time, taking into account the performed setting time and the downtimes.

Total quantity	<input type="text" value="3 005"/>	incl. non-conform	<input type="text" value="20"/>	Units
Conform quantity	<input type="text" value="2 985"/>	Planned quantity	<input type="text" value="6 066"/>	Units
Progress : Ongoing (49%)				<input type="checkbox"/> Production completed

This last zone focuses on the produced quantity.

If the working unit of quantity to produce is entered on the machine, you can already declare the total produced quantity and, if applicable, the non-compliant quantity. Direct Planning then deduces the compliant quantity and the progress.

OUR ADVICE



When creating jobs, leave this zone empty: the performed quantity will be specified later, when modifying jobs.

The performed quantity can exceed the quantity to produce, in which case the progress percentage reaches 100%. As an alternative to manual input, you can click in the progress bar to set the performed percentage. Direct Planning will refresh quantities.

This alternative is the only possibility offered when there is no working unit defined on the machine.

If the job is complete, check the **Production completed** box. The progress status automatically reaches 100%. Finished jobs are greyed out in the schedule.

You can declare the production as completed even if the produced quantity differs from the expected quantity.

Result					
	Setting	Running	Total	Quantity	Work rate
Planned	<input type="text" value="1:00"/> h	<input type="text" value="6:49"/> h	<input type="text" value="7:49"/> h	<input type="text" value="6 066"/>	<input type="text" value="890"/> Units/h
Performed	<input type="text" value="1:05"/> h	<input type="text" value="3:22"/> h	<input type="text" value="4:27"/> h	<input type="text" value="2 985"/>	<input type="text" value="887"/> Units/h
Update (*)	<input type="text" value="1:05"/> h	<input type="text" value="6:52"/> h	<input type="text" value="7:57"/> h		100 % of planned rate

This remaining time is calculated upon:

actual, observed work rate (ex-downtime)

planned, theoretical work rate

The upper part of the **Result** pane displays a number of indicators related to production, displayed as a reminder but not modifiable. These indicators are refreshed when modifying production parameters.

Notice that the calculation of the remaining duration can use the theoretical work rate configured by default or the actual work rate calculated for the ongoing production, whose background colour reflects discrepancies between with the expected and performed work rates:

534 Units/h
60 % of planned rate

◀ Performed work rate \leq 60 %: weak performance.

712 Units/h
80 % of planned rate

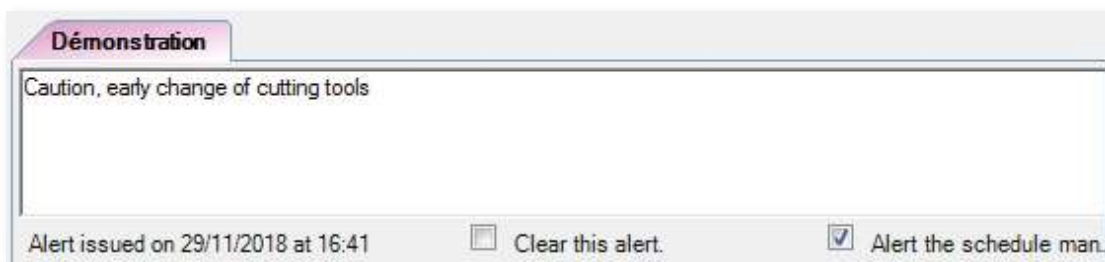
◀ Performed work rate \leq 80 %: improvable performance.

890 Units/h
100 % of planned rate

◀ Performed work rate \leq 120 %: good performance.

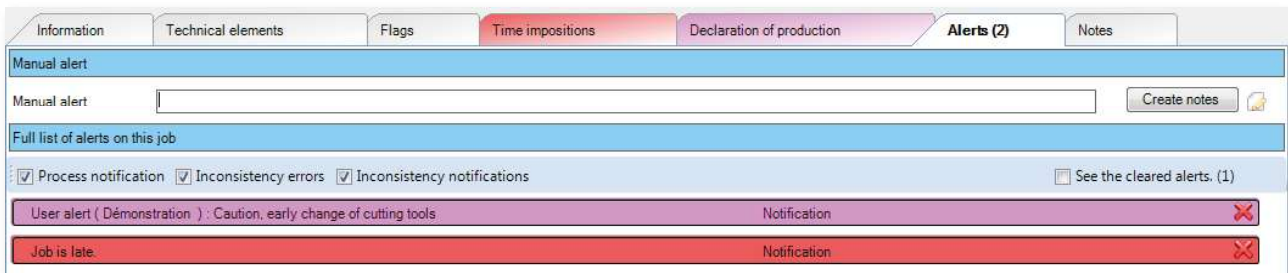
1 115 Units/h
125 % of planned rate

◀ Performed work rate $>$ 120 %: excellent performance.



This zone allows the operator to notice the planning manager of an alert regarding a production issue. Checking the **Alert the schedule manager** box allows the creation of an alert for all to see, including the planning manager. This alert obeys the same rules as the other alerts.

Alerts

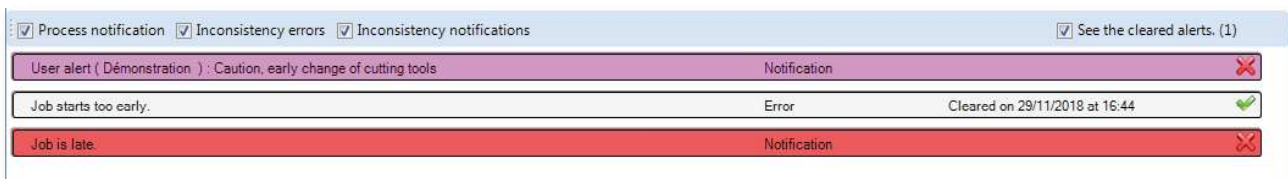


The screen capture above shows a job with 2 alerts:

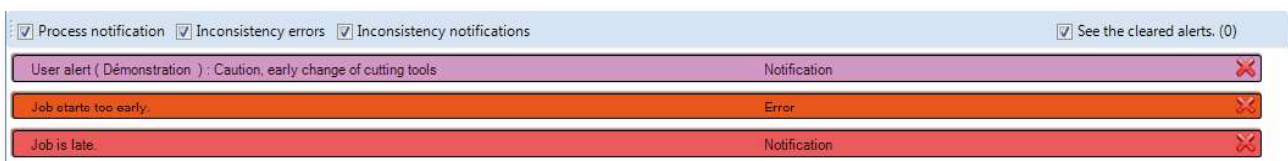
- A user-created manual alert (in purple)
- An system-generated automatic alert (in red)

The alert counter on a job is displayed in the tab title.

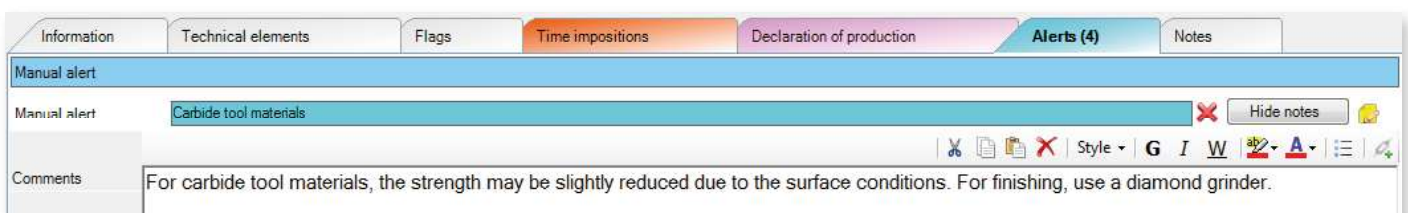
To clear an alert, click the cross displayed on the right. Cleared alerts (if any) can be displayed by clicking on the corresponding box. Cleared alerts are added to the list of alerts, in white. You find the date and time they were cleared, as well as a check mark:



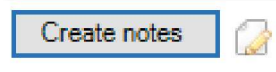
Click on the check mark to cancel the alert clearance:



Manual alerts can be enriched with notes by clicking on **Create notes**, which opens the following window:



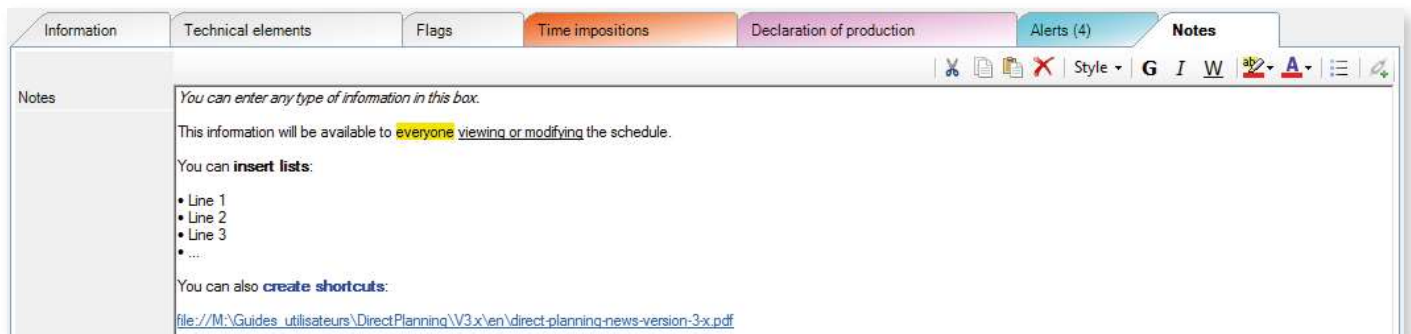
When notes have been set to complement the alert, the **Create notes** button turns into **Display notes** and the corresponding icon turns yellow:



See section 5.10, *Alerts*, for more information about alerts.

Notes

This last tab is used to enter notes on a job. When notes have been entered, the tab turns yellow to catch your attention in the job details.



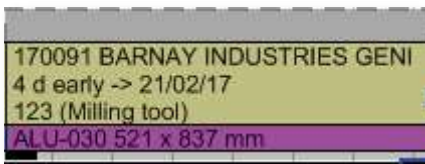
5.3. Manipulating jobs

Manipulating jobs covers multiple aspects which will be described in the following subsections.

5.3.1. Selecting jobs

All you have to do is click on a job to select it.

The selected job then shows against a dark grey background similar to the following example:



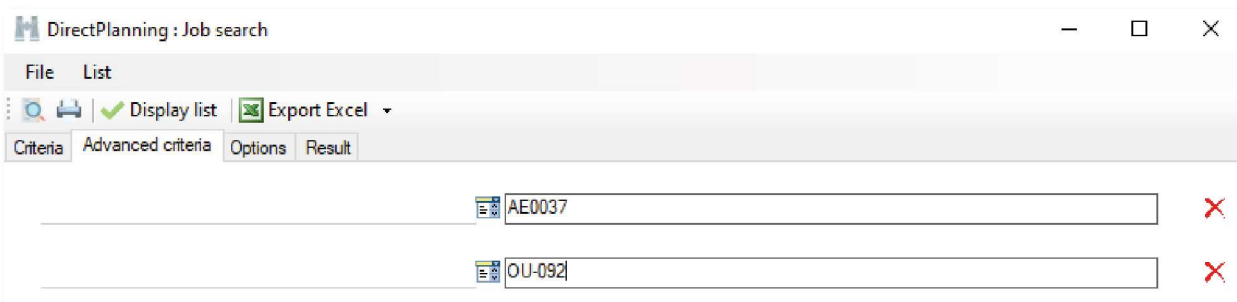
Various methods allow the selection of multiple jobs:

- Using the mouse, draw a rectangle over the jobs to include in your selection. All jobs included (even partially) in this rectangle will be selected.
- Hold the **Ctrl** key while clicking on the appropriate jobs.
- To select a range of jobs, click on the first and last jobs of the range while holding the **Shift** key.
- Right-click on a job and select **Widen selection** to select multiple jobs sharing characteristics (same route, same entity, same machine after the current job).

Selecting specific jobs

The job filtering features (**Search**, **Locator** and **Current route** functions) allow you to select in the schedule jobs matching your criteria. All there is to do is select them in the list and click **Select in schedule**.

For example, I would like to select in the schedule all jobs matching the customer AERO FUTURE (customer code AE0037) and using the milling tool OU-92.



In this window, I am using the search function to get the list of all jobs matching these criteria.

In the result window, all that is left to do is click **Select in schedule**.

DirectPlanning : Job search

File List

Display list Export Excel

Criteria Advanced criteria Options Result

Des. of secti	Machine	Job start	WO no.	Customer designation	Product code	Designation	Qty to produce	Job durati	Designation Type	Planning de	Customer d	Manua
Milling	U1	07/02/2017 13:21	170023	AERO FUTURE	PE0028	AERO-I/			wal	14/02/2017	15/02/2017	
Milling	U1	08/02/2017 12:57	170020	AERO FUTURE	PE0014	AERO-H			wal	14/02/2017	15/02/2017	
Milling	U1	09/02/2017 05:47	170032	AERO FUTURE	PE0115	AERO-Y			wal	15/02/2017	16/02/2017	
Milling	U1	09/02/2017 14:39	170026	AERO FUTURE	PE0057	AERO-M			wal	15/02/2017	16/02/2017	
Milling	U1	09/02/2017 16:58	170029	AERO FUTURE	PE0103	AERO-Y			wal	15/02/2017	16/02/2017	
Milling	U1	15/02/2017 10:31	170070	AERO FUTURE	PE0014	AERO-H			wal	20/02/2017	21/02/2017	
Milling	U1	15/02/2017 11:58	170120	AERO FUTURE	PE0014	AERO-H			wal	24/02/2017	25/02/2017	
Milling	U1	16/02/2017 14:00	170082	AERO FUTURE	PE0115	AERO-Y			wal	21/02/2017	22/02/2017	
Milling	U1	16/02/2017 18:11	170079	AERO FUTURE	PE0103	AERO-Y			wal	21/02/2017	22/02/2017	
Milling	U1	16/02/2017 20:15	170129	AERO FUTURE	PE0103	AERO-Y			wal	27/02/2017	28/02/2017	

10 job(s) found

Filter Modify

Context menu actions:

- Filter on this value
- Focus on job
- Job detail...
- Flags
- Select in schedule
- Schedule
- Complete
- Locked job
- Move to compatible machine
- Postpone
- Duplicate
- Delete
- Split the range ...

Then I can perform all the actions available for groups of jobs (e.g. **cluster jobs of selection**).

To cancel a selection, select another job or click on a free area of the schedule, or start any other action such as for instance selecting an element in a menu.

5.3.2. Moving jobs

Unless locked, you can move any job in the schedule.

One of Direct Planning's strengths lies in the intuitive scheduling management it offers.

The drag-and-drop method reflects this ease of use.

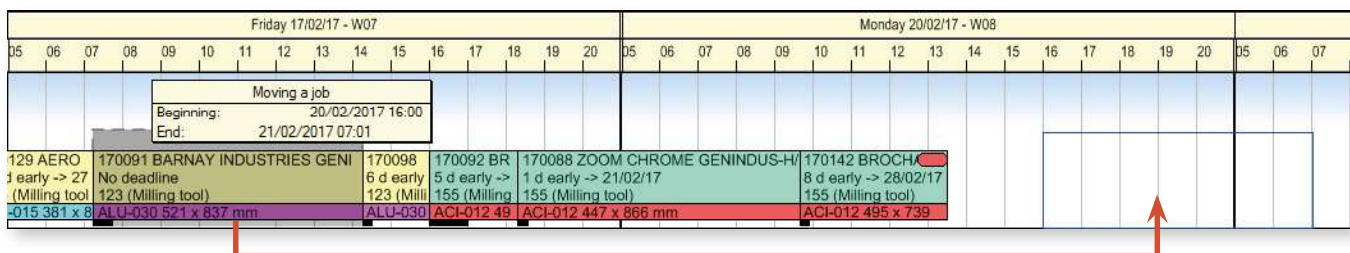
Note

The final result may slightly differ from what you asked: indeed, when planning assistance is active, Direct Planning tries to optimise the schedule according to the chosen automations.

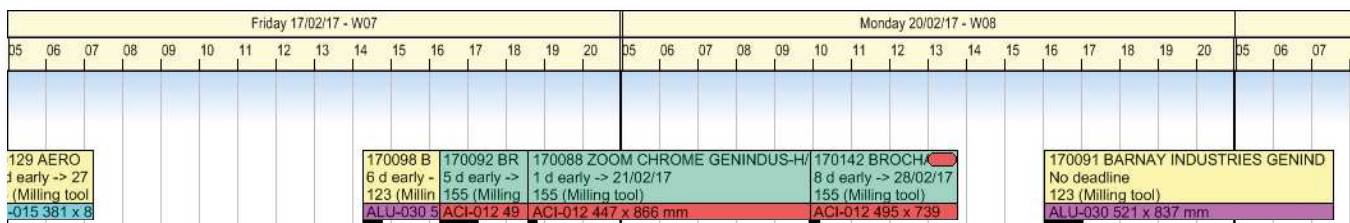
Likewise, Direct Planning can modify (or even reject) moving operations if the related jobs belong to a route which impose constraints on them.

Several types of movements are possible:

Move a job to a free slot, without changing machine

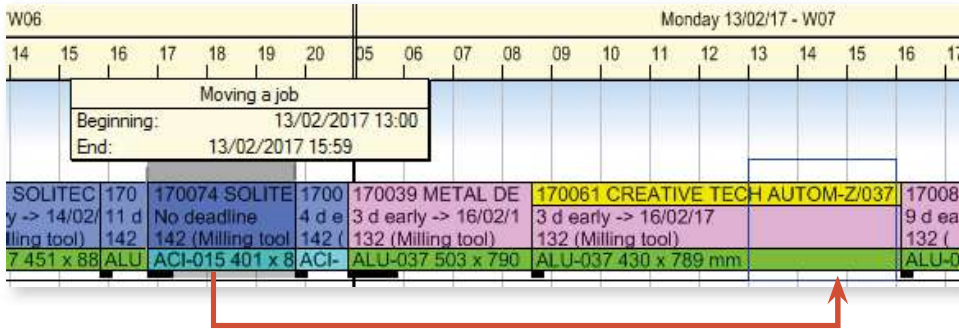


When you release the mouse, without any active adjustment, the job is moved to your chosen location (the blue rectangle), leaving a gap at its original location (which can be filled via adjustment, see section 5.6. *Planning assistance*) ▼

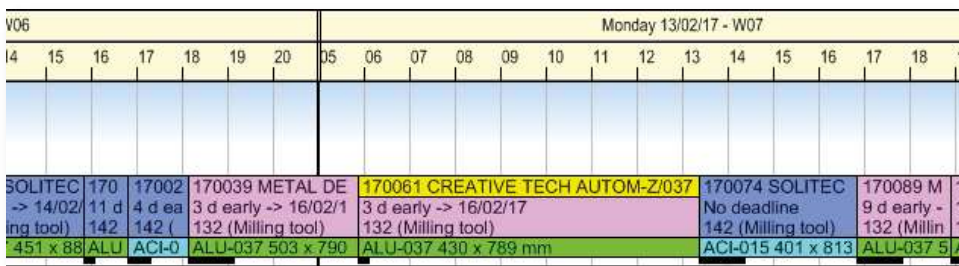


You can also perform this action by selecting a job and right-clicking at its destination. Then, you just have to select **Move selection here**.

Move a job to an occupied slot, without changing machine



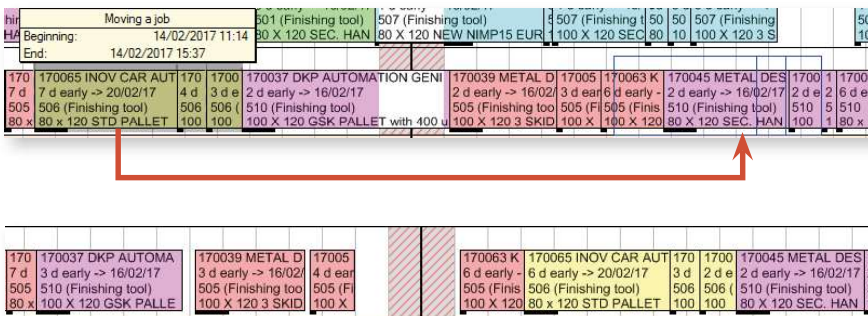
The moved job is placed right after the destination job. Because left adjustment is active, the gap is filled ▼



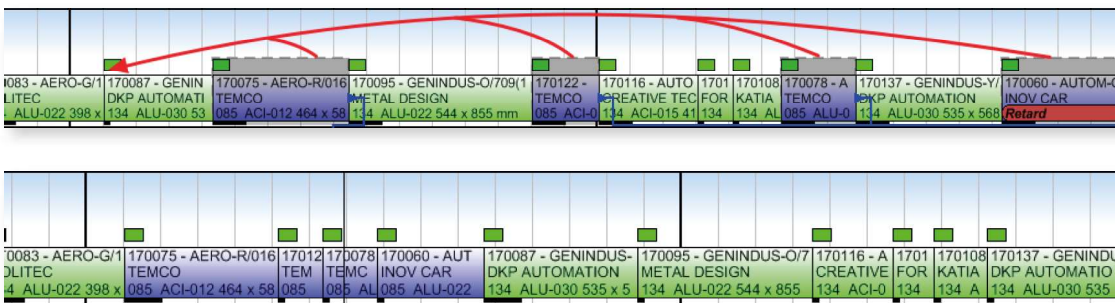
This simply comes down to modifying the sequence of jobs. Without adjustment, the gap is not filled.

Moving a group of jobs to an occupied slot without changing machine

If the selected jobs are grouped, they will remain grouped at the drop location:



If the selected jobs are not grouped, the movement will automatically group them against the left-most selected job. This is a very useful action to position and gather multiple jobs, with a single drag-and-drop operation:

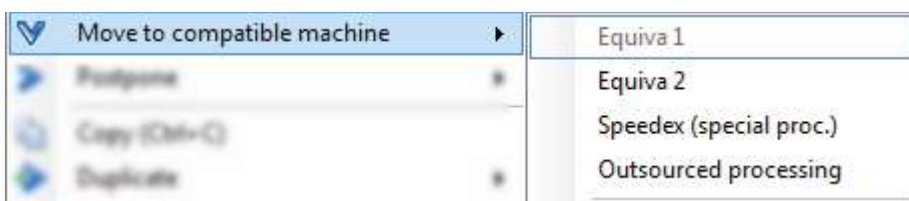


The context menu **Cluster jobs of selection** also groups all selected jobs against the left-most selected job, which is particularly useful to gather jobs remote from each other.

For “long distance” displacements, simply select your jobs and without dragging them, go to the drop location, right-click on the schedule background, and select **Move selection here** in the context menu. This replaces the “cut/paste” (Ctrl+X) function which was little used in Industry and Project modes because it broke links.

Moving a job on a compatible machine

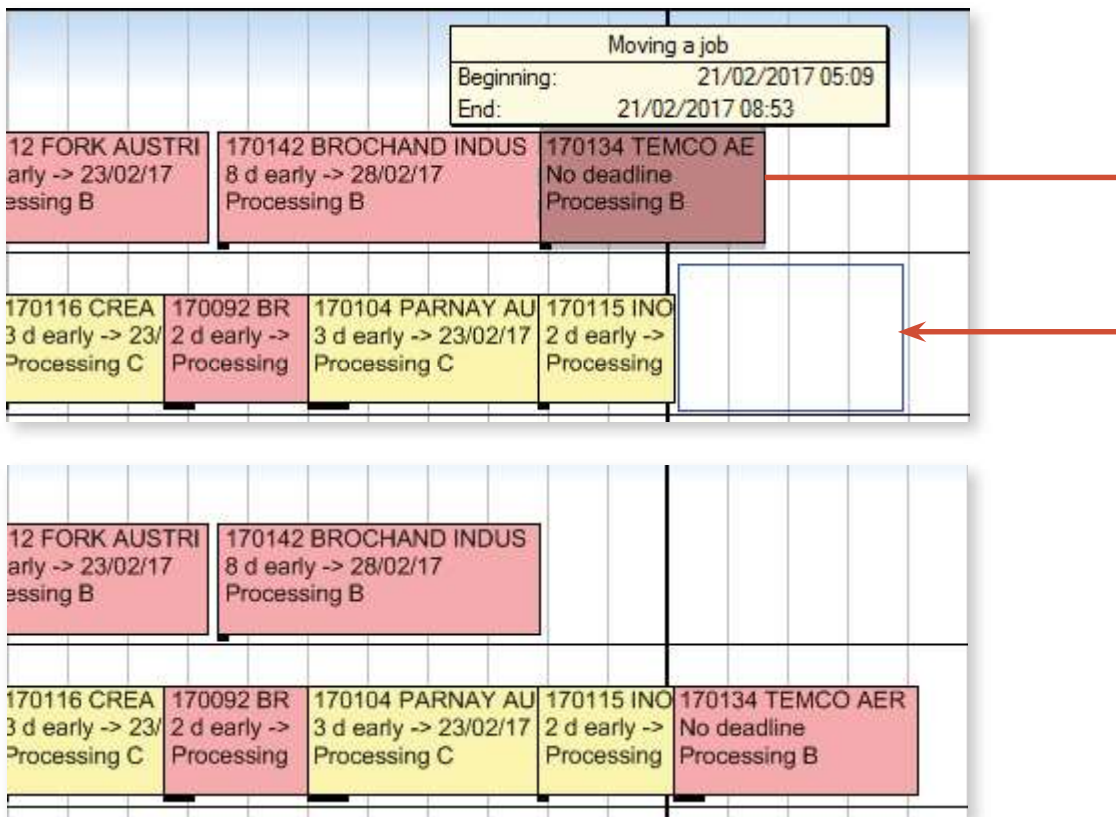
To move quickly a job to a compatible machine, right-click on the job to move, select **Move on a compatible machine** and select the appropriate machine:



◀ The current machine is greyed out.

▲ The compatible machines proposed in the sub-menu are those gathered in the same family in the **Data > Operations and machines** menu.

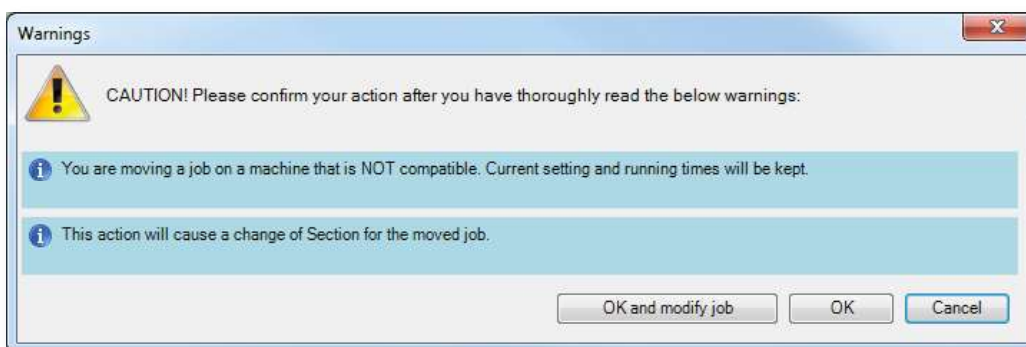
If you move a job to a compatible machine (on another line), Direct Planning behaves the same as for a movement on the same machine:



With automatic calculation of job duration enabled, Direct Machine can recalculate automatically the job duration while taking into account setting times and work rates specific to this destination machine.

Moving a job to an incompatible machine

When you move a job to an incompatible machine, Direct Planning displays the following warning (which can be customised with programmable formulas to reflect your business constraints):

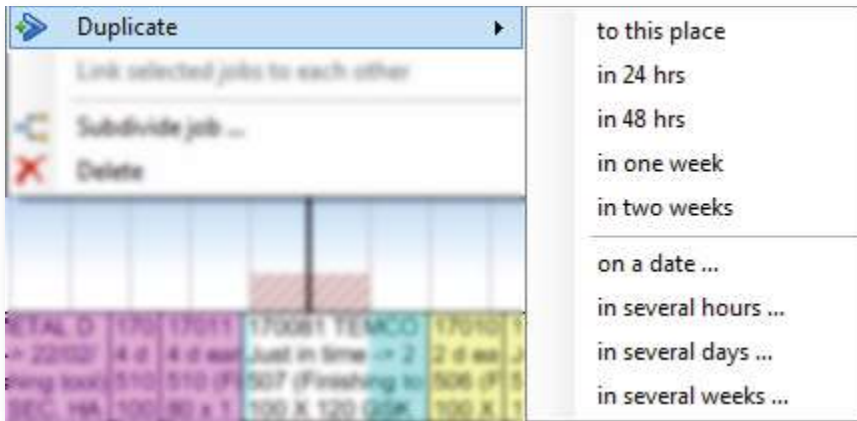


If you confirm (OK button), the job will be moved as per your request, but you are responsible for verifying the job details.

You can also click on OK and modify job to confirm. This opens the details of the moved job, to check and modify it if needed.

5.3.3. Duplicating jobs

Duplicating a job creates a new job which can be left untouched or modified. This allows the quick creation of similar jobs. When duplication is completed, you can modify the newly created job (if needed).



◀ Use the job context menu to choose where the job should be duplicated: at a predetermined fixed interval (upper part) or according to an input value (lower part).

Note

The requested duplication may be influenced by the adjustment to the left or right configured under the under the **Planning assistance** tab.

5.3.4. Copying/pasting jobs

The simplest and quickest method for copying/pasting jobs in Direct Planning is to use usual Windows shortcuts (Ctrl+C to copy, Ctrl+V to paste).

OUR ADVICE



The copy/paste functions offer a quick way to create new jobs with similar characteristics: instead of creating new jobs from scratch, it may be helpful to use the copy/paste function from existing jobs. You only have to make small modifications to the new job, if necessary.

Because pasting a job is like creating a job, the original time constraints apply.

Besides, the machine compatibility check is also performed when you paste a job.

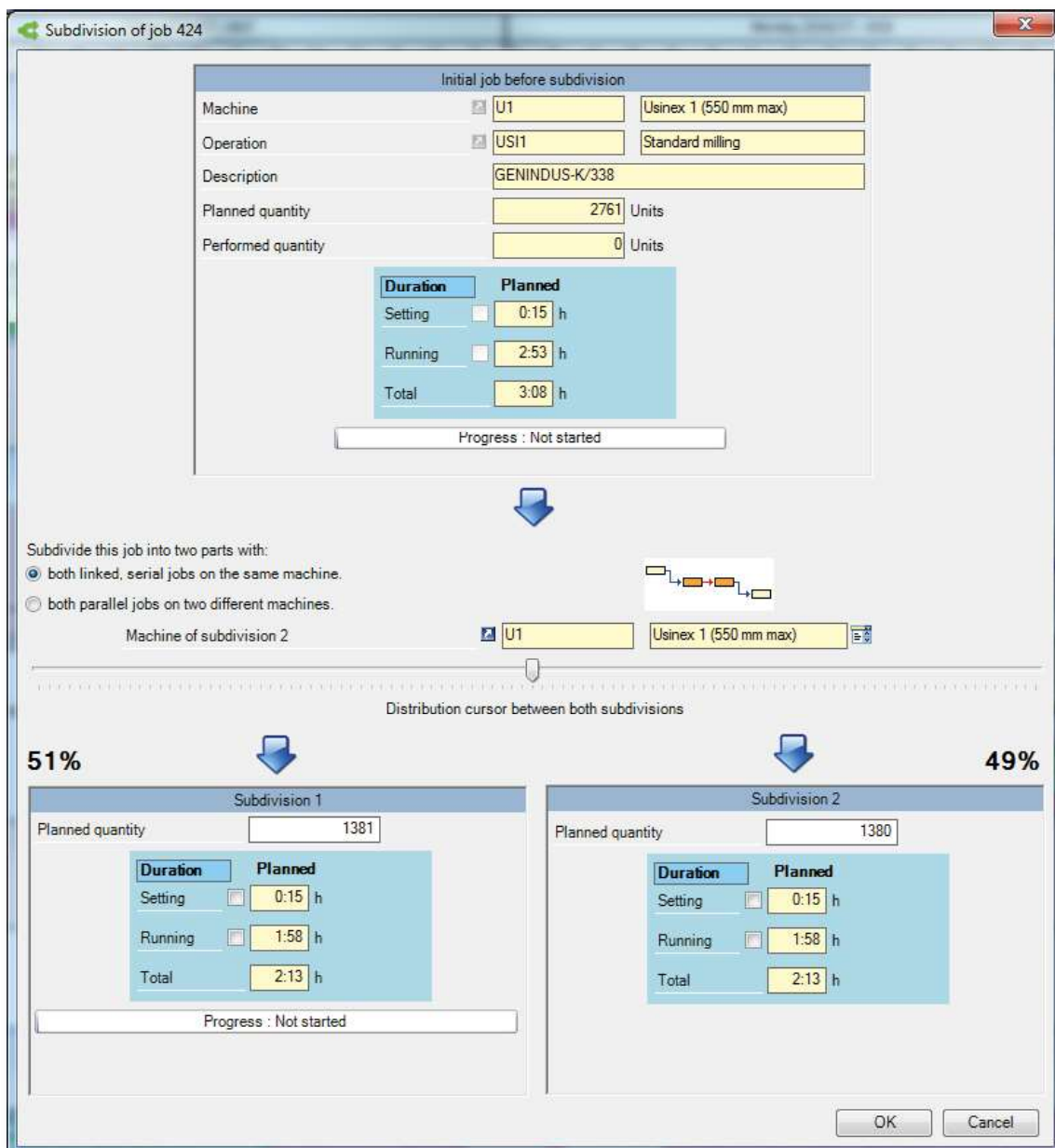
5.3.5. Subdividing jobs

Internal organisation may require you to subdivide jobs, that is to say split them in 2 parts distributed as desired.

For example, delivery constraints may require you to produce part of the quantity immediately to deliver it as soon as possible, and postpone the production of the remainder at a later date. Or you can offload an overloaded machine by assigning all or part of the workload to another machine. Subdivided jobs can be subdivided again. Direct Planning keeps existing links and transmits them to the resulting job.

In the schedule, right-click on a job to open the context menu.

Select **Subdivide job**:



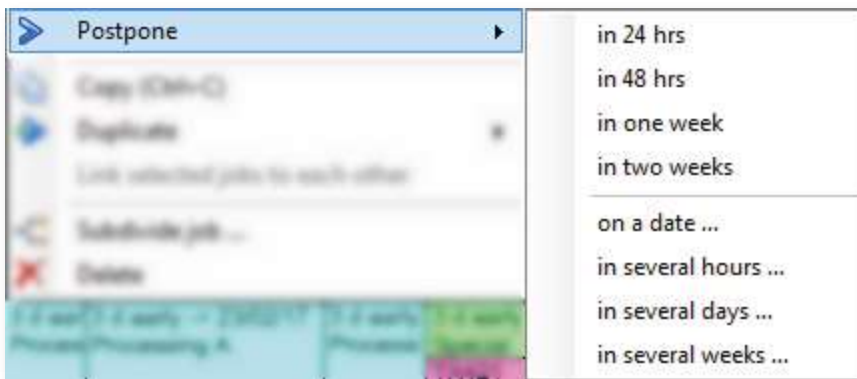
The upper part of this window provides you with information on the current job before separation. You cannot modify this data. However, you can choose whether the new jobs will both run on the same machine or if they will be paralleled on two different machines. A graphic representation helps you get an idea of the result.

A cursor is then available to adjust quantities for each job (by default, Direct Planning splits the job in half). Moving this cursor updates the expected quantity for each job. If you do not wish to use the cursor, you can enter directly the quantity to produce in these fields.

While Direct Planning calculates setting and running times in this example, you can force these values manually by checking the corresponding boxes. You can also set the progress of the first job.

5.3.6. Postponing jobs

You may have to postpone a job for different reasons like waiting the receipt of an item, various hazards, etc. After selecting the affected job, right-click to open the context menu:




◀ Use the job context menu to choose when the job should be postponed: at a predetermined fixed interval (upper part) or according to an input value (lower part).

Note

The requested postponement may be influenced by the adjustment to the left or right configured under the **Planning assistance** tab.

5.3.7. Deleting jobs

On a selection of jobs, click on **Delete**. Another (quicker) way is to press the **Del** key. You will be asked to confirm.

The **Ctrl+Z** combination is available to cancel any unintentional deletion. Conversely, the **Ctrl+Y** combination can be used to restore a deletion. You can also use the quick tools  at the top of the screen.

5.3.8. Accessing the jobs details

Previously covered when discussing how to create jobs manually, the job details window is the dashboard containing all job-related information.

To access it, select a job and click on **Job detail** in the ribbon, under the **Edit** tab. You can also right-click on the job and select **Modify job**, or simply double-click on the job in the schedule.

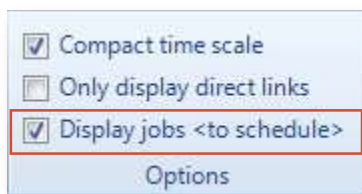
5.3.9. Scheduling/Unscheduling jobs

In the Gantt, a job to schedule appears on a special line.

This line has 2 functions:

1. Following an import, it contains all jobs coming from the ERP: any imported job in Direct Planning is set "to schedule".
2. It is used to place jobs pending scheduling in order not to forget them.

This line only displays when there are jobs to schedule and when the **Display jobs to schedule** option is checked in the **Display** menu:

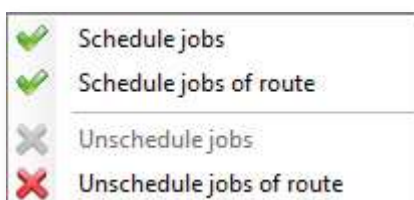


It is located under the actual schedule line, in a different colour and with the machine name followed by the [*] character, as in the following screen capture:

Usinex 2 (700 mm max)	✓ CAR A 20/02/17 155 (Milling tool) 7 x 826	170044 ZOO 8 d early -> 17/02/17 155 (Milling tool) ALU-037 515 x 826	170053 KATIA 12 d 155 (Milling tool) ALU-037 544 x 826	170 12 d 155 (Milling tool) ALU-02	170062 10 d 155 (Milling tool) ALU-02	170054 6 d 123 (Milling tool) ALU-02	170058 KATIA AUTOMATIVE AUTOM-C/485 6 d early -> 16/02/17 Delayed receipt 'Waiting for material' ALU-022 434 x 789 mm	170052 FORK A 6 d early -> 16/02/17 134 (Milling tool) ALU-037 471 x 890
Usinex 2 (700 mm max) [*]		170015 INOV CAR A 5 d early -> 14/02/17 155 (Milling tool) ALU-037 557 x 826				170045 METAL DESI 6 d early -> 16/02/17 134 (Milling tool) ALU-022 544 x 855		

Various methods are available to schedule a job placed on the "to schedule" line:

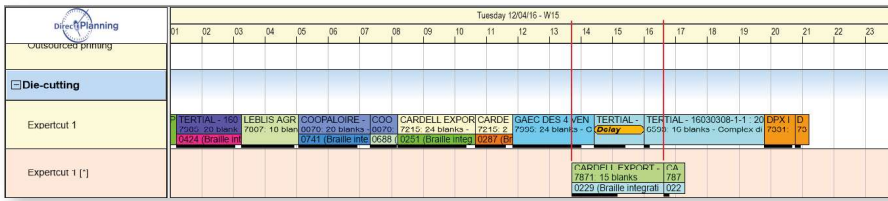
1. Right-click on a job to schedule and select **Schedule > Schedule jobs** (this menu can also be used to schedule the whole route to which the job belongs):



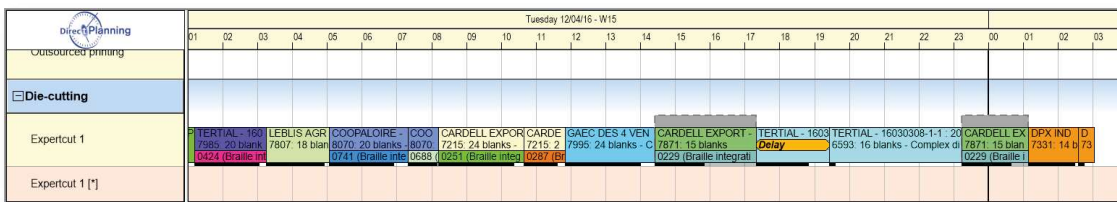
2. Move the jobs using the mouse.
3. Under the **Edit** tab, use the **Schedule** menu to toggle jobs between scheduled and to schedule lines in the schedule.

In cases 1 and 3 (using menu functions), for each job to schedule, the program remembers the pair

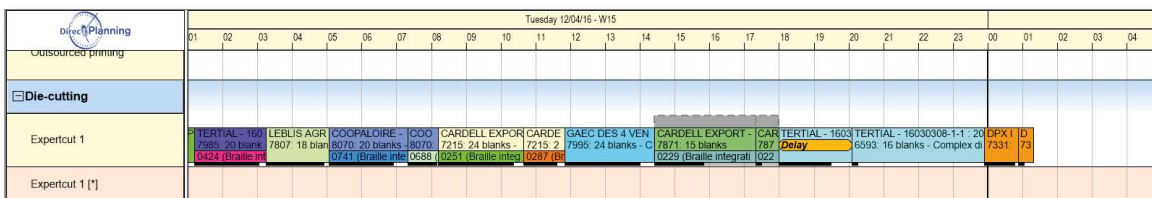
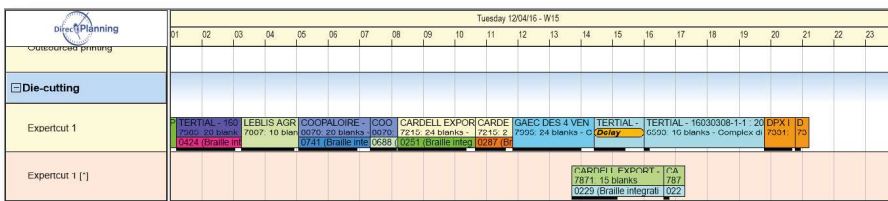
"scheduled job cross by beginning of job to schedule" and the job is scheduled after the scheduled job memorized:



Once scheduled, the jobs are separated, each job to schedule is scheduled right after the scheduled job:



In case 2 (moving with the mouse), it's the grouped move function explained in section 5.3.2. *Moving jobs* which is used:

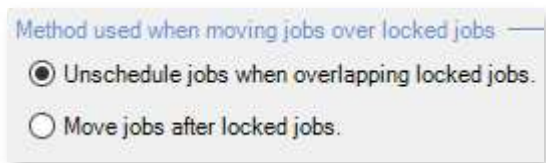


5.3.10. Locking jobs

You can quickly lock/unlock a job via right-click **Lock/Unlock** on a job, via the **Edit > Lock/Unlock** menu or in the job details.

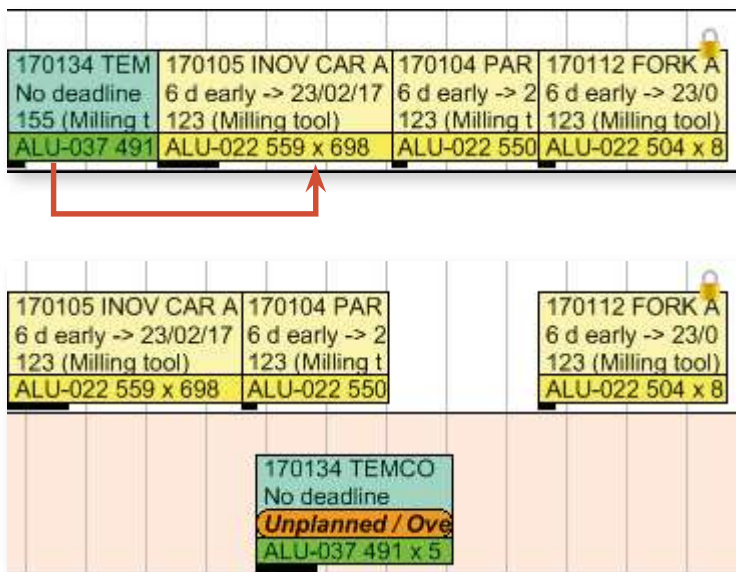
A locked job cannot be modified or moved.

When moving a job makes another job collide with a locked job, Direct Planning offers the administrator the ability to choose between two behaviors (**Configuration** menu > **General configuration** > **Planning assistance**)



Method 1: Unschedule the jobs colliding with locked jobs

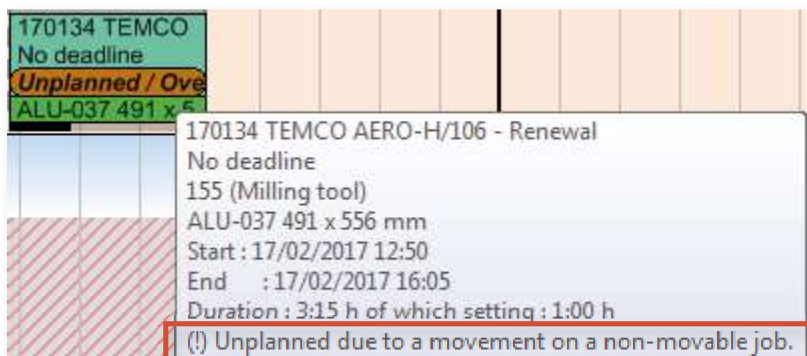
The job conflicting with the locked job is unscheduled. This avoids the job being thrown too far down the schedule if several locked jobs follow each other.



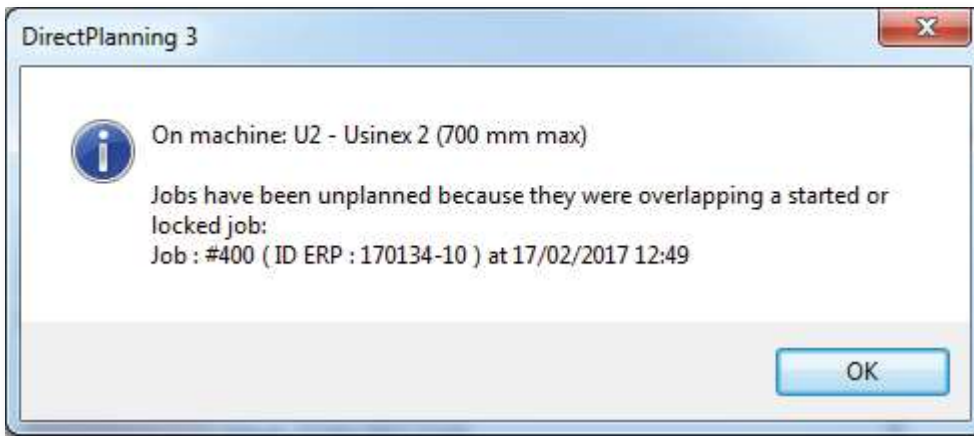
◀ In the opposite example, the objective is to move the first job (in green) after the second job (170105). Normally, this would shift jobs 170105 and 170104 to the right (left adjustment).

Because the last job is locked, this operation will unschedule the 170104 job colliding with it.

Please note that an alert is automatically generated on the unscheduled job:

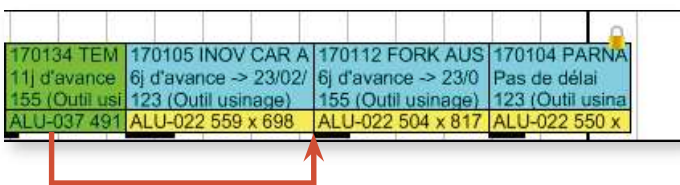


And a warning screen appears before the job is unscheduled:

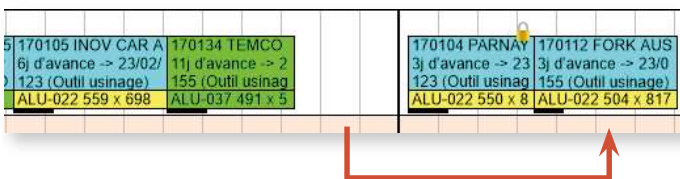


Method 2: Move jobs after the locked jobs

In this example, we want to move the first job (in green) after the second job (170105). Normally, this would move jobs 170112 and 170104 to the right (left adjustment).



This time, job 170112 is not unscheduled but rather moved after the locked job:



5.4. Resources and Needs

The "Needs and Resources" menu allows you to configure and manage the availability of resources, including human resources, to meet the specific needs of your machines.




You can anticipate requirements and ensure that the right resources are assigned to the right tasks at the right time.

5.4.1. Needs Management

Needs represent the specific resources required to perform tasks on your machines. For example, this could include the number of drivers or assistants needed.

5.4.2. Creating the List of Needs

In the main toolbar, click on: 

The list of needs will be displayed.



Click on  to create a new need.

The following screen is displayed:

Création : Besoin

Label and color of the need

Identifiant: 1

Need label:

Couleur:

Resources satisfying the need: Remove →

Available resources: ← Add

Family : Default
Lablanc Florian

Family : Default
Belineau Gerard

Save and next Save and close Cancel

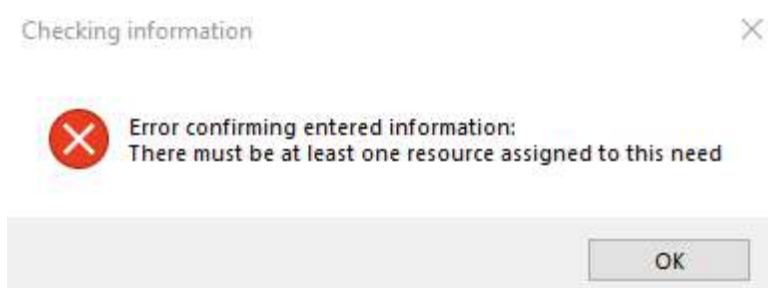
Choose a label and a color for the need.

To associate this need with one or more resources, select the resource you wish to assign to this need.

Then, click on the **← Add** or double-click on it.

Note:

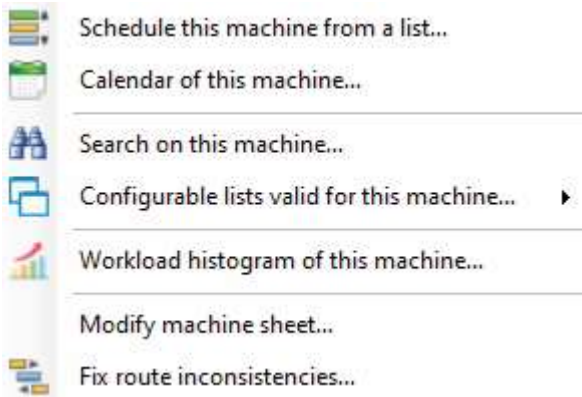
If no available resource is assigned to this need, when you click **Save and Close**, the following error message will appear:



If you have multiple needs to create, click **Save and Next**. If you are finished, click **Save and Close**.

5.4.3. Definition of Machine Needs

Define the machine's needs: Access the machine's record by right-clicking and selecting "**Edit Machine Record**".



The following screen is displayed:

Modification: Machine « U2 »

Machine | Notes | Informations process | **Needs**

Please check the needs to associate with this machine and indicate their default value :

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N Opérateur		
	Default quantity of need	<input type="text" value="1,00"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Need calculation formula	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="X"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N opérateur traitement Equiva		
	Default quantity of need	<input type="text" value="1,00"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Need calculation formula	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="X"/>

Check the necessary resource families for the machine.

Then, enter the required value for each activated resource family.

Note

You can also refine the calculation of setting times and work rates by defining programmable formulas. For more information about programmable formulas, see next section, *Configuring programmable formulas*.

Once the needs are defined, click **Save and Close**. These data will then be automatically integrated into the planning system.

5.4.4. Resource Management

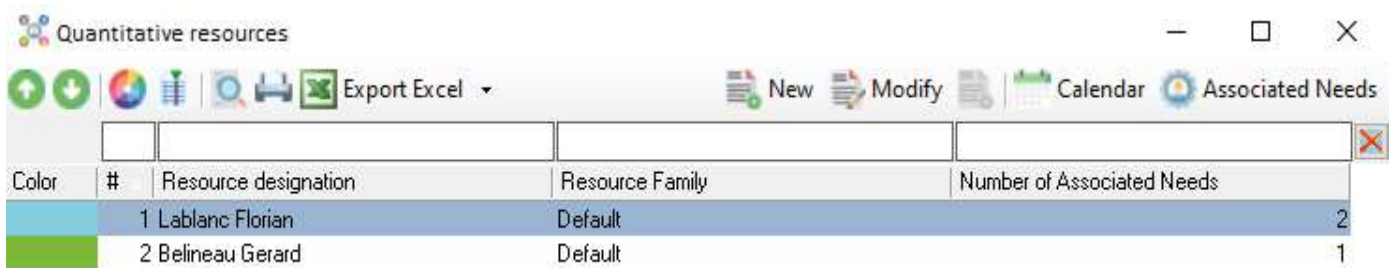
Resources can include individuals, groups of people assigned to operational tasks, as well as other necessary elements such as materials and equipment. For example, this may involve specific employees or groups like "Temporary Operators."

5.4.5. Creating the Resource List



In the toolbar, click on

The list of resources will appear:



	Prioritize the resource that will be used first to meet the need
	Allows for automatic color assignment.
	Manage the grid columns
	Preview before printing.
	Print the resource list.
	Export the resource list to Excel.
	Allows direct access to the resource availability calendar.
	Displays the list of needs associated with this resource.

Click on to add a new resource.

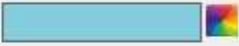
New

Modification : Ressource quantitative « Lablanc Florian »

Identifiant: 1

Data designation: Lablanc Florian

Resource family: Default

Couleur: 

Default availabilities:

<input type="checkbox"/> Morning shift	0,00
<input type="checkbox"/> Afternoon shift	0,00
<input type="checkbox"/> Night shift	0,00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Day shift	0,00


Availability calendar:

Current input interval: Hour

Save and Close Cancel

family, or create a new one by clicking on

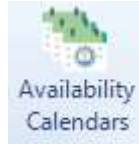
Choose a color for your resource to easily identify it in your schedule.

Resource family: Default 

Finally, check the one or more shifts during which this resource will be available.

5.4.6. Resource Availability Calendar Management.

In the main toolbar, click on



The list of calendars is displayed:

 A screenshot of a software window titled 'List of calendars'. The window has a standard Windows-style title bar with minimize, maximize, and close buttons. Below the title bar is a toolbar with an 'Availability calendar' icon. The main content area contains a table with four columns: 'Color', 'Identifier', 'Quantitative resources', and 'Famille de ressources'. There are two rows of data. The first row has a light blue background and the second row has a light green background.

Color	Identifier	Quantitative resources	Famille de ressources
	1	Lablanc Florian	Default
	2	Belineau Gerard	Default

Click on the resource whose availability you want to view.

The resource's availability calendar will be displayed:

 A screenshot of a software window titled 'Availability calendar of the resource'. The window has a title bar and a toolbar. Below the toolbar, there are input fields for 'Period : from' (01/02/2017) and 'To' (28/02/2017), and a 'Resource' field containing 'Lablanc Florian'. Below this is a section titled 'Availabilities' with a dropdown menu set to 'Input interval : Hour'. The main content is a grid showing availability values for different days and time intervals.

			mer.	jeu.	ven.	sam.	dim.	lun.	mar.	mer.	jeu.
Week	from	A	01/02	02/02	03/02	04/02	05/02	06/02	07/02	08/02	09/02
Jour	07:00	08:00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Jour	08:00	09:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Jour	09:00	10:00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Select a start date to display the availability for the entire month from this date.

Calendar period

Period : from 01/02/2017 To 28/02/2017

You can modify the availability for each shift and each day. To do so, select multiple cells directly by right-clicking, then choose 'Modify Selection.' Next, manually enter the desired value and press Enter.

Availabilities

Input interval : Shift ▾

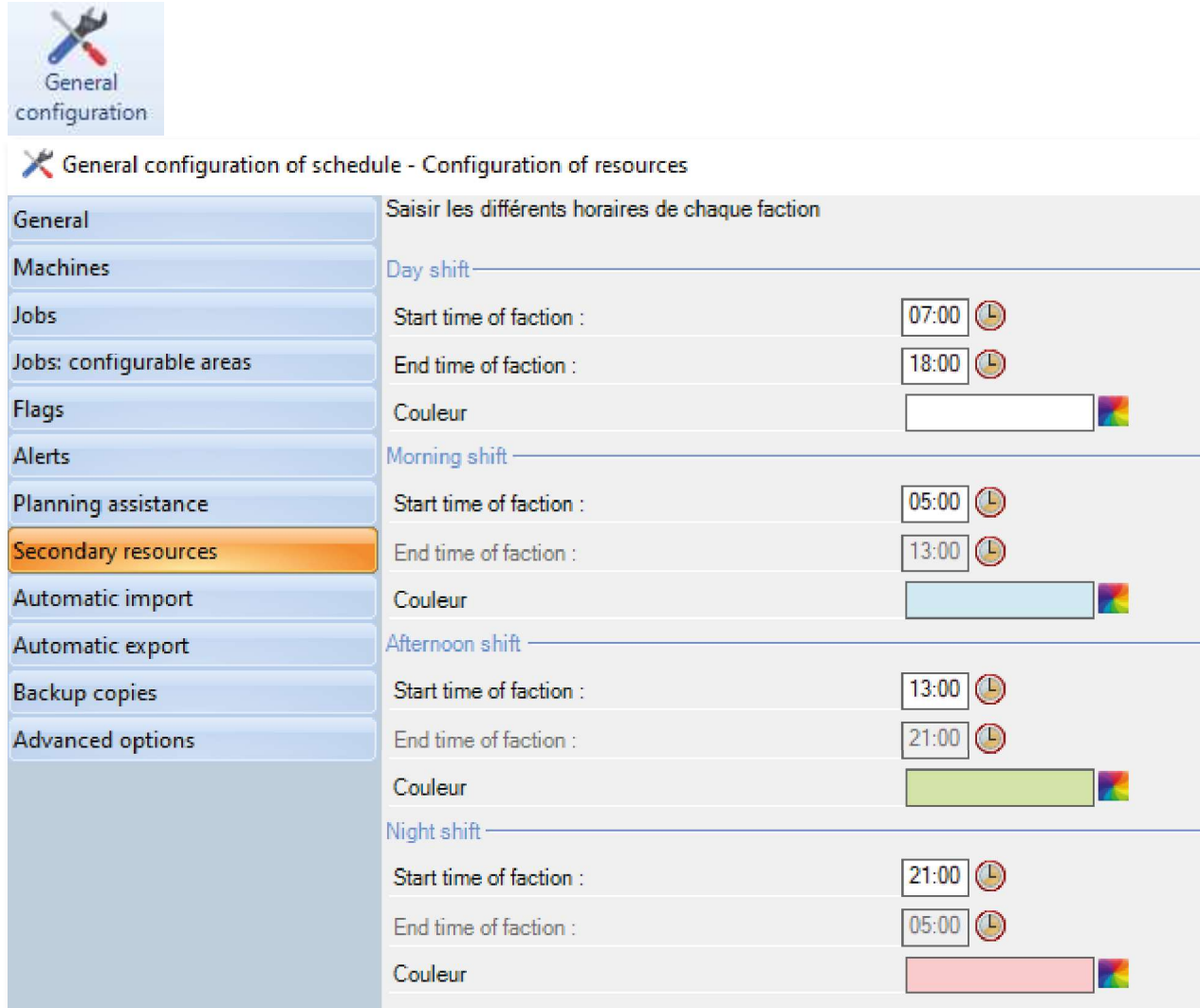
			mer.	jeu.	ven.	sam.	dim.	lun.
Week	from	A	01/02	02/02	03/02	04/02	05/02	06/02
Jour	07:00	18:00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Modify selection
 Delete selection



5.4.7. Configuration of Resources

ADMINISTRATION

Secondary resources are configured in the General Settings of Direct Planning, under the **Configuration** tab:



Shift	Start time of faction	End time of faction	Couleur
Day shift	07:00	18:00	
Morning shift	05:00	13:00	
Afternoon shift	13:00	21:00	
Night shift	21:00	05:00	

Click on the icon  to set the start and end times for each shift, then choose a color for each shift by clicking on the icon.  You can manage the resource's availability over a defined period.

5.4.8. Resource Assignment to Needs

Once your needs and resources are configured, you need to associate them.




In the toolbar, click on

The "**Resource Assignment Order to Needs**" screen will appear:



You have the option to define which resources will be prioritized to meet a specific need.

This order can be rearranged based on the relevance or availability of the resources for each need.

Select the resource you want to prioritize, then click on the icon  to move it before or after another resource in the list.

Once finished, click on "**Save and Close**".

5.4.9. Unmet needs calculation



In the toolbar, click on

The unmet needs calculation screen appears:

 A screenshot of the "Needs calculation" dialog box. It has a title bar with a close button (X) and a "Needs calculation" icon. The dialog is divided into several sections:

- Start date of the calculation horizon:** A radio button is selected for "09/02/2017" with a calendar icon. Below it is an option for "0" days after current day.
- End date of the calculation horizon:** A radio button is selected for "23/02/2017" with a calendar icon. Below it is an option for "5" days after start date.
- Select needs to analyze:** A tree view with a collapse icon on the left. It contains:
 - All needs
 - N Opérateur
 - N opérateur traitement Equiva
- Operating options:** A section with a "Calculation interval" dropdown menu set to "Hour".

 At the bottom right, there are two buttons: "Calculate and visualize in Excel" and "Close".

Choose the start and end date of the calculation horizon by clicking on or type a date in the format DD/MM/YYYY.

Then, select the needs to analyze:

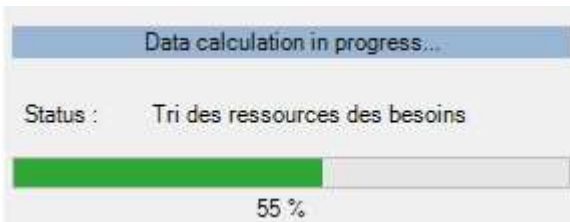
- **All needs:** check this option if you want to analyze all types of needs.
- **Specific operators:** check or uncheck the different types of operators you want to include.

Finally, select the desired interval for your analysis.

 A close-up of the "Operating options" section of the dialog box. The "Calculation interval" dropdown menu is open, showing a list of options: "15 minutes", "15 minutes", "30 minutes", and "Hour". The first "15 minutes" option is highlighted with a blue background.

Once the resources and needs are configured, click on 

The following screen appears:



The data calculation begins to verify if all necessary resources are available to meet the identified needs for each period.

A detailed report in Excel format is then generated, showing the periods where there may be resource shortages. This allows you to anticipate and adjust your planning if necessary.

The Excel file consists of **3 tabs**:

- Daily Needs

This tab provides an overview of all unmet needs during the requested period. If a need is unmet, it will be displayed in **red**.



- Hourly Needs

This tab provides an initial overview of hourly needs. If a need is unmet, it will be displayed in red.

For more details, **click on the icon**  **or on**  **the specific cells.**

Hourly Resources

This tab provides an initial overview of hourly resources.

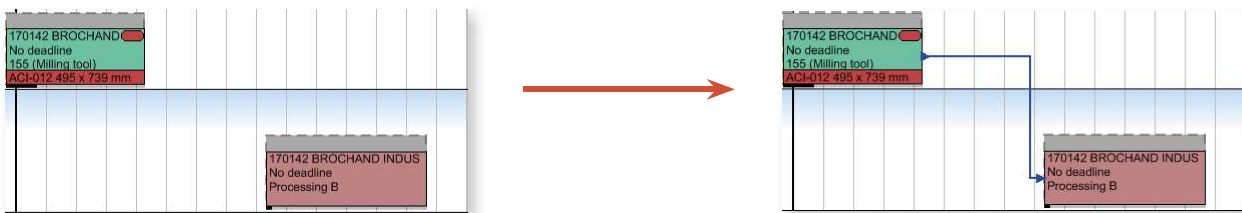
As with the other tabs, if you need to view more details, **click on the icon**  **or on**  **the specific cells.**

5.5. Creating routes

Direct Planning allows the creation of links between jobs. Routes can be defined as sets of jobs which must be performed in a specific chronological order. A route implies the respect of time constraints. A route contains a number of jobs which can belong to one or more machines.

5.5.1. Creating routes quickly

To create simple links, select two jobs to connect, right-click on one of them and select **Link selected jobs to each other**:



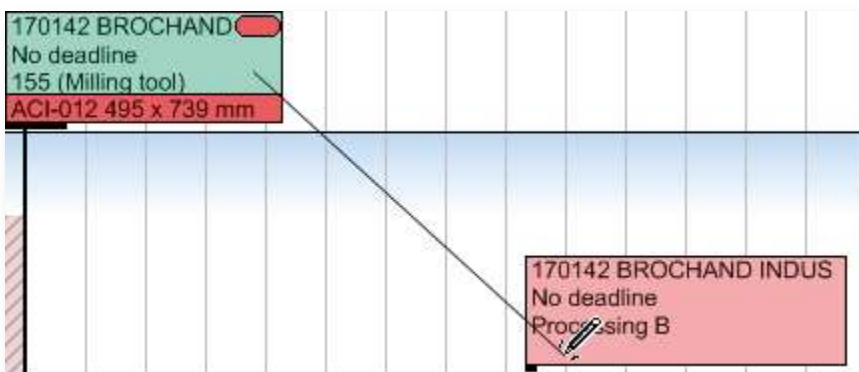
This mode is completed by the **Link creation** mode which is more exhaustive and allows to create more complex links.

5.5.2. Link creation mode

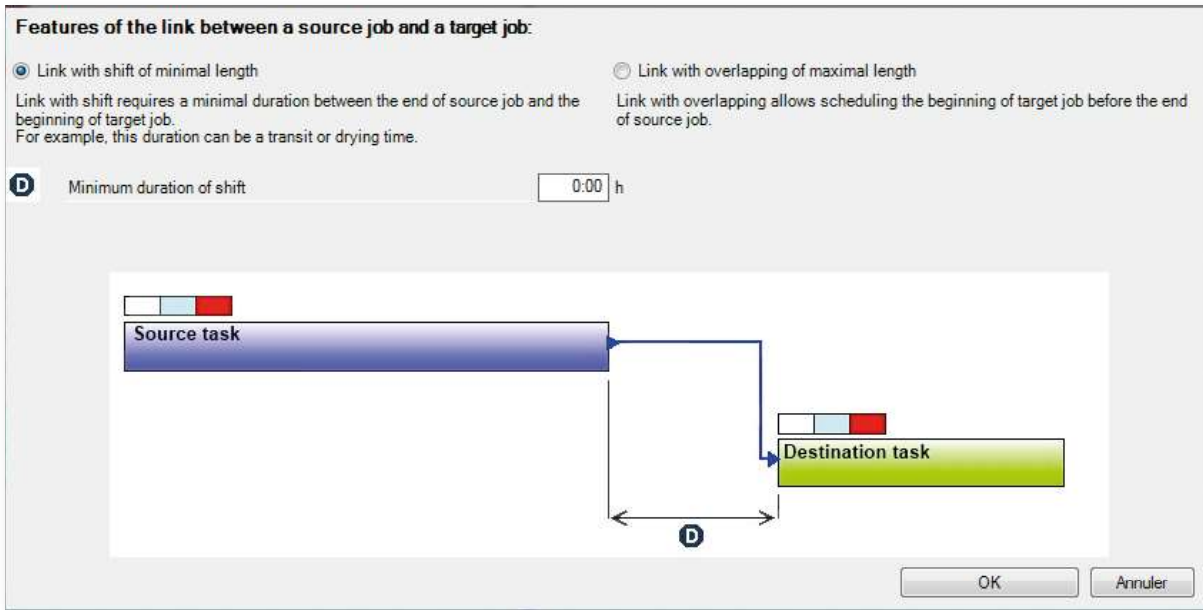
This mode can be accessed via the **Edit > Link creation (Ctrl+I)** tab.

Switching to Link creation mode turns the pointer of your mouse into a pencil: 

This pencil allows to “draw” links between jobs, by moving it from a job to the other.



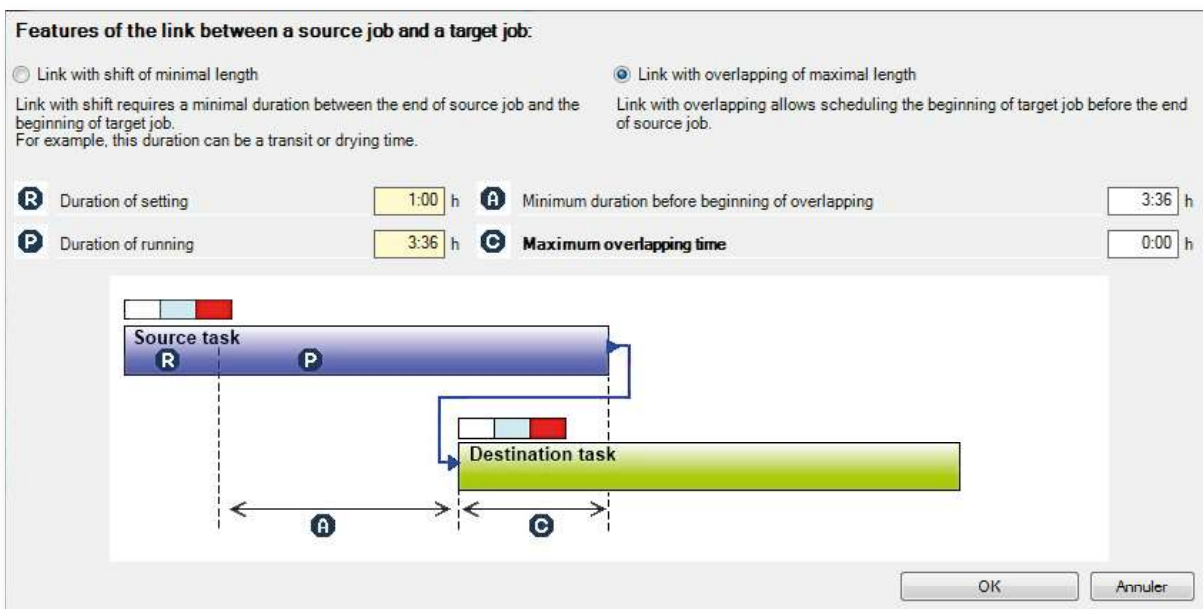
When releasing the mouse, the link creation window displays to configure the gap between jobs:



Two options display when linking two jobs:

1. **Link with shift of minimal length** (above): this option is recommended when the jobs must not overlap. Setting the **Minimum duration of shift** field to 0:00 h makes the destination job start right after the source job.

2. **Link with overlapping of maximal length**:



This option allows to handle job overlapping. In our example, the destination job can start **10 minutes** before the end of the source job (zone C). Otherwise, see it the other way, thinking that you have to wait **3h26** after the setting of the source job (zone A) before starting the destination job (which boils down to the same thing).

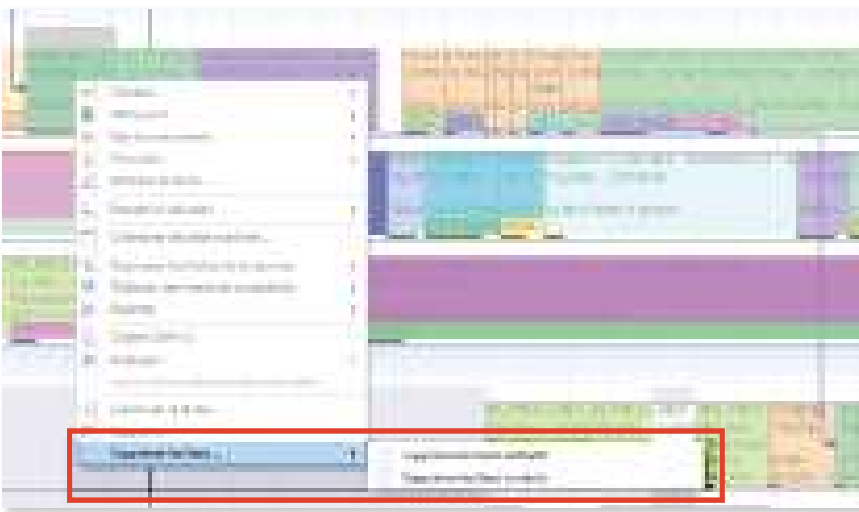
In both cases, Direct Planning relies on the P running time and recalculates A from C or C from A.

To **modify/delete** a link, the quickest method is to right-click on it and choose the associated option:



Deletion of links between jobs

To help you delete links between jobs, an entry is available when right-clicking on a job. If you select a single job of the route, the **Delete links ...** menu will offer two actions: **Delete incoming links** and **Delete outgoing links**:






If multiple jobs are selected, this menu will offer the **Delete links between selected jobs** action.



5.5.3. Visual appearance of links





Trail

Links are materialised by lines which can take 3 different aspects depending on the case:

Appearance	Type	Description
	Solid line	Exact chaining
	Dotted line	Gap
	Dotted line and dots	Overlapping

Colour of links

The administrator can configure the display mode to have colour links reflect the progress of the route. Link colours are based on the following rules:

Colour	Type of link
	Link whose upstream job is complete
	Link whose upstream job is started
	Link within a route in which there is one or more started or completed job
	Link within a route with no started job

Examples:

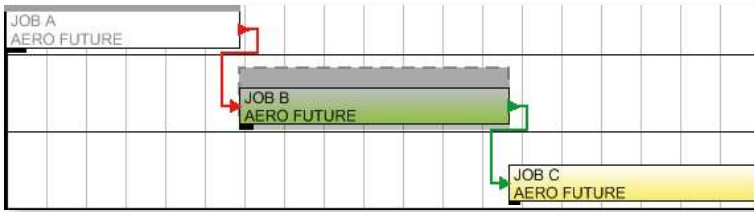


◀ No job of the route has started: all links are displayed **in blue**.



◀ Job A has started: the A-B link are displayed **in orange**.

The B-C link displays **in green** to indicate that a job of the route has started.



◀ Job A is complete: the A-B link is displayed **in red**.

The B-C link displays **in green** to indicate that a job of the route has started (in this case it is completed).

Link visibility

It is possible to display only the direct links for the selected job. The inbound and outbound links for the selected job will be the only links displayed.

To this end, check the **Only display direct links** box under the **Display** tab of the ribbon:

Only display direct links



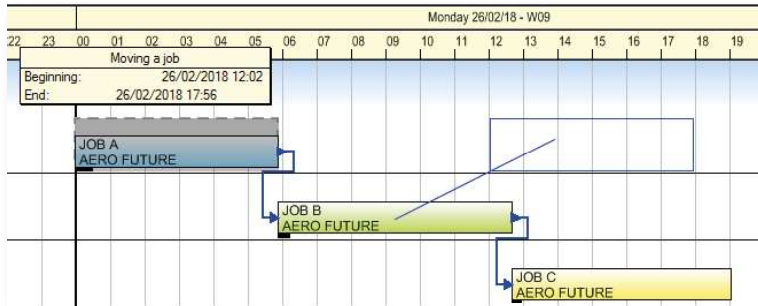
Only display direct links



In both cases, job C is selected: whether or not **Only display direct links** option is checked, Direct Planning displays or hides link between jobs A and B.

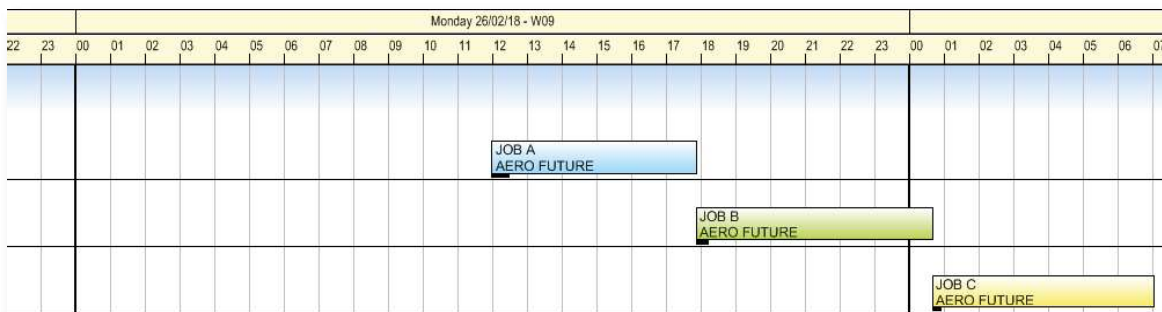
5.5.4. Manipulating routes

When moving a job belonging to a route, the other jobs of the route may also be moved depending on the route constraints:

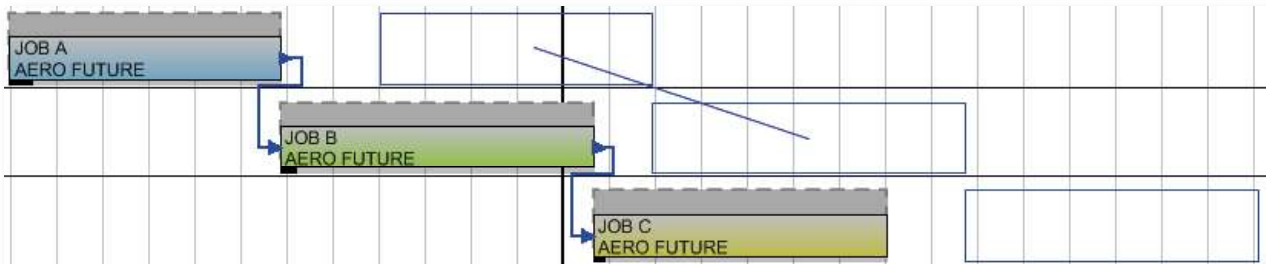


◀ In this example, the first job (A) of the route is moved to make it start at 12:00.

▼ Notice below that because jobs B and C are scheduled to start right after job A, they are also moved.



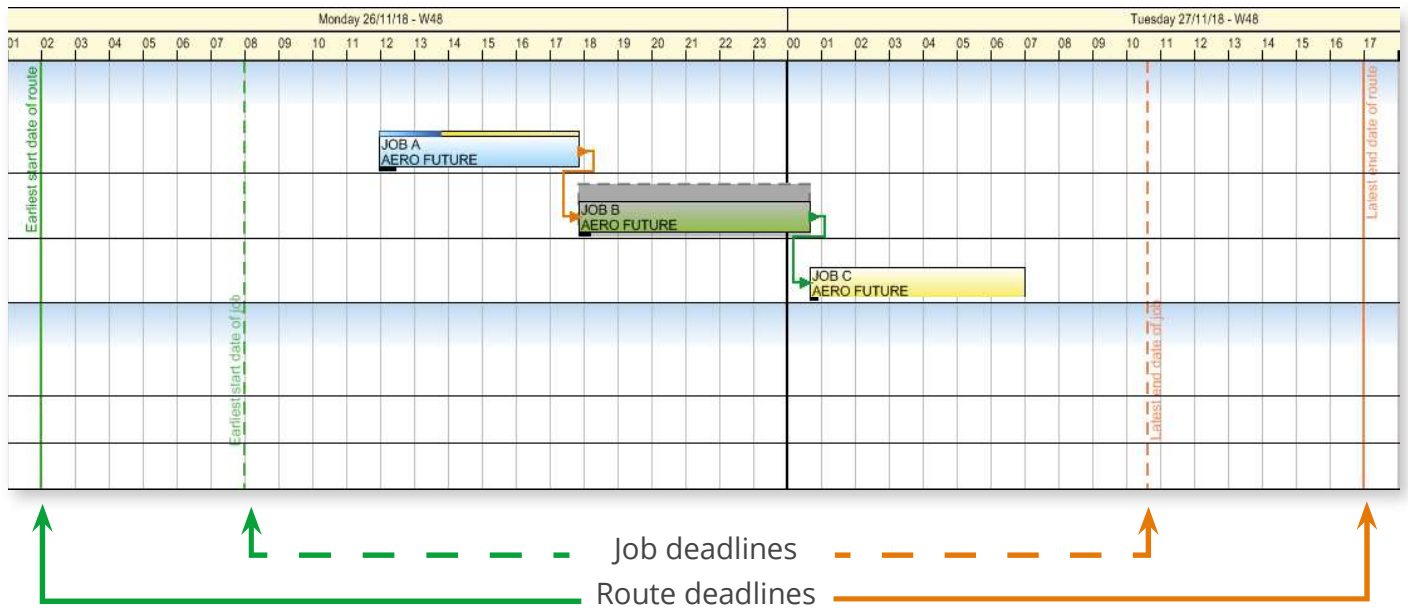
Select the different jobs of the route to preview their location after movement (materialised by blue rectangles):



5.5.5. Route deadlines

In the schedule, deadlines are materialised by vertical lines. They are displayed for jobs, routes and groups of jobs.

In the schedule, when you select a job, its deadlines display as vertical dotted lines (in **green** for the earliest start date and in **orange** for the latest end date). If the job belongs to a route, its deadlines display as vertical dotted lines (in **green** for the earliest start date and in **orange** for the latest end date), as in the following example:



5.6. Managing calendars

The calendar is used to define the following periods, for each machine:

- Regular activity periods
- Exceptional activity periods (occasional work overloads, extra opening days, etc.)
- Regular inactivity periods (periods outside working hours, periods of equipment maintenance, etc.)
- Occasional and planned inactivity periods (public holidays, vacations, etc.)
- Occasional and unplanned inactivity periods (sick leaves, machine downtime, etc.)

5.6.1. Standard days

The definition of standard days is required to create a calendar. You must create at least one standard day to indicate your machine operating hours.

Standard days are available by clicking on **Calendars > Standard days** in the ribbon:



A standard day is defined by a designation and some shifts:

#	Code	Designation	Morning	Afternoon	Night	Day
1	JT6	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	JT7	06:00 - 20:00 (2x7)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	JT8	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	JT9	05:00 - 13:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	JT10	06:00 - 13:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	JT11	13:00 - 21:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7	JT12	13:00 - 20:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8	JT13	07:00 - 15:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
9	JT_24H	24h worked	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
10	JT_FERIE	Holiday	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11	JT_NT	Closure	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Click on **New** to create a new standard day.

Enter a designation for this standard day and define a work shift. By default, no box is checked, which is why Direct Planning displays **Non-working day**.

Clicking on a shift opens a zone to enter the corresponding times as well as break periods, when appropriate:

Worked shifts

Morning Afternoon Night Day

Morning shift from 05:00 to 11:00 Shift duration: 06 h 00

Break 1 from 08:00 to 08:15

Break 2

◀ When you enter the working hours for the shift, Direct Planning automatically calculates the corresponding duration.

Multiple shifts can be checked for the same standard day:

Worked shifts

Morning Afternoon Night Day

Morning shift from 05:00 to 11:00 Shift duration: 06 h 00

Break 1 from 08:00 to 08:15

Break 2

Afternoon shift from 13:00 to 21:00 Shift duration: 08 h 00

Break 1 from 17:00 to 17:30

Break 2

Click on **Save and close** to return to the list of standard days. Note that certain standard days are shown in blue in this list. These are preconfigured system standard days that you cannot delete but for which you can change the designation.

Click on **Use cases** to display standard weeks leveraging the selected standard day:

Use cases of standard day 'Special'

This standard day is used:

...

Modify

In standard week:

Standard 7h-15h15

Complete

This screen is not only informative: selecting a standard week allows to modifying it by clicking on the **Modify** button at the top right hand corner.

More information about standard weeks in the next section.

5.6.2. Standard weeks

Standard weeks follow the same principles as standard days: whereas standard days break down into working hours, standard weeks break down into standard days.

You can access standard weeks by clicking on **Calendars > Standard weeks** in the ribbon:



When you click on this button, you get the list of standard weeks configured for the schedule:

#	Code	Designation	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
1	ST10	2x8	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		
2	ST11	2x8 + Saturday 5h-13h	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 13:00	
2	ST_24H	Worked 24hrs	24h worked	24h worked	24h worked	24h worked	24h worked	24h worked	24h worked
3	ST12	2x8 + Saturday 5h-21h	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	
3	ST_STD	Worked 24h excluding weekend	24h worked	24h worked	24h worked	24h worked	24h worked	Closure	Closure
4	ST13	3x8	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	
5	ST14	3x8 + Saturday 5h-13h	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 13:00	
6	ST15	3x8 + Saturday 5h-21h	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 05:00 (3x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	
7	ST16	Morning 5h-13h	05:00 - 13:00	05:00 - 13:00	05:00 - 13:00	05:00 - 13:00	05:00 - 13:00		
8	ST17	Morning 6h-13h	06:00 - 13:00	06:00 - 13:00	06:00 - 13:00	06:00 - 13:00	06:00 - 13:00		
9	ST18	Standard 7h-15h15	07:00 - 15:00	07:00 - 15:00	07:00 - 15:00	07:00 - 15:00	07:00 - 15:00		
10	ST9	2x7	06:00 - 20:00 (2x7)	06:00 - 20:00 (2x7)	06:00 - 20:00 (2x7)	06:00 - 20:00 (2x7)	06:00 - 20:00 (2x7)		
11	ST_NT	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure

Click on **New** to create a new standard week:

Modification: Standard week < 2x8 + Saturday 5h-13h >

Designation: Standard week

Color: [Yellow]

Working days: Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat. Sun.

Monday

Standard day: 05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)

Specific time slot: Morning : 05:00 - 13:00 Afternoon : 13:00 - 21:00

Tuesday

Standard day: 05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)

Specific time slot: Morning : 05:00 - 13:00 Afternoon : 13:00 - 21:00

Wednesday

Standard day: 05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)

Specific time slot: Morning : 05:00 - 13:00 Afternoon : 13:00 - 21:00

Thursday

Standard day: 05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)

Specific time slot: Morning : 05:00 - 13:00 Afternoon : 13:00 - 21:00

Friday

Standard day: 05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)

Specific time slot: Morning : 05:00 - 13:00 Afternoon : 13:00 - 21:00

Saturday

Standard day: 05:00 - 13:00

Specific time slot: Morning : 05:00 - 13:00

Sunday

Standard day: Non-working day

Specific time slot:

Standard days... Save and Close Cancel

◀ After choosing a designation and a colour for the week, you assign a standard day to each day of the week.

Click on to pick from the list of standard days and on to view the details of the standard day.

If you wish to create a day without creating a standard day, click on **Specific time slot**. You can create specific working hours from a standard day if you select it beforehand.

The **Standard days...** button gives access to the configuration of standard days.

By default (if you do not check anything), the week day is a non-working day (similar to the **Closing** standard day in our example).

Colour of a standard week



Colours play an important role in the visual identification of weeks in a calendar. A colour is automatically proposed by default for each standard week. You can modify the colour of the week conventionally or click on the colour square corresponding to each day of the week.

Modification of standard days/weeks through import of a file

In the same fashion as you can modify dynamically your machine calendars, by assigning standard days and/or weeks with given week and days, you can now perform these operations using the following import commands:

Command	Description
CAL-ST-L	Addition/Modification/Deletion of the standard week of a given week, using the designation of this standard week.
CAL-ST-C	Addition/Modification/Deletion of the standard week of a given week, using the code of this standard week.
CAL-JT-L	Addition/Modification/Deletion of the standard day of a given date, using the designation of this standard day.
CAL-JT-C	Addition/Modification/Deletion of the standard day of a given date, using the code of this standard day.

Example of modification of the standard week using its designation (CAL-ST-L command):

Before importing: On machine 2100, the standard week assigned with week 12 is the "2x8 Even weeks" week:

Detailed view of a calendar

Year: 2016

Calendar: 2100 KBA 6 Colours

Annual standard week: 3x8 Uneven weeks

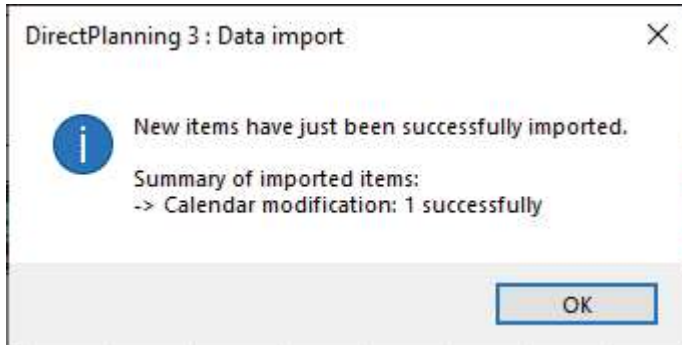
WeekTo	From	Standard week	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
6	08/02	14/02	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Not worked
7	15/02	21/02	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Friday 3x8
8	22/02	28/02	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Not worked
9	29/02	06/03	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Friday 3x8
10	07/03	13/03	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Not worked
11	14/03	20/03	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Friday 3x8
12	21/03	27/03	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	Not worked
13	28/03	05/04	Holiday	3x8	3x8	3x8	Friday 3x8

The import file will modify this week by running the following command:

```
# TASK;Version;Action;ID MACHINE;DATE;CODE
CAL-ST-L;4;CM;2100;21/03/2016;3x8 Even weeks
```

Syntax : Job ; Version, Action, Machine code, 1st day of the week, designation of the new standard week

The following import confirms that the command was taken into account:



Result: The standard week of week 12 is now the week labelled "3x8 Even weeks":

Detailed view of a calendar

Year: 2016

Calendar: 2100 KBA 6 Colours

Annual standard week: 3x8 Uneven weeks

Copy to...

Period selection

WeekTo	From	Standard week	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
6	08/02	14/02	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Not worked
7	15/02	21/02	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Friday 3x8
8	22/02	28/02	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Not worked
9	29/02	06/03	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Friday 3x8
10	07/03	13/03	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Not worked
11	14/03	20/03	3x8	3x8	3x8	3x8	Friday 3x8
12	21/03	27/03	2x8	3x8	3x8	2x8	Not worked
13	28/03	03/04	Holiday	3x8	3x8	3x8	Friday 3x8

Observations

- Just like for the manual modification of the standard week, forced days are not affected by this command (Monday and Thursday of week 12 in the example above).
- Likewise, the annual standard week and holidays are not affected, their configuration being done once for the whole year.

5.6.3. General view of calendars

After defining at least one standard day and one standard week, you can define your calendars.

The general view of calendars is available by clicking on **Calendars > Overview of calendars**:



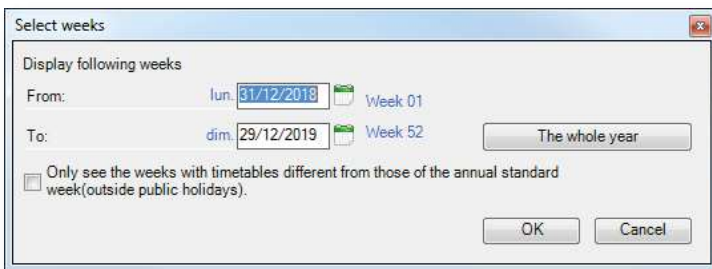
WeekFrom		To	Usinex 1 (550 mm max)	Usinex 2 (700 mm max)	Equiva 1	Equiva 2	Speedex (special proc.)	Outsourced processing
1	31/12 2018	06/01						
2	07/01	13/01						
3	14/01	20/01						
4	21/01	27/01						
5	28/01	03/02						

This screen is still empty because no calendars have been yet created. The quick action icons in the upper-right corner give access to the configuration of standard days/weeks and public holidays. Follow these steps to configure the new calendar:

1. Selection of the new calendar scope:



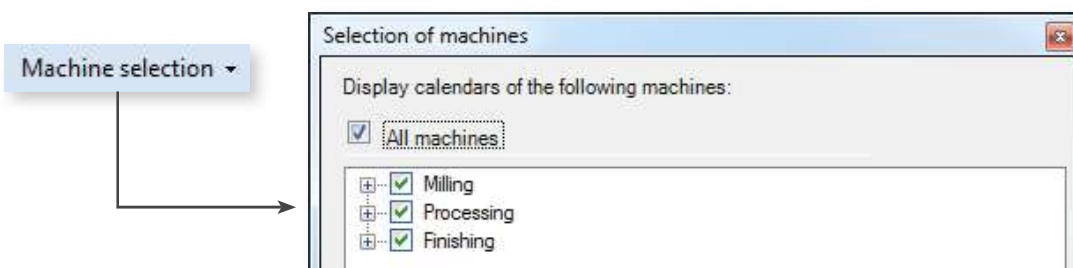
You can refine the selection of scope by clicking on **Period selection**:



◀ Use this screen to narrow the display of the calendar.

In this example, the calendar will only display the second semester for the year 2018: weeks 26 to 52.

2. Selection of machines governed by the calendar:



When this is configured, the selected machines are the only ones displayed in table column headers.

OUR ADVICE



You do not have to filter the list of machines: you may as well leave them all displayed, even if they are governed by different calendars. When creating calendars, you will have the option to do this by selecting the concerned machines beforehand.


3. Now that the “When” and “What” questions are answered, we can start to fill the calendar with an annual standard week, which will be discussed in more details in the next section.

5.6.4. Annual standard week

The annual standard week: defines the reference standard week used throughout the year. You will be able to add exceptions at a later stage.

First select the weeks/machines governed by the annual standard week (the selected cells are shown in blue):

- You can click on a column to select a machine and all the weeks of the calendar.
- You can “draw” a rectangle with your mouse to select the machines/weeks of your choice.
- You can select all machines and all weeks by right-clicking in the calendar and choosing **Select all cells**.

When your selection is made, click on the  button, in the lower part, on the **Annual standard week** line.

The annual standard week selection window opens, listing the standard weeks previously configured.

Select a standard week, which will populate the selected cells:

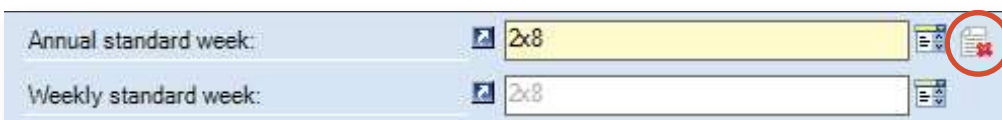
This sequence of tasks is shown below:

#	Designation
1	2x8
2	2x8 + Saturday 5h-13h
3	2x8 + Saturday 5h-21h
4	3x8

Period selection		Machine selection	
Week	From	To	Usinex 1 (550 mm max)
1	31/12 2018	06/01	2x8
2	07/01	13/01	2x8
3	14/01	20/01	2x8
4	21/01	27/01	2x8
5	28/01	03/02	2x8
▶ 6	04/02	10/02	2x8
7	11/02	17/02	2x8
8	18/02	24/02	2x8
9	25/02	03/03	2x8

Annual standard week applied to the Usinex 1 machine

To delete an annual standard week from the calendar, selected the concerned weeks and click on the icon circled below:



For the sake of readability, this documentation offers a narrow view of the calendar. However, you should adopt an holistic vision, in particular to benefit from the colours associated to standard days/weeks:

Week	From	To	Usinex 1 (550 mm max)	Usinex 2 (700 mm max)	Equiva 1	Equiva 2	Speedex (special proc.)	Outsourced processing	Finishing machine 1	Finishing machine 2
			2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
▶ 1	02/01	08/01	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
2	09/01	15/01	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
3	16/01	22/01	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
4	23/01	29/01	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
5	30/01	05/02	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
6	06/02	12/02	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
7	13/02	19/02	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
8	20/02	26/02	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
9	27/02	05/03	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
10	06/03	12/03	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
11	13/03	19/03	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
12	20/03	26/03	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
13	27/03	02/04	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
14	03/04	09/04	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
15	10/04	16/04	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
16	17/04	23/04	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
17	24/04	30/04	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
18	01/05	07/05	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
19	08/05	14/05	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
20	15/05	21/05	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
21	22/05	28/05	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
22	29/05	04/06	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
23	05/06	11/06	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
24	12/06	18/06	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
25	19/06	25/06	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
26	26/06	02/07	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
27	03/07	09/07	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
28	10/07	16/07	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
29	17/07	23/07	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
30	24/07	30/07	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
31	31/07	06/08	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x8	2x7	2x7
32	07/08	13/08	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure
33	14/08	20/08	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure	Closure

5.6.5. Weekly standard week

You can force weeks (which are different from the annual standard week) for certain machines. In a way, this action is like managing exceptions.

To do this, you must first select the concerned weeks and machines before choosing a week:

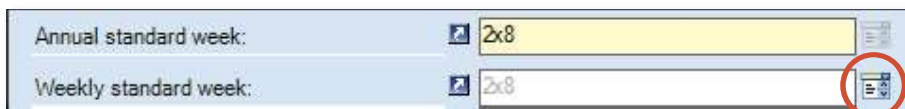
Period selection			Machine selection	
			Usinex 1 (550 mm max)	Usinex 2 (700 mm max)
Week	From	To	2x8	2x8
1	02/01	08/01	2x8	2x8
2	09/01	15/01	2x8	2x8
3	16/01	22/01	2x8	2x8
4	23/01	29/01	2x8	2x8
5	30/01	05/02	2x8	2x8
6	06/02	12/02	2x8	2x8
7	13/02	19/02	2x8	2x8
8	20/02	26/02	2x8	2x8
9	27/02	05/03	2x8	2x8

◀ Usinex 1 and Usinex 2 machines are currently subject to the annual standard week previously configured (2x8).

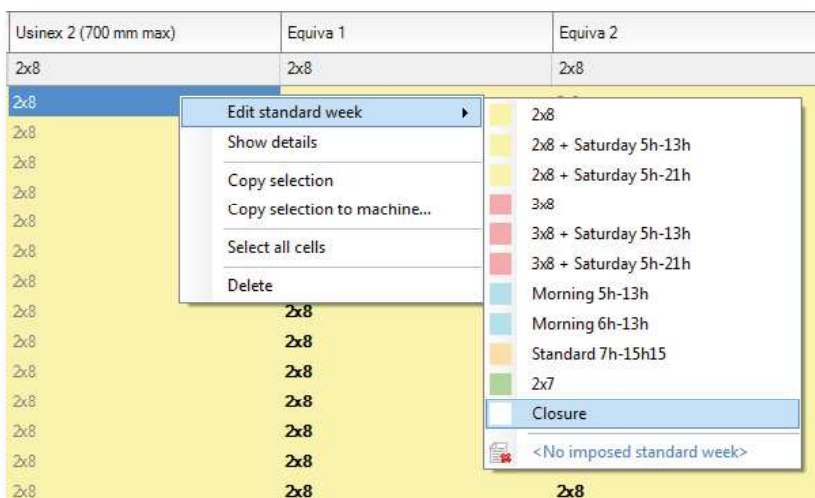
Let's assign them the **Closure** standard week for the 1st week of the calendar year.

2 methods offer the ability to can force a weekly standard week:

Method 1: by clicking at the bottom of the screen on the **Weekly standard week** line, in a similar way as for configuring the annual standard week:



Method 2: by right clicking on the selected week, and choosing **Edit standard week**:



The weekly standard week **Closure** displays in W1 for machines Usinex 1 and Usinex 2:

Period selection		Machine selection		Usinex 1 (550 mm max)	Usinex 2 (700 mm max)
Week	From	To	2x8	2x8	
1	02/01	08/01	Closure	Closure	
2	09/01	15/01	2x8	2x8	
3	16/01	22/01	2x8	2x8	
4	23/01	29/01	2x8	2x8	
5	30/01	05/02	2x8	2x8	
6	06/02	12/02	2x8	2x8	
7	13/02	19/02	2x8	2x8	
8	20/02	26/02	2x8	2x8	
9	27/02	05/03	2x8	2x8	

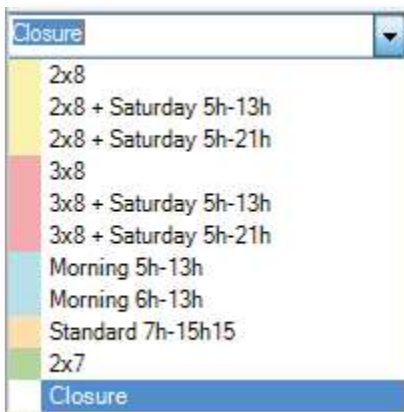
REMINDER



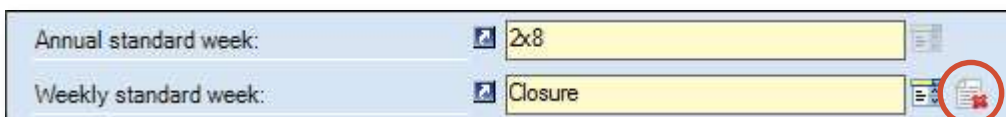
As a general rule, remember that the right-click always opens a context menu with the most common actions.

Right-click to view the available choices! Try on a selection of weeks/machines, on a column header (that is the name of a machine), on a week, etc.

To modify a weekly standard week for a single machine, a rapid method is to double-click on the corresponding cell, displaying the standard weeks available in a dropdown list:



In the same way as to delete an annual standard week, click on the icon circled below to delete a weekly standard week:



5.6.6. Displaying week details

To display the details of the selected week, right click on the concerned week and click on **Show details**.


Monday	16/01/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		Friday	20/01/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	
Tuesday	17/01/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		Saturday	21/01/2017	Non-working day	
Wednesday	18/01/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		Sunday	22/01/2017	Non-working day	
Thursday	19/01/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)					

This detailed view provides you with 2 choices:

1. Force one or more days within this week (exception at the level of the day).
2. Force the working hours for a specific day (exception at the level of the working hours for a day).

Two cases may occur:


- Your selection covers a single week, the 7 days are displayed in details. You can modify the dates of your choice. If you modify one of these days, your modification will only affect that very day, unique in the year. :
- Your selection straddles multiple identical weeks. If you modify any of the 7 days, Monday for example, your modification will apply to all Mondays of your selection.

To force an exceptional day within the week, click on the  icon in the line of the affected day and select the standard day of your choice. The new standard day displays in the detailed view:

Monday	16/01/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		Friday	20/01/2017	06:00 - 13:00	
Tuesday	17/01/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		Saturday	21/01/2017	Non-working day	
Wednesday	18/01/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		Sunday	22/01/2017	Non-working day	
Thursday	19/01/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)					


In the example above, an exceptional day is configured on the Friday. Visually, this exceptional day stands out from the others with its yellow background. In the calendar, the week displays in bold to indicate that it contains an exception:

Usinex 1 (550 mm max)
2x8
Closure
2x8
2x8
2x8

To force exceptional working hours within the week, click on the  icon in the line of the affected day and select the hours of your choice. The new standard hours display in the detailed view:

Monday	13/02/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		Friday	17/02/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	
Tuesday	14/02/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		Saturday	18/02/2017	Non-working day	
Wednesday	15/02/2017	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)		Sunday	19/02/2017	Non-working day	
Thursday	16/02/2017	Modification of 05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)					

In the example above, an exceptional day is configured on the Thursday. Visually, this exceptional day stands out from the others thanks to its pink background. Similar as when we impose a standard day, the week displays in bold to indicate that it contains an exception.

The  icon only shows the hours for the selected day.

Whether the change affects days or hours, a warning informs you that the week was modified:

Warning, imposed days

At the bottom right of the window, a caption reminds the status of standard days according to their typography:

Caption of standard days:

- Inherited
- Imposed**
- Exceptional time slot

Another caption is also available at the top right of the window, when clicking on the  icon:

Legend of colors of grid

- Standard week inherited from annual standard week
- Forced, weekly standard week
- Standard week containing a forced or exceptional standard day**

◀ You can move this window where you want in the general view of calendars.

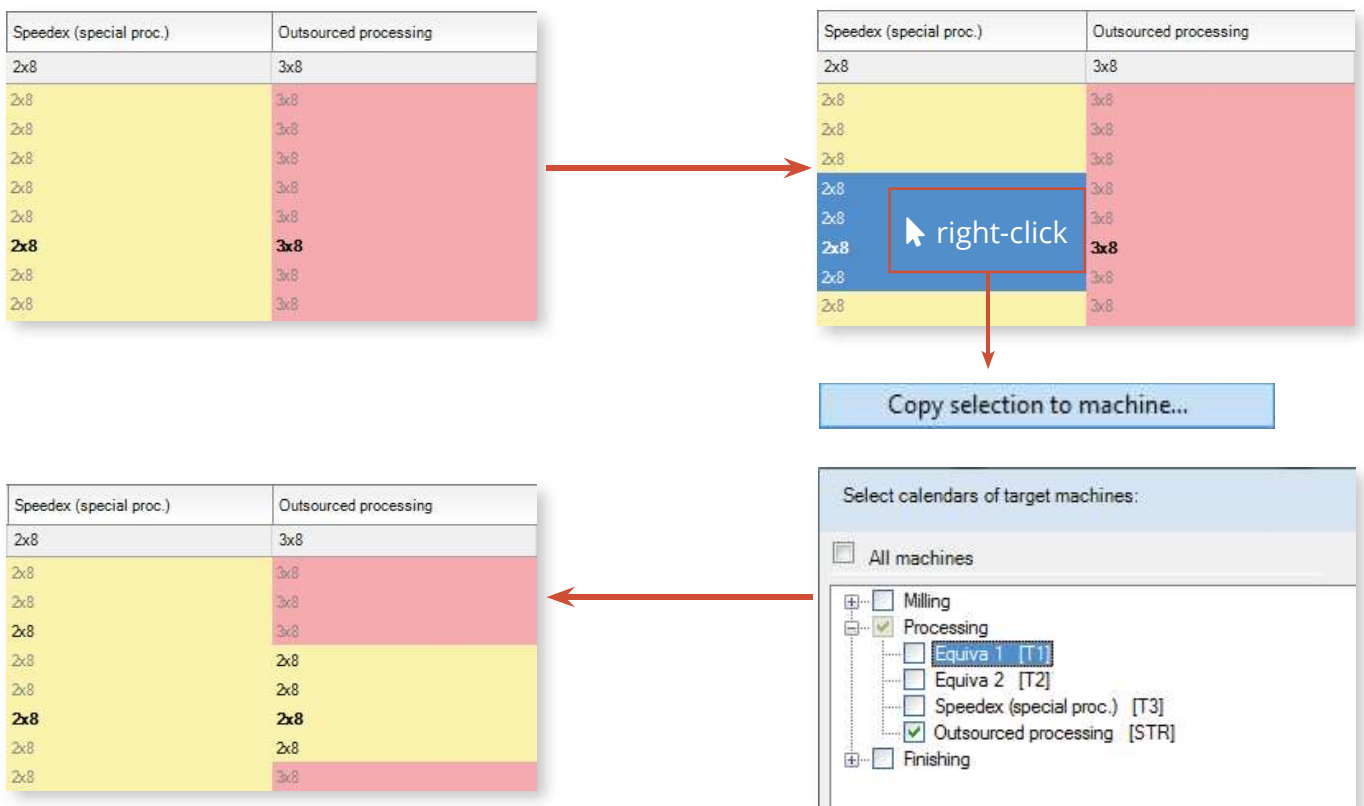
5.6.7. Copying/pasting/deleting in the calendar

These operations mimic Windows standard functions, briefly reminded below:

Before any copy, you must select a cell or a range of cells to copy.

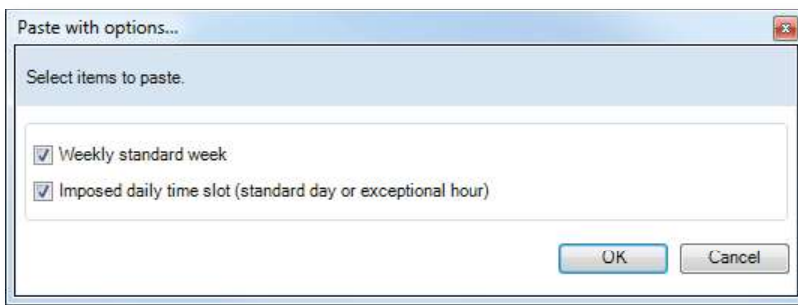
After selecting cells, the following operations are available:

- Copy/paste selection: use Windows standard Ctrl+C/Ctrl+V shortcuts to copy/paste jobs quickly in your calendar. Otherwise, these actions are also available from the context menu on a cell.
- Copy selection to machine: if your selection covers only one machine, you can copy it to one or more other machines. Select the weeks and choose **Copy selection to machine** in the context menu:



This will make an exact copy of weeks

- Paste selection with options: this special paste function is available to choose the elements to paste:

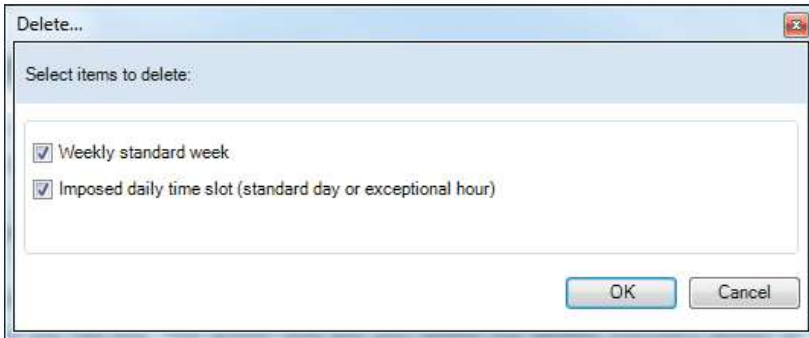


- Copy/paste the whole calendar of a machine: click on a column header to select the whole calendar of a machine. In the context menu, select **Copy calendar** or **Copy calendar to machine**. Then click

on the column header corresponding to the destination machine and click on **Paste calendar** or select directly the destination machine after clicking on **Copy calendar to machine**.

Deleting calendar elements

Different options are available to delete calendar elements. The simplest way is to select the desired weeks/machines and press the **Del** key. This action only lets you delete the weekly standard weeks or the exceptional days/hours applied to the selection:



Checking these two options resets the week to the annual standard week.

Completely deleting a calendar

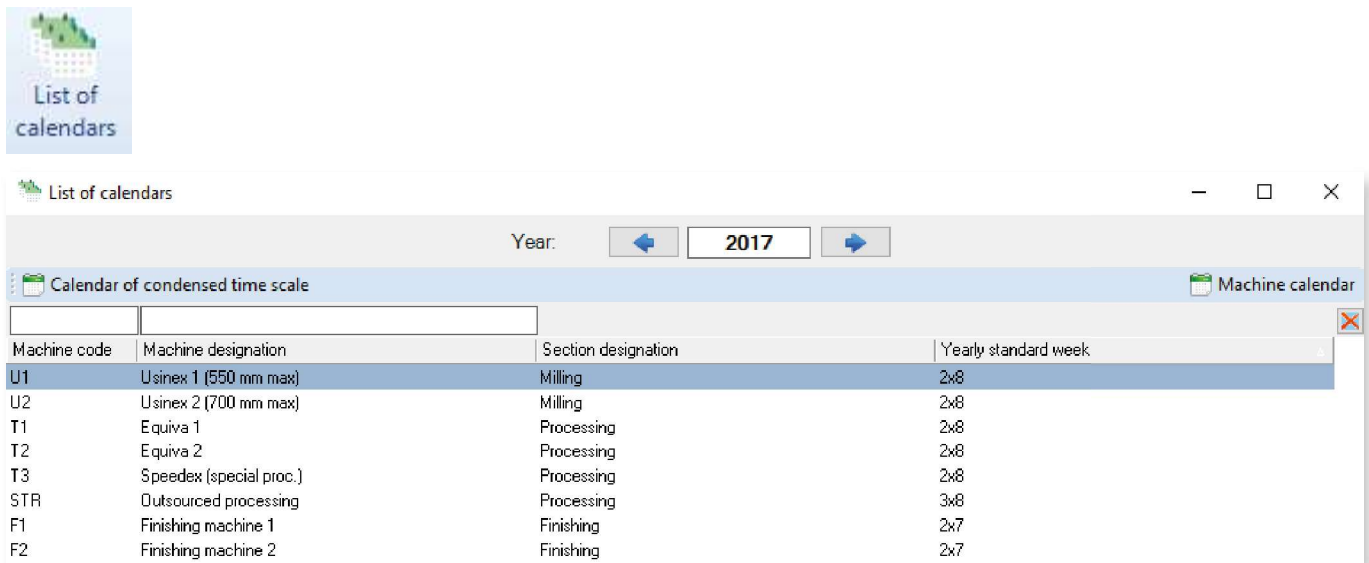
To delete the annual standard week of a machine and clear its calendar, right-click on the column header and choose **Delete annual standard week** > **< No imposed standard week >**. You will be asked to confirm.



This operation cannot be cancelled!

5.6.8. Displaying the list of calendars

Click on **List of calendars** under the **Calendars** tab of the ribbon to view the list of calendars:



The list of calendars displays all the calendars configured for each machine of your schedule. To view the calendar of a machine, select a machine and click on **Machine calendar**, thereby opening its **Detailed view** (see next section).

The list of calendars also enables you to view the **Calendar of condensed time scale**. This calendar defines the periods which will be hidden when selecting the **Compact time scale** option, under the **Display** tab.

This screen allows the definition of non working hours shared by all your machines, which need not be displayed. Therefore, the calendar of condensed time scale affects your company as a whole. The condensed time scale is configured the same way as standard calendars.

Note

Breaks affecting day shifts **are hidden** by the condensed time scale.

This preserves the existing behaviour when switching from Direct Planning 1 to a newer version of Direct Planning. Indeed, in this case, old working hours are all converted to day shifts, regardless of the actual hours.

On the other hand, breaks affecting Morning, Afternoon and Night shifts **are not hidden**.

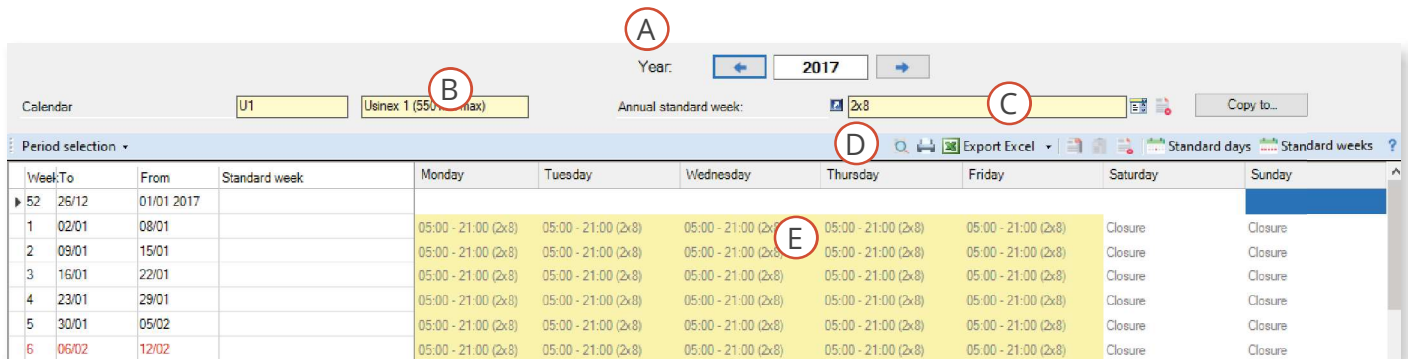
This avoids having to create standard days and standard weeks dedicated to the condensed time scale.

5.6.9. Detailed view

The detailed view offers an overall picture of a calendar (for a machine).

Each line of the table represents a week, whereas each column represents one of the 7 days of the week.

The background colour is directly linked with the colour of the standard week:



Calendar: U1 Usinex 1 (550 max) Annual standard week: 2x8

Year: 2017

Period selection: Standard days Standard weeks

WeekTo	From	Standard week	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
52	26/12	01/01 2017							
1	02/01	08/01	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	Closure	Closure
2	09/01	15/01	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	Closure	Closure
3	16/01	22/01	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	Closure	Closure
4	23/01	29/01	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	Closure	Closure
5	30/01	05/02	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	Closure	Closure
6	06/02	12/02	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	05:00 - 21:00 (2x8)	Closure	Closure

The upper part displays:

- The year of the calendar (A);
- The affected machine (B);
- The configured annual standard week (that you can modify, delete or copy to another machine) (C);
- The standard shortcut icons (D); and
- The calendar itself (E).



Weekly standard week: 2x8 for the week 1 from 02/01/2017 to 08/01/2017

Standard day: 05:00 - 21:00 (2x8) for Monday 02/01/2017

Morning shift from 05:00 to 13:00 Afternoon shift from 13:00 to 21:00

Break 1 Break 1

Caption of standard days: Inherited Imposed Exceptional time slot

The lower part of the screen displays functions similar to those of the general view, with the ability to configure weekly standard weeks and exceptional standard days.

Graphic indications, summarised at the bottom right in the caption, are the same as in the general view.

5.6.10. Management of public holidays

Use this function to select public holidays for all or part of your machines.
It is available under the **Calendars > Management of public holidays** tab:



Management of public holidays

Year:

Select calendars	Select public holidays	Select an action																																																								
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All calendars <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Milling <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Processing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Finishing	Country: <input type="text" value="United Kingdom"/> Customize this list <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sel.</th> <th>Date</th> <th>Wording</th> <th>Group</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td>01/01/2018</td><td>New year's day</td><td>Official</td></tr> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td>02/01/2018</td><td>New year's day</td><td>Partial</td></tr> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td>17/03/2018</td><td>Saint Patrick's Day</td><td>Partial</td></tr> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td>30/03/2018</td><td>Good Friday</td><td>Unofficial</td></tr> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td>01/04/2018</td><td>Easter</td><td>Unofficial</td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td>02/04/2018</td><td>Easter Monday</td><td>Official</td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td>07/05/2018</td><td>May Day Bank Holiday</td><td>Official</td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td>28/05/2018</td><td>Spring Bank Holiday</td><td>Official</td></tr> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td>12/07/2018</td><td>Orangemen's Day</td><td>Partial</td></tr> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td>06/08/2018</td><td>Summer Bank Holiday</td><td>Partial</td></tr> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td>27/08/2018</td><td>Summer Bank Holiday</td><td>Partial</td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td>25/12/2018</td><td>Christmas day</td><td>Official</td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td>26/12/2018</td><td>Boxing day</td><td>Official</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sel.	Date	Wording	Group	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	01/01/2018	New year's day	Official	<input type="checkbox"/>	02/01/2018	New year's day	Partial	<input type="checkbox"/>	17/03/2018	Saint Patrick's Day	Partial	<input type="checkbox"/>	30/03/2018	Good Friday	Unofficial	<input type="checkbox"/>	01/04/2018	Easter	Unofficial	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	02/04/2018	Easter Monday	Official	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	07/05/2018	May Day Bank Holiday	Official	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	28/05/2018	Spring Bank Holiday	Official	<input type="checkbox"/>	12/07/2018	Orangemen's Day	Partial	<input type="checkbox"/>	06/08/2018	Summer Bank Holiday	Partial	<input type="checkbox"/>	27/08/2018	Summer Bank Holiday	Partial	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	25/12/2018	Christmas day	Official	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	26/12/2018	Boxing day	Official	<input type="button" value="Add selected public holidays"/> <input type="button" value="Delete selected public holidays"/> <input type="button" value="Delete all public holidays"/> <input type="button" value="Close"/>
Sel.	Date	Wording	Group																																																							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	01/01/2018	New year's day	Official																																																							
<input type="checkbox"/>	02/01/2018	New year's day	Partial																																																							
<input type="checkbox"/>	17/03/2018	Saint Patrick's Day	Partial																																																							
<input type="checkbox"/>	30/03/2018	Good Friday	Unofficial																																																							
<input type="checkbox"/>	01/04/2018	Easter	Unofficial																																																							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	02/04/2018	Easter Monday	Official																																																							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	07/05/2018	May Day Bank Holiday	Official																																																							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	28/05/2018	Spring Bank Holiday	Official																																																							
<input type="checkbox"/>	12/07/2018	Orangemen's Day	Partial																																																							
<input type="checkbox"/>	06/08/2018	Summer Bank Holiday	Partial																																																							
<input type="checkbox"/>	27/08/2018	Summer Bank Holiday	Partial																																																							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	25/12/2018	Christmas day	Official																																																							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	26/12/2018	Boxing day	Official																																																							

Follow these steps to add public holidays to your calendar:

1. Check that the year displayed is the current year. If needed, use left and right arrows to display the desired year or type it.
2. Select the relevant calendars. As a reminder, one machine = one calendar.
3. Then select the public holidays in the list.
Above the list of public holidays, check that your country is displayed.
If needed, open the dropdown list to change it.
The background colour of days reflects their nature:
 - Yellow background: official public holidays, checked by default
 - Grey background: public holidays affecting only a portion of the territory, unchecked by default
 - White background: informal public holidays, unchecked by default
4. On the right, select **Add selected public holidays** to add them to the calendars of the related machines.

Note

The list of public holidays is not static: click on **Customize this list** to import, export, create, modify and delete public holidays.

5.6.11. Tools

The toolbox is available under the **Calendar > Tools** tab:



This menu offers the **Batch processing** to make mass actions on all or part of your calendars (modification or deletion of annual standard weeks, weekly standard weeks or standard days):

Follow the displayed sequence for batch processing:

0. Check that the year displayed is the current year.
1. Select the relevant calendars
2. Select an action to perform on the selected calendars
3. Enter the information required by the selected action:

Modify yearly standard week.

Modify weekly standard week.


Modify standard day.


3. Select an argument

You have chosen to impose a standard day to the selection of calendars.
Public holidays are not affected.

Select standard day to apply.

Select the period which applies :

From jeu.  Week 06

To jeu.  Week 06

Delete calendar for this year.

3. Select an argument


You have chosen to remove the yearly standard weeks from the selection of calendars.


Delete a weekly standard week.

3. Select an argument

You have chosen to remove the week standard weeks from the selection of calendars.

Select the period which applies :

From lun.  Week 06


To dim.  Week 06


Delete a standard day.

3. Select an argument

You have chosen to remove standard days and exceptional time slots from the selection of calendars.
Public holidays are not affected.

Select the period which applies :

From jeu.  Week 06

To jeu.  Week 06

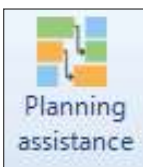
5.7. Planning assistance

Planning assistance encompasses a set of powerful tools to optimise the schedule while also respecting time constraints.

When planning assistance is active, Direct Planning applies the following rules to all jobs located within its scope.

- Respect of route constraints: Within a route, Direct Planning automatically moves all jobs positioned downstream of the moved job in order to respect the precedence constraints. The respect of these constraints can also take into account the duration of gaps and overlaps.
- Jobs which started prematurely are automatically moved to start in time.

To enable planning assistance, click on **Planning assistance** in the ribbon and on the **Planning assistance** button:



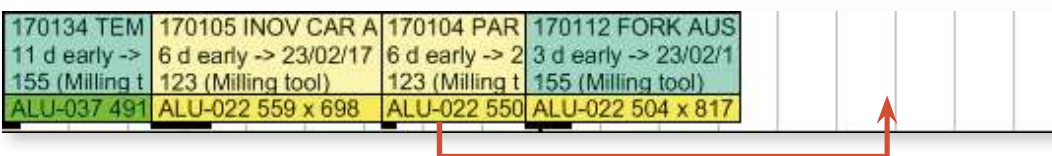
Direct Planning offers 3 adjustment options:



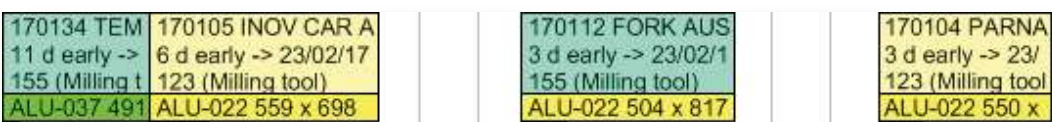
5.7.1. Planning assistance without adjustment

If you select this option, moving the job leave a gap behind it, which is not filled automatically. Similarly, the moved job is not automatically placed against the previous or following job:

Before



After



If the job belongs to a route, the movement also affects the other routed jobs on the same principles.

5.7.2. Planning assistance with adjustment

Adjustment to the left

Adjustment at the earliest (to the left) is used to perform each job as soon as possible.

When active, unjustified gaps between 2 jobs of the same machine are shrunk in order to compact the schedule.

The following illustrates this:

Before

170134 TEM 11 d early -> 155 (Milling t ALU-037 491	170105 INOV CAR A 6 d early -> 23/02/17 123 (Milling tool) ALU-022 559 x 698	170104 PAR 6 d early -> 2 123 (Milling t ALU-022 550	170112 FORK AUS 3 d early -> 23/02/1 155 (Milling tool) ALU-022 504 x 817					
--	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--

After

170134 TEM 11 d early -> 155 (Milling t ALU-037 491	170105 INOV CAR A 6 d early -> 23/02/17 123 (Milling tool) ALU-022 559 x 698	170112 FORK AUS 3 d early -> 23/02/1 155 (Milling tool) ALU-022 504 x 817	170104 PARNA 3 d early -> 23/ 123 (Milling tool) ALU-022 550 x					
--	---	--	---	--	--	--	--	--

Adjustment to the right

Adjustment to the right follows the same principle: jobs are moved as late as possible while also respecting time constraints.

ADMINISTRATION



The administrator can define the behaviour of adjustment to the left/right in **General configuration > Planning assistance** in order to avoid jobs being thrown too far down the schedule.

Screen captures shown on the next page are derived from this screen.

Configuration items that are useful for planning

Start time of the day:

◀ If you choose 05:00 as beginning of the day and limit the left adjustment to the day, then jobs will be pushed leftwards to 05:00.

Adjusting at the earliest

"In case of ""Adjusting at the soonest"" , a job can be automatically moved to the left until this date:"

- The start date of planning assistance specified by the user.
- The current day start of each job. Therefore, a job doesn't move to another day with this adjusting setting.
- The current week start of each job. Therefore, a job doesn't move to another week with this adjusting setting.

Adjusting at the latest

"In case of ""Adjusting at the latest"" , a job can be automatically moved to the right until this date:"

- The end date of planning assistance specified by the user.
- The current day end of each job. Therefore, a job doesn't move to another day with this adjusting setting.
- The current week end of each job. Therefore, a job doesn't move to another week with this adjusting setting.

In the period covered by planning assistance, you can limit the adjustment of jobs at the earliest and latest. In both cases, you can limit the adjustment to the dates configured by the administrator (see next section), to the day or to the week.

These last two cases ensure you that a job will not leave the day or the week in which you affected it.

Boundaries

To function, the planning assistance module needs boundaries defining the time scope of its operations. Therefore, the planning manager has to define these boundaries.

The planning assistance module will only process jobs included in this frame: jobs placed in the distant future will not be affected by planning assistance.

Moreover, we just saw that within this time frame, the administrator can limit the earliest/latest adjustment of jobs to the day or week. Without losing the optimisation offered by the adjustment of jobs, this will ensure you that a job will not leave the day or week to which you assigned it.

To define the boundaries of planning assistance, click on **Planning assistance > Set limit dates** in the ribbon:



Set boundary dates for planning assistance ✕

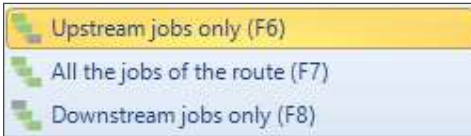
Horizon for planning assistance:

Starts weeks before the current date and spreads over Weeks

06/02/2017: blue vertical, dotted line 15/05/2017: pink vertical, dotted line

5.7.3. Movement with grouping

When moving jobs, users can ask for the jobs of the route to be grouped. This function is available under the **Planning assistance** tab of the ribbon:



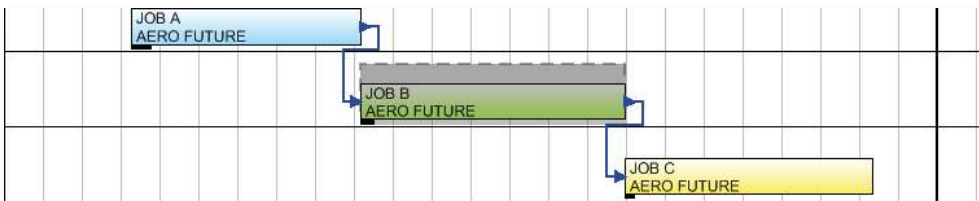
◀ Clicking on these options does not perform the actual movement but defines which jobs will remain grouped after the movement.

To move a job with route grouping, move the route while holding the Alt key.

In the following example, the movement with grouping is activated for All jobs of the route:



When moving job B (to the right or left) while holding Alt, the upstream (A) and downstream (C) jobs are moved as closed as possible to job B:




◀ Jobs belonging to the same route are grouped after a slight shift of job B to the left.

The grouping can also be performed without movement, by right clicking on the job and selecting **Gather the jobs of the route**.

You can also do it for all routes of a machine via the context menu of that machine. This grouping is particularly relevant for schedules which do not benefit from planning assistance. Uncontrolled inputs can lead to route inconsistencies which need rectification (for example when activating planning assistance).


At the machine level, the grouping of jobs is performed to **Fix route inconsistencies**, allowing also to enter the scope of grouping by typing start and end dates:


 Fix route inconsistencies ✕

This process is aimed at inconsistent schedules where the planning assistance is not yet enabled. The process will explore the jobs of the selected Machine, and try to fix the possible inconsistencies of the upstream or downstream route.

Section	<input type="text" value="S1"/>	<input type="text" value="Milling"/>
Machine	<input type="text" value="U1"/>	<input type="text" value="Usinex 1 (550 mm max)"/>

Limits of processing:

Start date: 

End date: 

Options of gathering:

Grouping of upstream jobs only.

Grouping of all jobs of the route.

Grouping of downstream jobs only.

5.7.4. Workload histogram

The workload histogram is used to analyse the workload and the capacity by machine and section. You have different possibilities to access it:



◀ Planning assistance tab in the ribbon

Right-click on a section ▶



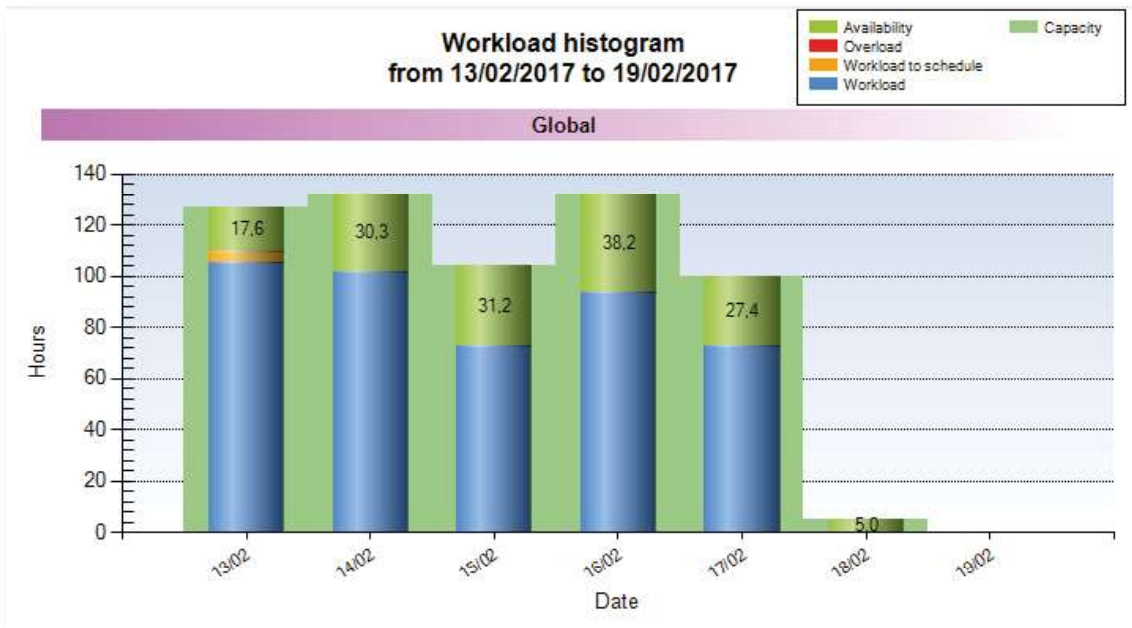
Workload histogram of this section...

Right-click on a machine ▶



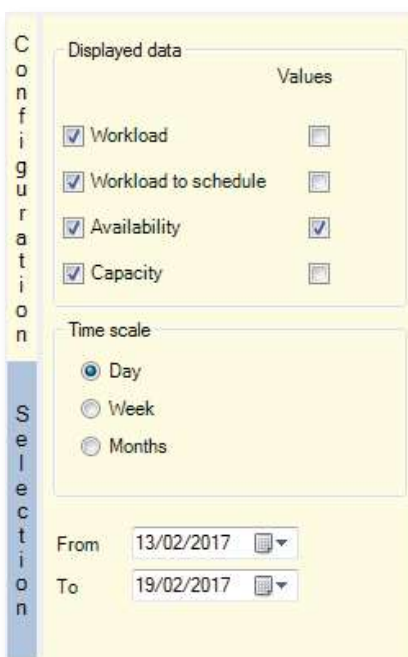
Workload histogram of this machine...

Result:



Right clicking on the histogram allows to copy/save/print the image.

The left of screen contains two tabs to configure the histogram: **Building** and **Selection**:



◀ **Workload**: displays the machine workload (in blue on the graph)

Workload to schedule: displays the workload to plan (in orange on the graph). The workload to schedule can only be displayed if the workload is also requested. The scheduled overload is also displayed (in red on the graph).

Availability: displays the machine idle time (in green on the graph).

Capacity: displays the total capacity of the machine (the green background on the graph).

Opposite to this information, check the **Values** box to display data with its respective values.

Choose the **Time scale** of the histogram by checking the corresponding button, as well as the period it covers.



◀ Check one of the three buttons according to your choice:

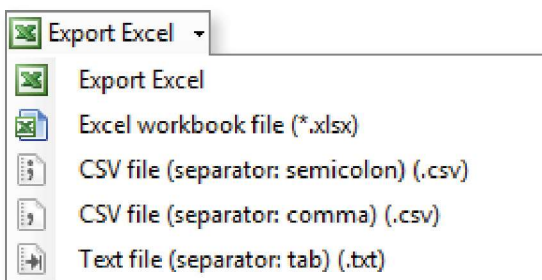
All for an histogram encompassing all machines

Section/Machine to select the sections/machines included in the histogram.

Below, use the **Add a histogram by section** and **Add a histogram by resource** boxes to add histograms for each section/machine, in addition to the overall histogram (which will display at the bottom of the list)

When you change the configuration of the histogram, do not forget to click on the **Refresh** button at the top left to update the graph.

In addition to the traditional buttons for previewing and printing the histogram, this area can also be used to perform an **Excel export** of the histogram in various formats:



Note

Whatever the format, the histogram is exported as data and not as a graph.

5.8. Planning with lists

This function is available from the ribbon, under the **Home > Schedule via a list tab**:



It is also available from various context menus (e.g. on the name of the machine to the left of the schedule) or by selecting a job and pressing Ctrl+P.


Planning with lists offers the ability to schedule jobs via vertical drag and drops in a special list, complementing the Gantt chart already used:

Wee	D	Date	Start	End	Lock	Job duration	Progress	ERP ID	Customer code	Product code	Designation	Planned qu	Operation	Manual alert
6	jeu.	09/02/17	06:47	07:36		1:49	Started	170032-10	AE0037	PE0115	AERO-Y/395	823	Standard milling	
6	jeu.	09/02/17	07:36	12:27		4:51	Not started	170035-10	BA0452	PG0013	GENINDUS-Q/342	3271	Standard milling	
6	jeu.	09/02/17	12:27	14:39		2:12	Not started	170036-10	BR0149	PG0017	GENINDUS-E/095	1027	Standard milling	
6	jeu.	09/02/17	14:39	16:58		2:19	Not started	170026-10	AE0037	PE0057	AERO-M/027	1435	Standard milling	
6	jeu.	09/02/17	19:01	05:13 (+1)		2:12	Not started	170041-10	BA0452	PG0104	GENINDUS-F/096	1027	Standard milling	
6	ven.	10/02/17	05:13	07:07		1:54	Not started	170048-10	BR0149	PG0165	GENINDUS-G/028	1129	Standard milling	
6	ven.	10/02/17	07:07	08:47		1:40	Not started	170055-10	IN1458	PA0068	AUTOM-R/158	925	Standard milling	
6	ven.	10/02/17	08:47	13:01		4:14	Not started	170046-10	QU2384	PG0160	GENINDUS-B/362	3577	Standard milling	
6	ven.	10/02/17	13:01	16:19		3:18	Not started	170030-10	SO3202	PE0109	AERO-Z/035	2149	Standard milling	
6	ven.	10/02/17	16:19	17:18		0:59	Not started	170080-10	SO3202	PE0109	AERO-Z/035	517	Standard milling	
6	ven.	10/02/17	17:18	20:17		2:59	Not started	170074-10	SO3202	PE0032	AERO-C/277	1741	Standard milling	
6	ven.	10/02/17	20:17	05:21 (+3)		1:04	Not started	170024-10	SO3202	PE0032	AERO-C/277	517	Standard milling	
7	lun.	13/02/17	05:21	09:05		3:44	Not started	170039-10	ME0039	PG0082	GENINDUS-Z/516	2557	Standard milling	
7	lun.	13/02/17	09:05	16:35		7:30	Not started	170061-10	CR0549	PA0136	AUTOM-Z/037	6128	Standard milling	
7	lun.	13/02/17	16:35	17:53		1:18	Not started	170089-10	ME0039	PG0082	GENINDUS-Z/516	823	Standard milling	
7	lun.	13/02/17	17:53	18:18		0:25	Not started	170111-10	CR0549	PA0136	AUTOM-Z/037	109	Standard milling	
7	lun.	13/02/17	18:18	19:52		1:34	Not started	170139-10	ME0039	PG0082	GENINDUS-Z/516	1129	Standard milling	
7	lun.	13/02/17	19:52	05:59 (+1)		2:07	Not started	170049-10	DK0578	PG0174	GENINDUS-V/067	1129	Standard milling	
7	mar.	14/02/17	05:59	10:50		4:51	Not started	170067-10	FO5478	PA0178	AUTOM-U/094	3271	Standard milling	

Wee	D	Date	Start	End	Lock	Job duration	Progress	ERP ID	Customer code	Product code	Designation	Planned qu	Operation	Manual alert
6	jeu.	09/02/17	16:58	19:01		2:03	To schedule	170029-10	AE0037	PE0103	AERO-Y/323	823	Standard milling	

On the left, this window features a few standard columns which cannot be modified. On the right, columns can be customised for this shop floor section (by right-clicking the column header). This way, technical data helpful to job scheduling can be displayed as columns.

For any section, the background colour of columns **End** and **Lckd** (Locked).

To do this, click on the icon .

Definition of the special colourisation

You can colour the columns "End" and "Locked" according to specific data

Colour list by:

Colour the following column instead:

OK Cancel

Then, select the data you want (default: client) and click OK.

Planning

Display jobs to schedule Go to current date Refresh list

Section: Milling Machines:

Since:

Wee	D	Date	Start	End	Lock	Job duration	Progress	ERP ID	Customer code	Product code
6	jeu.	09/02/17	05:47	07:36		1:49	Started	170032-10	AE0037	PE0115
6	jeu.	09/02/17	07:36	12:27		4:51	Not started	170035-10	BA0452	PG0013
6	jeu.	09/02/17	12:27	14:39		2:12	Not started	170036-10	BR0149	PG0017

You may also colour another column of your choice.

Click on the icon again .

Definition of the special colourisation

You can colour the columns "End" and "Locked" according to specific data

Colour list by:

Colour the following column instead:

OK Cancel

Check the box "Color the next column instead", choose the column you want to color, and click OK.

Planning

Display jobs to schedule
 Go to current date

Section : Milling Machines :

Since :

Wee	D	Date	Start	End	Lock	Job duration	Progress	ERP ID
6	jeu.	09/02/17	06:47	07:36		1:49	Started	170032-10
6	jeu.	09/02/17	07:36	12:27		4:51	Not started	170035-10
6	jeu.	09/02/17	12:27	14:39		2:12	Not started	170036-10
6	jeu.	09/02/17	14:39	16:58		2:19	Not started	170026-10

In these lists, you can select one or more jobs and place them where you want via drag and drop. A coloured line indicates whether the job being moved is placed before (green) or after (red) the destination job:

6	Thu	09/02/17	14:39	16:58		OU-125	2:19	170026-10	AE0037	PE0057	AERO-M/027	1435	Standard milling
6	Thu	09/02/17	16:58	20:16		OU-142	3:18	170030-10	SO3202	PE0109	AERO-Z/035	2149	Standard milling
6	Thu	09/02/17	20:16	06:19 (+1)		OU-123	2:03	170029-10	AL0037	PE0103	ALHU-Y/323	823	Standard milling
6	Fri	10/02/17	06:19	08:01		OU-123	1:42	170041-10	BAD452	PG0104	GENINDUS-F/096	1027	Standard milling
6	Fri	10/02/17	08:01	09:55		OU-123	1:54	170048-10	BR0149	PG0165	GENINDUS-G/028	1129	Standard milling
6	Fri	10/02/17	09:55	11:35		OU-123	1:40	170055-10	IN1458	PA0068	AUTOM-R/158	925	Standard milling
6	Fri	10/02/17	11:35	15:49		OU-123	4:14	170046-10	QU2384	PG0160	GENINDUS-B/362	3577	Standard milling
6	Fri	10/02/17	15:49	17:10		OU-142	1:29	170000-10	SO3202	PE0109	ACRO-Z/035	517	Standard milling
6	Fri	10/02/17	17:18	20:17		OU-142	2:59	170074-10	SO3202	PE0032	AERO-C/277	1741	Standard milling
6	Fri	10/02/17	20:17	05:21 (+3)		OU-142	1:04	170024-10	SO3202	PE0032	AERO-C/277	517	Standard milling

The lower part of this screen displays the jobs to schedule for this machine:

Jobs to schedule

Wee	D	Date	Start	End	Lock	Milling tool	Job duration	ERP ID	Customer code	Product code	Designation	Planned qu	Operation	Manual alert
6	Thu	09/02/17	16:58	20:31		OU-142	3:33	170030-10	SO3202	PE0109	AERO-Z/035	2149	Standard milling	

In that zone, the U1 and U2 buttons represent the machine codes. They are used to toggle between machines, both in the list of scheduled jobs or jobs to schedule.



Clicking in the table also selects the job in the Gantt and conversely (please note that in the example below, jobs are greyed out for readability purposes and not because of a processing by Direct Planning):

UST	170036 BR	170026 AE	170029											
	5 d early ->	5 d early ->	5 d ea											
	125 (Milling)	125 (Milling)	Delayed											
	ALU-022 3	ALU-037 35	ACI-015											
			170030											

6	Thu	09/02/17	07:36	12:27		OU-092								
6	Thu	09/02/17	12:27	14:39		OU-125								
6	Thu	09/02/17	14:39	16:58		OU-125								
6	Thu	09/02/17	16:58	19:01		OU-123								
6	Thu	09/02/17	19:01	20:43		OU-123								

Double-clicking in the list centres the Gantt by focusing on that job.

In the list, a column of green pictograms shows whether jobs are grouped in the schedule or separated by gaps.

	Jobs grouped
	Jobs not grouped

This list is not designed to be opened all the time because managing both the list and the Gantt inevitably extends response times.

5.9. Optimising planning times

As discussed, planning assistance can group jobs belonging to a route. This section covers a slightly different topic: grouping jobs sharing technical characteristics in order to optimise setting times. First, the planning manager wants to be able to identify quickly these jobs and, second, to group them in order to optimise times.

Let's take the example of jobs requiring specific tools whose changes result in time losses.

ADMINISTRATION



To optimise this schedule, let's first create a formula reflecting the fact that the setting time is reduced when the same tool is used for the previous job (**Configuration > Setting time**):

Programmable formula : Enabled formula

Test Configurations Online help

```

1 ' If milling tool is the same as the one used by previous job, 30 minutes are removed from set-up (time for changing tool)
2 if not TachePrecChangement(Tache.Information_Process(1).Zone_Configurable_3) Then
3     TempsReglage = TempsReglage - 30
4 end if
    
```

Then, the last line of tickets is configured to have its colour reflect the tool number (**Configuration > Display modes**):

Color of line 4 by :

Custom. Color : Colour by tool

This results in the following display (before optimisation):

170036 BR	170041 BA	170080	170048 BRO	170026 AERO	170074 SOLITEC	170035 BARNAY INDUSTRI
5 d early ->	7 d early ->	12 d earl	7 d early -> 1	5 d early -> 14/	11 d early -> 21/02	4 d early -> 14/02/17
125 (Milling	123 (Milling	142 (Milli	123 (Milling to	125 (Milling too	142 (Milling tool)	092 (Milling tool)
ALU-022 3	ALU-030 5	ALU-037	ALU-030 509	ALU-037 353 x	ACI-015 401 x 813	ACI-012 361 x 717 mm

The planning manager now has to group jobs sharing the same colour in order to shorten setting times, materialised below by the black bottom bar:

170036 BR	170026 AE	170041 BA	170048 B	170080	170074 SOLITE	170035 BARNAY INDUSTRI
5 d early ->	5 d early ->	7 d early ->	7 d early -	12 d earl	11 d early -> 21/	4 d early -> 14/02/17
125 (Milling	125 (Milling	123 (Milling	123 (Milli	142 (Milli	142 (Milling tool)	092 (Milling tool)
ALU-022 3	ALU-037 35	ALU-030 5	ALU-030	ALU-037	ACI-015 401 x 8	ACI-012 361 x 717 mm

↑ ↑ ↑

OUR ADVICE



To tailor the configuration to your business needs, please contact the Volume Software team.

5.10. Searching jobs

5.10.1. Search

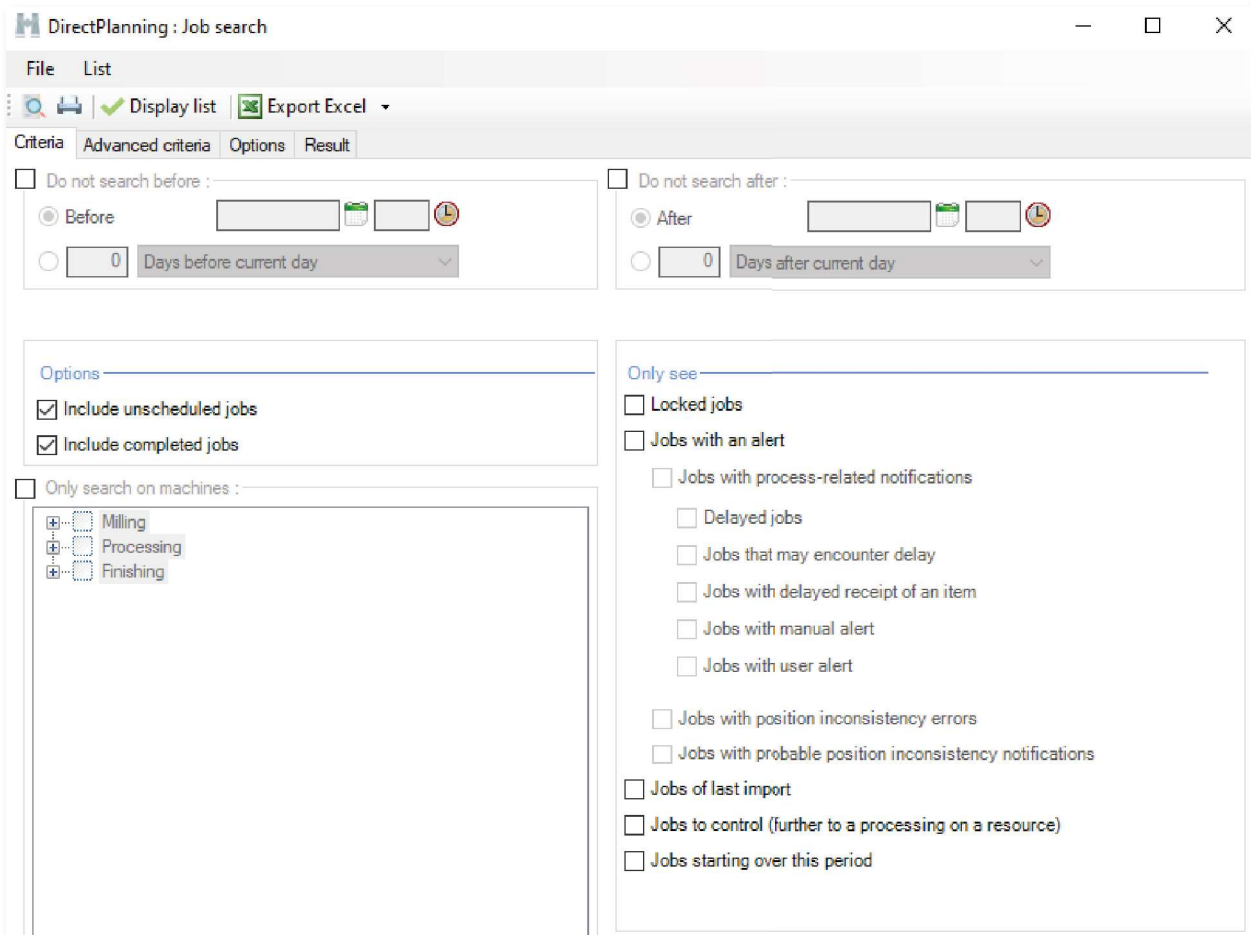
Multiple methods can be used to find jobs quickly. The typical way is to access the **Home** tab of the ribbon and click on **Search and lists**:



◀ This button is split in 2:

Upper part: opens the search screen

Lower part: opens the list selection/creation screen (if you have the required permissions)



The first tab allows the entry of basic search criteria (for example by setting time boundaries in the upper part).

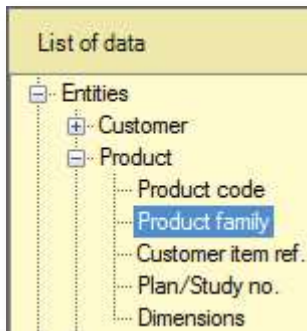
It also offers the ability to select different job filters based on their status (**Option zone**), their type (**Only see zone**) or the machine which they depend on (**Only search on machines zone**).

If you do not set any criteria before clicking on **Display list**, Direct Planning will display all scheduled jobs.

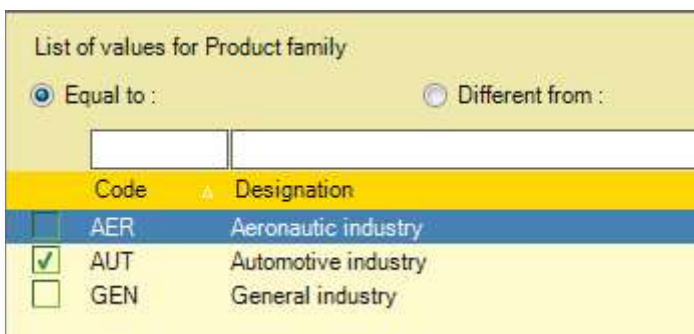
If basic criteria are not sufficient, you can refine your search by clicking on the **Advanced criteria** tab.



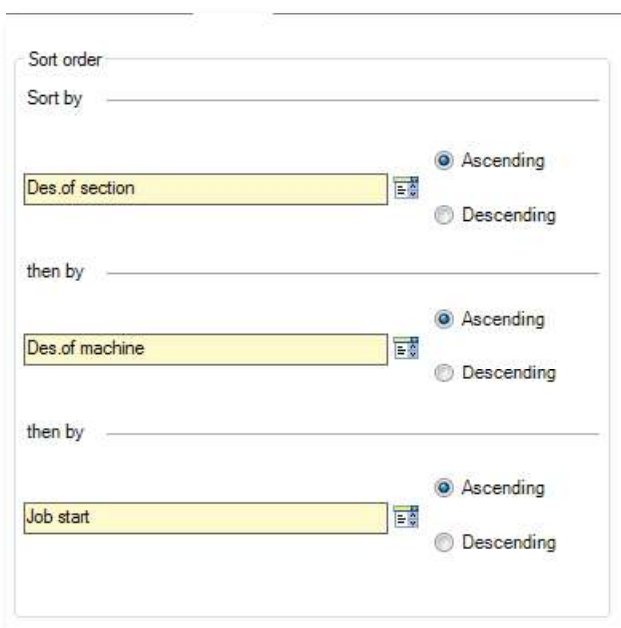
① Choose a first filter



② Choose a second filter refining the first



To customise the result window, click on the **Options** tab.



◀ The left side of this window offers the ability to define the sorting order of the results, with the possibility to apply an ascending or descending order for each of the 3 hierarchical levels.

The right side of the window offers the ability to define the printing options for the list of results: page break and total/subtotal printing ▼



To display the list of jobs matching your criteria, click on **Display list**. The list of matching jobs displays under the **Result** tab:

Criteria	Advanced criteria	Options	Result								
Des. of secti	Machine	Job start	WO no.	Customer designation	Product code	Designation	Qty to produce	Job durati	Designation Type	Planning de	Customer d
Finishing	F1	08/02/2017 06:00	170001	CREATIVE TECH	PA0001	AUTOM-Z/528	6,000	7:00	New product	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F1	08/02/2017 13:00	170002	FORK AUSTRIA	PA0002	AUTOM-N/590	800	0:58	Trial order	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F1	08/02/2017 13:58	170008	KATIA AUTOMATIVE	PA0105	AUTOM-C/485	1,000	1:10	Renewal	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F1	08/02/2017 15:08	170004	PARNAY AUTOCAR	PA0046	AUTOM-E/278	2,800	3:00	Renewal	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F1	08/02/2017 18:08	170011	CREATIVE TECH	PA0136	AUTOM-Z/037	1,000	1:11	Specifications m...	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F1	08/02/2017 19:19	170017	FORK AUSTRIA	PA0178	AUTOM-U/094	2,400	2:25	Renewal	14/02/2017	15/02/2017
Finishing	F1	09/02/2017 12:09	170010	INOV CAR	PA0122	AUTOM-G/019	300	0:27	Renewal	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F1	13/02/2017 12:10	170053	KATIA AUTOMATIVE	PA0036	AUTOM-Q/036	2,300	2:20	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F1	14/02/2017 08:33	170051	CREATIVE TECH	PA0001	AUTOM-Z/528	100	0:16	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F1	14/02/2017 14:37	170054	PARNAY AUTOCAR	PA0046	AUTOM-E/278	500	0:42	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F1	14/02/2017 15:19	170052	FORK AUSTRIA	PA0002	AUTOM-N/590	2,700	2:40	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F1	16/02/2017 06:00	170058	KATIA AUTOMATIVE	PA0105	AUTOM-C/485	6,000	5:44	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F1	16/02/2017 12:26	170061	CREATIVE TECH	PA0136	AUTOM-Z/037	6,000	5:14	Specifications m...	20/02/2017	21/02/2017
Finishing	F1	16/02/2017 17:40	170060	INOV CAR	PA0122	AUTOM-G/019	2,100	2:07	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F1	17/02/2017 12:54	170067	FORK AUSTRIA	PA0178	AUTOM-U/094	3,200	3:10	Renewal	20/02/2017	21/02/2017
Finishing	F1	17/02/2017 16:04	170111	CREATIVE TECH	PA0136	AUTOM-Z/037	100	0:16	Renewal	24/02/2017	25/02/2017
Finishing	F1	20/02/2017 18:30	170116	CREATIVE TECH	PA0172	AUTOM-S/219	1,400	1:21	Renewal	24/02/2017	25/02/2017
Finishing	F1	21/02/2017 11:40	170105	INOV CAR	PA0068	AUTOM-R/158	2,700	2:27	Renewal	23/02/2017	24/02/2017
Finishing	F1	21/02/2017 16:15	170115	INOV CAR	PA0168	AUTOM-C/524	900	1:07	Renewal	24/02/2017	25/02/2017
Finishing	F1	21/02/2017 17:22	170103	KATIA AUTOMATIVE	PA0036	AUTOM-Q/036	300	1:17	Renewal	23/02/2017	24/02/2017
Finishing	F2	08/02/2017 06:00	170014	PARNAY AUTOCAR	PA0161	AUTOM-R/025	1,700	2:44	Renewal	14/02/2017	15/02/2017
Finishing	F2	08/02/2017 10:00	170006	CREATIVE TECH	PA0099	AUTOM-D/144	1,000	1:10	New product	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F2	08/02/2017 11:15	170013	KATIA AUTOMATIVE	PA0151	AUTOM-T/093	300	0:29	Renewal	14/02/2017	15/02/2017
Finishing	F2	08/02/2017 11:44	170012	FORK AUSTRIA	PA0147	AUTOM-C/405	700	0:52	Renewal	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F2	08/02/2017 12:36	170007	FORK AUSTRIA	PA0100	AUTOM-X/223	3,200	3:24	Renewal	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F2	08/02/2017 17:27	170009	PARNAY AUTOCAR	PA0116	AUTOM-J/498	2,500	2:42	Renewal	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F2	09/02/2017 08:49	170016	CREATIVE TECH	PA0172	AUTOM-S/219	3,500	3:55	Renewal	14/02/2017	15/02/2017
Finishing	F2	09/02/2017 18:59	170005	INOV CAR	PA0068	AUTOM-R/158	3,200	2:50	Trial order	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F2	10/02/2017 09:33	170003	KATIA AUTOMATIVE	PA0036	AUTOM-Q/036	2,100	2:22	New product	13/02/2017	14/02/2017
Finishing	F2	13/02/2017 05:46	170015	INOV CAR	PA0168	AUTOM-C/524	2,700	3:51	Specifications m...	14/02/2017	15/02/2017
Finishing	F2	13/02/2017 08:27	170062	FORK AUSTRIA	PA0147	AUTOM-C/405	800	0:55	Renewal	20/02/2017	21/02/2017
Finishing	F2	13/02/2017 09:22	170065	INOV CAR	PA0168	AUTOM-C/524	3,200	4:23	Renewal	20/02/2017	21/02/2017
Finishing	F2	13/02/2017 14:35	170055	INOV CAR	PA0068	AUTOM-R/158	900	0:55	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F2	14/02/2017 10:18	170056	CREATIVE TECH	PA0099	AUTOM-D/144	1,400	1:21	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F2	14/02/2017 11:39	170063	KATIA AUTOMATIVE	PA0151	AUTOM-T/093	2,100	1:57	Renewal	20/02/2017	21/02/2017
Finishing	F2	14/02/2017 18:55	170066	CREATIVE TECH	PA0172	AUTOM-S/219	1,000	1:00	Renewal	20/02/2017	21/02/2017
Finishing	F2	16/02/2017 08:52	170059	PARNAY AUTOCAR	PA0116	AUTOM-J/498	800	1:41	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F2	16/02/2017 15:44	170057	FORK AUSTRIA	PA0100	AUTOM-X/223	2,200	2:14	Renewal	17/02/2017	18/02/2017
Finishing	F2	16/02/2017 17:58	170064	PARNAY AUTOCAR	PA0161	AUTOM-R/025	2,800	3:07	Renewal	20/02/2017	21/02/2017
Finishing	F2	22/02/2017 10:12	170112	FORK AUSTRIA	PA0147	AUTOM-C/405	2,700	2:40	Renewal	24/02/2017	25/02/2017

261,300 386,16

132 job(s) found

From this search result window, multiple actions are available:

- Use the filters located above the column headers.
- Select the job by double-clicking on the corresponding line.
- Access quickly common actions by right-clicking on a job.
- Highlight found jobs by clicking **Highlight** at the bottom of the window.
- Filter found jobs by clicking the **Filter** button at the bottom of the window, or use the **Filter this value** function via right-click on a cell to quickly add/delete a filter.

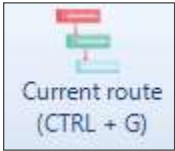
If possible and set in the options, a counter displays the column totals.

Quick search

To find jobs quickly, right-click on a machine/section and select the **Search on this machine/section** action. This opens the window above and displays by default all jobs scheduled for this machine/section.

5.10.2. Current route

From the **Home** tab of the ribbon, the **Current route** button (Ctrl+ G) opens a small window which can be moved anywhere. This window can be minimized by clicking **See less** or by double-clicking on the header:



Machine	Planned	Status	Start date:	End	To
U2	✓	Completed	08/02/17 09:42	08/02/17 17:42	T3
T3	✓	Started	08/02/17 17:42	09/02/17 10:43	F2
F2	✓	Not started	10/02/17 13:33	13/02/17 06:52	

When selecting a job in the schedule, this window displays all jobs belonging to the same route.

BR	170026 AE	170041 BA	170048 B
ly ->	5 d early ->	7 d early ->	7 d early -
milling	125 (Milling)	123 (Milling)	123 (Milli
23	ALU-037 35	ALU-030 5	ALU-030

◀ Double-click in this table to browse through the schedule and access quickly the jobs belonging to the route:

The **Highlight** button allows to highlight instantly all jobs of the route (see section 5.9.4, *Filter and Highlighting* for more information):

In this table, use the context menu to modify a job or change quickly its progress status:

List mode - current route (Ctrl+G) | Switch route mode | See less | X

Highlight | Filter | 3 items found

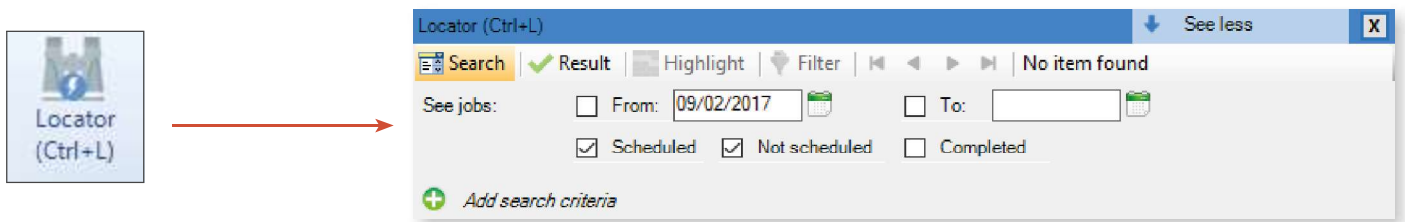
Machine	Planned	Status	Start date:	End	To
U2	✓	Completed	08/02/17 09:42	08/02/17 17:42	T3
T3	✓	Started	08/02/17 17:42	09/02/17 10:43	F2
F2	✓	Not started			

- Focus on job
- Modify job
- Progress status of this job ▶
- Select all (Ctrl+A)
- Select in schedule

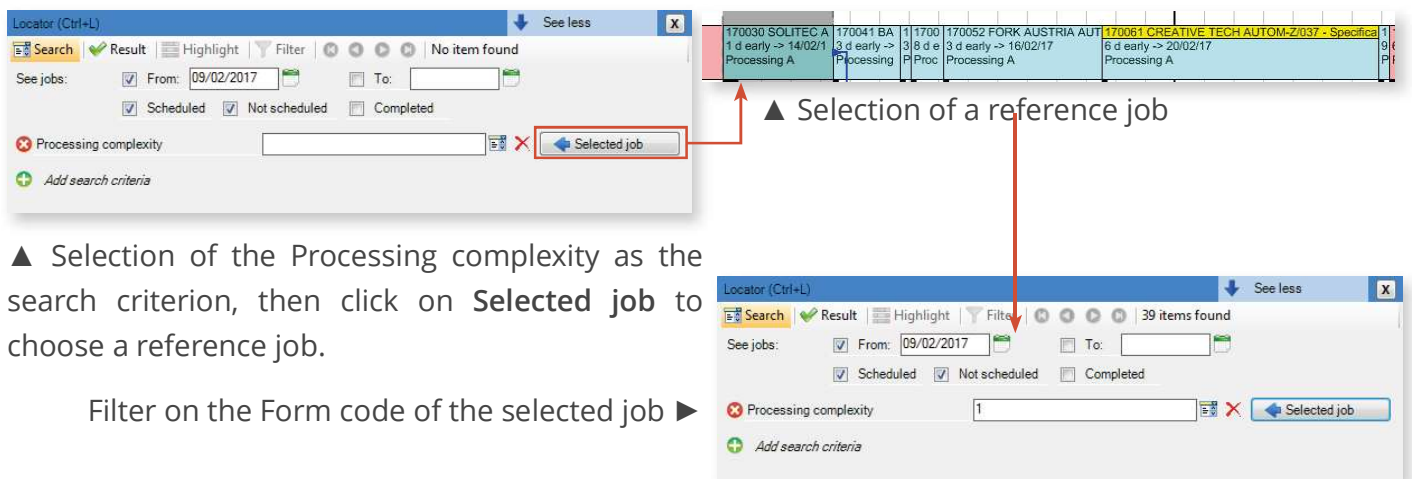
- Start job
- Complete job
- Job not started

5.10.3. Locator

From the **Home** tab of the ribbon, the **Locator (Ctrl+ L)** button opens a window dedicated to quick search. This window can be minimized by clicking **See less** or by double-clicking on the header:



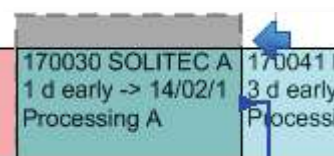
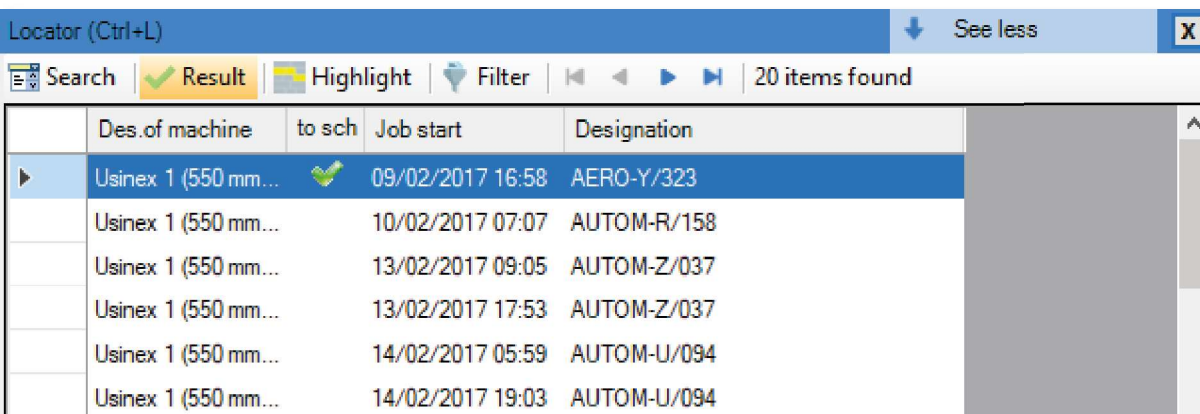
Use the "Search" tab to define your most used search criteria (e.g.: File number, Tool number, Special technical data, etc.). In addition to more traditional input methods, use the **Selected job** button to populate a criterion automatically based on the job currently selected, avoiding keyboard inputs:



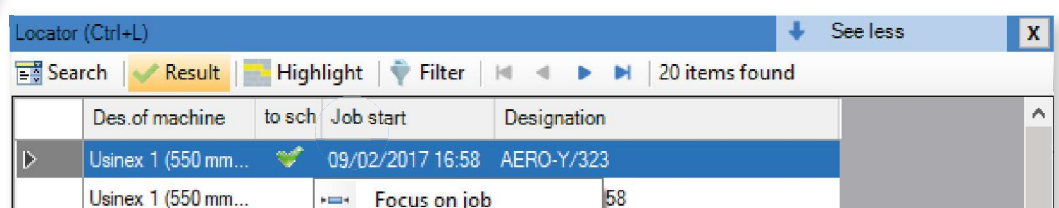
▲ Selection of the Processing complexity as the search criterion, then click on **Selected job** to choose a reference job.

Filter on the Form code of the selected job ▶

The **Result** button executes that search and displays the list of resulting jobs. The columns in this list can be customized by right clicking on the header:



◀ From this list, double-click to navigate quickly to the job, or right-click to modify this job (via the **Job detail** option) ▼

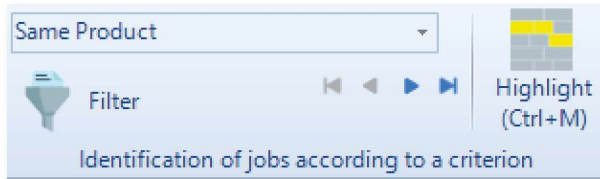


Use the **Highlight** button to spotlight all found jobs found (more information about highlighting in the next section):

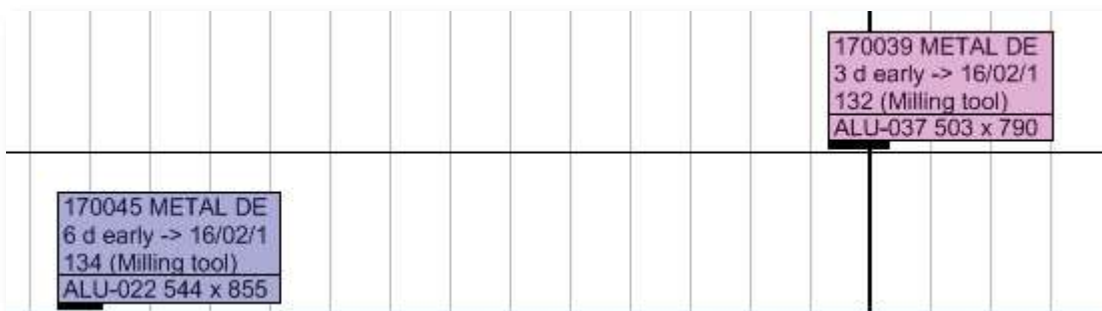
170030 SOLITEC A 1 d early -> 14/02/17 Processing A	170041 BA 3 d early -> 16/02/17 Processing	170042 3 d early -> 16/02/17 Processing	170052 FORK AUSTRIA AUT 3 d early -> 16/02/17 Processing A	170061 CREATIVE TECH AUTOM-Z/037 - Specifica 6 d early -> 20/02/17 Processing A	170064 PARNA 6 d early -> 20/02/17 Processing B				
170045 METAL DESIGN 3 d early -> 18/02/17 Processing C	170055 3 d early -> 16/02/17 Processing	170066 C 7 d early -> 21/02/17 Processing	170067 3 d early -> 16/02/17 Processing	170056 CRE 3 d early -> 16/02/17 Processing C	170085 BROCC 9 d early -> 22/02/17 Processing C	170049 DKP 2 d early -> 15/02/17 Processing C	170067 FORK AUSTRIA A 6 d early -> 20/02/17 Processing C		
170053 KATIA 4 d early -> 17/02/17 Special TX87	170048 BR 3 d early -> 16/02/17 Processing	170055 4 d early -> 17/02/17 Processing	170038 ZO 3 d early -> 16/02/17 Special TX11	170039 METAL D 3 d early -> 16/02/17 Special TX11	170074 SOLITE 7 d early -> 21/02/17 Special TX43	170063 KATIA AUT 6 d early -> 20/02/17 Special TX63	170089 ME 8 d early -> 22/02/17 Special TX82	170090 Just 2 d ear Special TX8	170051 2 d ear Special TX27

5.10.4. Filter and Highlighting

These two options are available under the **Home** tab of the ribbon:

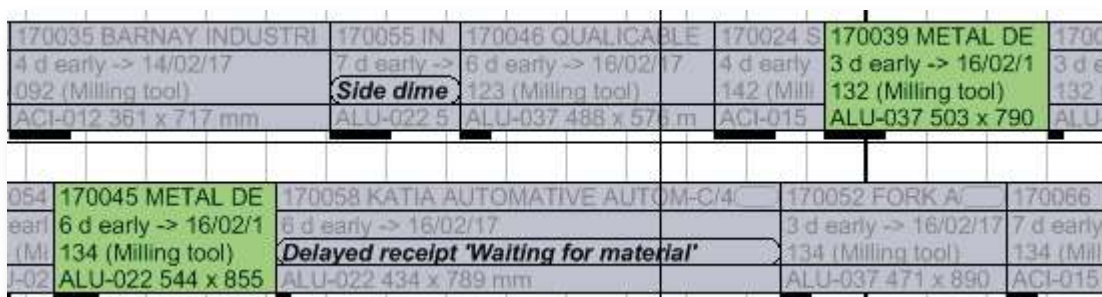


Use the filter and highlighting functions to isolate/spotlight certain jobs depending on their characteristics. First select in the dropdown list the common feature that you wish to highlight. Then click on a job to isolate/spotlight the other jobs sharing that feature:



In the example above, the filter is applied to the customer. The jobs attached to the same customer are the only ones displayed in the Gantt: all the others are hidden. Click again on the filter button to cancel the filter.

The example below illustrates highlighted jobs meeting the same criteria as the filter above. Highlighted jobs are the same colour and, unlike the filter function, jobs which do not meet the criteria are not hidden but greyed out:



When the highlight is based on data such as machines or operations, the highlight colour is the one chosen by the administrator for the involved machine or operation.



Shared by both functions, the navigation buttons can be used to browse through filtered/highlighted jobs.

Note

The filtering and highlighting function can be combined. However, the highlighting functions available via the **Current route** and **Locator** options are mutually exclusive: you must first disable one to enable the other.



5.11. Alerts

5.11.1. Configuring alerts



ADMINISTRATION

Alerts are configured via the **Configuration > General configuration > Alerts** tab:



Notifications linked to process



The job is late.  

Job ends hour(s) after its latest end date

The job may encounter delay.  

Job ends hour(s) before its latest end date

Manual alert on jobs  

User alert  

Position inconsistency errors



Job is positioned before its earliest start date.

Job is not positioned on its declared start date.

Job is completed but it doesn't finish on its declared end date.

Proven position inconsistency with upstream job.

Job is involved in an unsolved cycle of constraints.

Color of the inconsistency errors:  

Notifications of probable position inconsistency



Job has started and is positioned before its earliest start date.

Probable position inconsistency with upstream job.

Lock removed further to overlapping a started job.

Lock removed because an upstream job in the same route has started.

The job is unplanned because it was moved on a non-movable job (started or locked)

Color of the inconsistency notifications:  

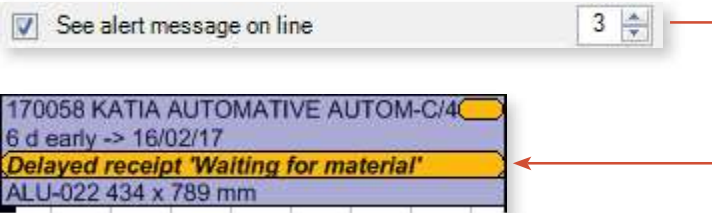
Use this window to select events which will trigger an alert, as well as the colour of the corresponding alert.

5.11.2. 5.10.2. Viewing alerts in the schedule

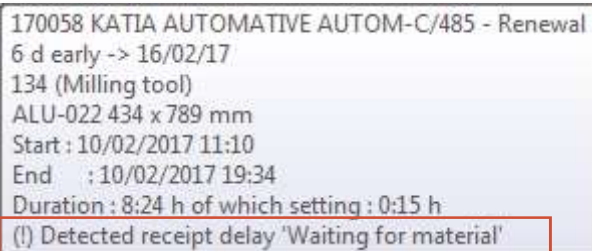
Gantt

ADMINISTRATION

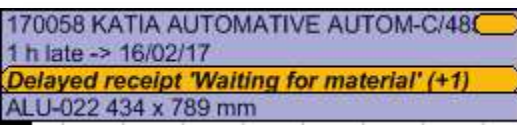
Reminder: to enable/disable alerts in the schedule and choose the line on which they will appear in the ticket, click on **Configuration > Display modes > Job display:**



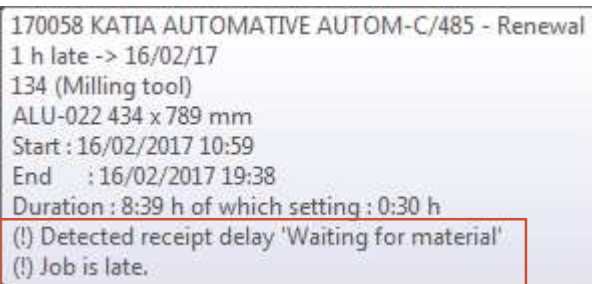
Depending on the schedule zoom level, it is fairly common for the alert to be displayed incompletely on the ticket (as in the example above). To display the alert message in full without opening the job details window, place your cursor on the job. The popping tooltip recaps the characteristics of the job, including alerts, preceded by (!) :



If the job is subject to multiple alerts, the number of additional alerts displays at the end of the alert:



Again, you just have to place your cursor on the job to view the list of associated alerts:

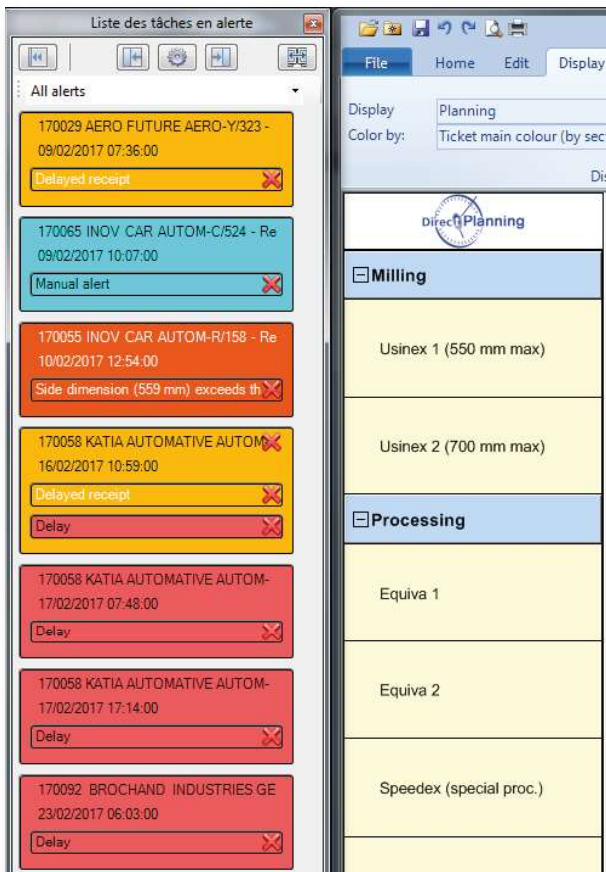


Alert window

In addition to displaying alerts on jobs in the Gantt, you can display all alerts by clicking on **Display Alerts (Ctrl+W)** in the ribbon:



This opens the list of jobs with alerts, at the left of the projection:



◀ In the upper part of the **List of jobs with alerts**, you can:

- Minimize the window
- Push the window to the right or left of the screen
- Filter the displayed alerts
- Display the list on another screen

Each box represents a job with alerts. The nature of alerts depends on their background colour, as configured by the administrator.

To clear an alert, you just have to click on the corresponding red cross.

5.11.3. Creating alerts

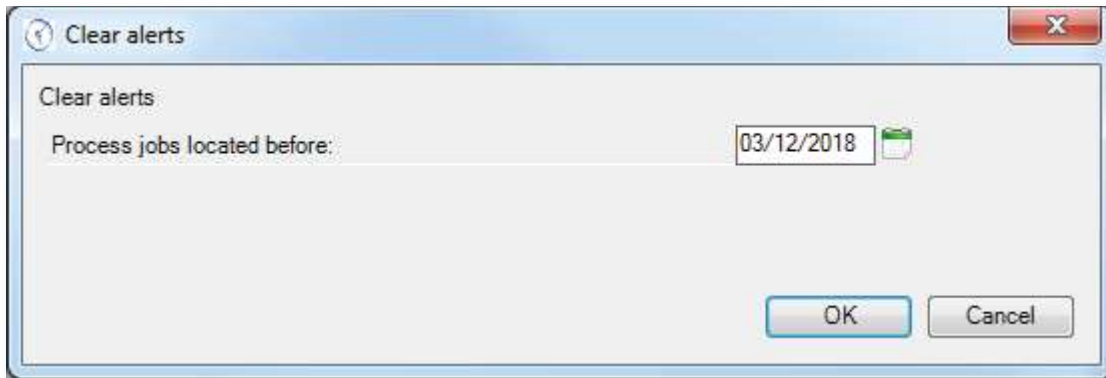
Direct Planning automatically creates a number of alerts, including those about time constraints and machine incompatibilities.

As stated in the section discussing the jobs details screen, users can also create manual alerts via the **Alerts** tab.

5.11.4. Clearing alerts

Alerts can be cleared from the **List of jobs with alerts** but other methods are available:

- In the job details window, **Alerts** tab
- By clicking on **Display > Alerts > Clear alerts** in the ribbon. Use this window to clear all alerts affecting jobs scheduled before a given date (the current date by default)



If alerts have been cleared accidentally, click in the ribbon on **Display > Alerts > Rebuild alerts** to regenerate them.

5.12. Purging data



To purge the schedule data, click the **Data** tab on the top toolbar.

The completed jobs clutter the schedule.

In the same fashion, the unused entities and data make them harder to select.

Purging data regularly removes those outdated elements, and therefore relieves the schedule, thus significantly increasing efficiency.

Before initiating the purge of data :

- Save your schedule.
- Make sure that there is no user currently working on the schedule.

This screen allows to indicate which data to purge, by ticking the corresponding boxes.

You have the ability to purge all jobs placed before a specific date : click on the calendar to select a date or enter it directly.

You can also purge the years which are not used in calendars.

Finally, you can purge the unused elements for each entity or reference data.

This screen lists the entities and reference data which are specific to your schedule, which is why the displayed elements differ from a schedule to another.

When your selection is complete, click on the **Start purge** button.

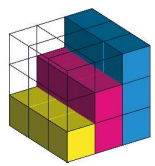
6. Interfacing an ERP with Direct Planning

ADMINISTRATION

This section is fully reserved to the Direct Planning administrator.

6.1. Summary diagram

Overview



ERP (*)

STANDARD IMPORT

SENDING OF SCHEDULE MODIFICATION INSTRUCTION

STANDARD EXPORT

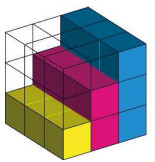
SCHEDULING INFORMATION SENT BACK TO ERP (*)



DIRECT PLANNING

(*) ERP, CAPE, Excel

Example in the industry sector: ERP+MES



ERP

STANDARD IMPORT

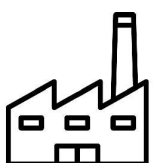
WO CREATION/MODIFICATION IN THE SCHEDULE

STANDARD EXPORT

TRANSMISSION OF PLANNED DEADLINES TO THE ERP



DIRECT PLANNING



MES

STANDARD IMPORT

TRANSMISSION OF THE PRODUCTION PROGRESS STATUS

STANDARD EXPORT

TRANSMISSION OF PLANNING MODIFICATIONS TO THE MES

6.1.1. Principles

An application managing jobs can send information to your schedule. The imported data can come from an ERP, a spreadsheet such as Microsoft Excel© or any other application generating data in CSV format.

The CSV format is one of the most widespread: data is recorded in a text file and separated by semicolons (more information below).

In addition to this import function, Direct Planning can transfer planning data to another application able to receive data in the CSV format or in the format of your choice via development of a plugin (following a study). You can use the export functionality without configuring the import beforehand. Using the import and export functions together allow Direct Planning to send the external software scheduling information for previously imported jobs.

6.2. Importing data

As discussed, a third party application (e.g. ERP, CAPE, specific program or Excel macro) can generate instructions for Direct Planning. These CSV files can be automatically integrated to the schedule when they are placed in an import directory. To avoid disrupting the existing planning, imported jobs are assigned the “to schedule” status.

6.2.1. Direct Planning import capabilities

Direct Planning can import the following data:

- Reference data (DREF1 to DREF999)
- Entities (ENT1 to ENT10)
- Jobs with flags (TASK)
- Process Information (TASK-IP1 to TASK-IP999)
- Links (LINK)
- Technical elements (TEC1 to TEC20)
- Memos (MEMO)
- Standard Days/Weeks in calendars (CAL-JT-L, CAL-JT-C, CAL-ST-L, CAL-ST-C)

6.2.2. The CSV file

The imported data is contained in a csv file containing instructions for updating the schedule in Direct Planning.

Name and location of file

The file name must comply with the import_XXX.csv format and that file must be located in the folder configured by the administrator (**Configuration > General configuration > Automatic import**).

The import folder is scanned each time Direct Planning is started, and then every 2 minutes. Furthermore, the planning manager can occasionally perform “on demand” imports when visual alerts indicate that a new file is ready for import.

Structure

The file data is saved in a text file and semicolon-separated.

In a file to import, each line forms a record and must end by a carriage return and line feed (CR LF).

Below is an example of instruction to import in Direct Planning:

```
ENT1;4;CM;CR0549;CREATIVE TECH;Chateaubriant;44110;;BROCHARD Sébastien;+33 (0)2 36 45 78
99;s.brochard@creativetech.fr;;DEL;;;\\SERVER\CLIENT\CR0549;RANDOM;;;;;;;;;
```

Lines starting with # will be ignored to avoid the import of certain lines, without deleting them from the



file, especially for test purposes.

Import directives are now strictly processed in the order in which they appear in each import file. This corrects the problems which may arise when there are creation and deletion directives of the same job in the same file.

You will find sample import files in your Direct Planning installation folder.

Exclusive locks

An external application writes import files while Direct Planning reads them. If these two actions happen simultaneously, there is a conflict. Direct Planning preserves data integrity thanks to a lock management which secures the imports:

- When reading an import file, Direct Planning creates the **directplanning_read.lck** lock file in the import folder.
 -  The external application must not attempt to write the file if this lock exists.
- When writing to the import file, the external application must create the **external_write.lck** lock file in the import folder.
 -  Direct Planning will not attempt to read the file if this lock exists.

Note

This management is available but optional.

If you know that the generation of import files is never performed when Direct Planning is being used (for example at night), this security feature is optional.

External ID (or ERP ID)

Jobs originating from an third party application (like an ERP) have an external identifier.

This identifier is assigned by the third party application for jobs created via import.

Its purpose is to allow the third party application to recognise a job it previously transferred to Direct Planning. For convenience, we will call it the external ID.

WARNING

The external ID must never contain the following signs :

- # Hash
- * Asterisk
- % Percent
- [Opening bracket
-] Closing bracket

When a job is created in Direct Planning, its external ID is set to 0 (zero) and hidden. The external ID is unique. It can be modified during the import in Direct Planning. The identifiers are displayed in the job details window, via double-click in the schedule (see next page).

Direct Planning ID

ERP ID

Identifier of job	Nr 10	[170035-10]
Section	S1	Milling
Machine	U1	Usinex 1 (550 mm max)

6.2.3. Data import formats

Formats and Direct Planning versions

Format version	Direct Planning version
4	Since Direct Planning 3.1
3	Direct Planning 3.0
2	Direct Planning 2.*

In creation, the required zones are specified in the **Comments** column.

Importing entities

No.	Designation	Format	Comments
1	Data type	alpha	Possible values: from ENT1 to ENT10 Required
2	Version of import format	alpha	Value: 4 Required
3	Action	alpha	C (Creation) CM (Creation when the entity does not exist, Modification if it already exists). In entity creation, the @ sign can be used to force a zone, following the @ ZONE format. However, if the entity already exists, this character indicates that the specified zone must not be modified. Required
4	Identifier	alpha	Job identifier for the ERP Required
5	Designation	alpha	
6	Configurable area 1	alpha	Configurable areas are typed. If the value transmitted in the import file does not match the type of zone, it will be ignored (e.g. an "ABC" string exported to a zone set as numeric).
7	Configurable area 2	alpha	
8	Configurable area 3	alpha	
9	Configurable area 4	alpha	
10	Configurable area 5	alpha	
11	Configurable area 6	alpha	
12	Configurable area 7	alpha	
13	Configurable area 8	alpha	
14	Configurable area 9	alpha	
15	Configurable area 10	alpha	
16	Colour	alpha	3 methods are available to express the colour: RGB: (3 comma-separated values) Html name The RANDOM keyword can be used to set a random colour when creating technical elements

No.	Designation	Format	Comments
17	Identifier of linked entity 1	alpha	Links between entities are optional. When links are included in the import file, the presence of linked entities is checked.
18	Identifier of linked entity 2	alpha	
19	Identifier of linked entity 3	alpha	
20	Identifier of linked entity 4	alpha	
21	Identifier of linked entity 5	alpha	
22	Identifier of linked entity 6	alpha	
23	Identifier of linked entity 7	alpha	
24	Identifier of linked entity 8	alpha	
25	Identifier of linked entity 9	alpha	

Notes:

- Alpha fields are limited to 50 characters for codes and 200 characters for any other text zone.
- There can be no link for entity 1 which sits at the top of the hierarchy.
- Entity links are always created “upwards”: for instance, if entities 2 and 3 are linked, the link must be declared from entity 3 to entity 2, and not the opposite.
- Links must respect the hierarchy: for example, if entity 3 is linked with entity 2 and entity 2 is linked with entity 1, then entity 3 must also be linked with entity 1.
- There can be no duplicate, neither in the identifier nor in the designation of entities.
- If a duplicate is found in the identifier of an entity, a warning message is generated. This situation can be normal when importing a job attached to an existing customer: the customer is reimported with the new job, triggering a normal warning message.
- If there is a duplicate in the designation of an entity (different identifier but identical designation), the import will add the identifier in parentheses after the description.

Example of instruction to import an entity (in creation/modification):

```
ENT2;4;CM;PA0001;AUTOM-Z/528;AUT;WB9752;16072;92.5 x 49 x 93.5;;;;;;;;;RANDOM;CR0549;;;;;;;;;
```

Importing reference data

Reserved to the **Industry** mode.

No.	Designation	Format	Comments
1	Data type	alpha	Possible values: from DREF1 to DREF999 Required
2	Version of import format	alpha	Value: 4 Required
3	Action	alpha	C (Creation) CM (Creation when the reference data does not exist, Modification if it already exists) Required
4	Identifier of the reference data	alpha	Required
5	Designation of the reference data	alpha	
6	Colour	alpha	3 methods are available to express the colour: RGB: (3 comma-separated values) Html name The RANDOM keyword can be used to set a random colour when creating reference data. If CM: not modified

Notes:

- There can be no duplicate, neither in the identifier nor in the designation of reference data.
- If a duplicate is found in the identifier of reference data, a warning message is generated. This situation can be normal when importing a job with existing reference data: the reference data is reimported with the new job, triggering a normal warning message.
- If there is a duplicate in the designation of reference data (different identifier but identical designation), then the import will add the identifier in parentheses after the description.

Example of instruction to import reference data (in creation, designation in green):

```
DREF1 ; 4 ; C-NOERROR ; 0 ; Nouveauté ; RANDOM
```

Importing jobs

No.	Designation	Mode			Comments
		I	P	S	
01	Data type	✓	✓	✓	Value: TASK Format: alpha Required
02	Version of import format	✓	✓	✓	Values: 4 Format: alpha Required
03	Action	✓	✓	✓	Action code Format: alpha Required
04	Unique external identifier for this job (ERP ID)	✓	✓	✓	Your unique identifier for this job, or the Direct Planning identifier. Normally, this is where you indicate your unique identifier for this job. Instead of your identifier, you can specify the Direct Planning identifier preceded by the hash sign (#). Format: alpha Required
05	Move selection down	✓	✓	✓	Format: alpha
06	Identifier of resource	✓	✓	✓	Format: alpha When creating a job, use the @ character to pre-position the job on the specified resource. If the job already exists, it indicates that this resource must not be modified. Required
07	Operation identifier	✓	✗	✗	If it is #DEF, the job operation will be initialised to the machine default operation. If blank, content is forced to blank. Format: alpha
08	Start date and time	✓	✓	✓	The start or end time must be indicated, but not both. If none is entered, the start date is forced to the current date and time. Format: datetime*
09	End date and time	✓	✓	✓	
*Datetime formats available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DD.MM.YYYY hh:mm (with a space between the year and time) • DD/MM/YYYY hh:mm (with a space between the year and time) • DD.MM.YYYY • DD/MM/YYYY • "NOW": conversion to the date and time of the import 					
10	Planned quantity	✓	✗	✗	Format: quantity
11	Percentage of variable waste	✓	✗	✗	Only one decimal taken into account Format: 3 or 3.0 for 3% of variable waste Format: decimal
12	Number of WU to produce per operative WU	✓	✗	✗	The number of working units of quantity to produce contained in a working unit of operative quantity. e.g. the number of posters (representing the quantity recorded in production) per sheet (representing the quantity processed by the machine). By default: 1.
13	Number of work rate WU per operative WU	✓	✗	✗	The number of working units for entering the work rate contained in a working unit of operative quantity. E.g. the linear footage (unit in which is entered the machine work rate) for a sheet (representing the quantity processed by the machine).

No.	Designation	Mode			Comments
		I	P	S	
14	Performed quantity	✓	✗	✗	Will be entered only if the ERP is to force the performed quantity. Forcing this value will automatically calculate the progress percentage. Format: quantity
15	Non-compliant quantity	✓	✓	✓	Non-compliant product quantity Format: quantity
16	Progress percentage	✓	✓	✗	Value: from 0 to 100. Not to be entered if the performed quantity is specified. If the planned quantity is entered, this value will allow the calculation of the performed quantity. Format: integer
17	Forced transition time (deprecated)	✓	✗	✗	Should be entered when forcing a transition duration (be careful, 0 is a value). Otherwise, leave it blank. The value must be ignored if management of transition times is not enabled in the schedule. Format: duration**
** Durations can be expressed in two ways: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An integer indicating the number of minutes (e.g. 120) • A number of hours and a number of minutes separated by the character “:” (e.g. 7:50) 					
18	Forced planned setting duration	✓	✗	✗	To be entered when forcing the planned setting duration. Leaving it blank will make DP calculate setting duration. Format: duration
19	Performed setting duration	✓	✗	✗	Should be entered when the ERP is aware of the performed setting duration. Format: duration
20	Performed durations of setting downtime	✓	✓	✓	Durations of downtime incurred by setting Format: duration
21	Completed setting	✓	✗	✗	Allows to indicate that the setting is complete. O/N or Y/N or 0/1 Format: O/N
22	Industry: Forced planned running duration	✓	✓	✓	Industry mode: to be entered when forcing the planned running duration. Leaving it blank will make Direct Planning calculate running duration. Format: duration Required in Project and Service modes
	Service: Duration				
	Project: Planned duration				
23	Industry mode: Performed running duration Project mode: Performed duration	✓	✓	✗	To be entered when the ERP is aware of the performed running duration. Format: duration
24	Duration of downtime	✓	✓	✗	Should be entered when the ERP is aware of the downtime durations during running. Format: duration
25	Earliest start date and time***	✓	✓	✗	Format: datetime
26	Latest end date and time***	✓	✓	✗	

*** In Industry and Project modes: if the format imported to this field is a short format (DD/MM/YYYY), the program will automatically set the default time configured.
 Otherwise, the imported time is used even if it is 00h00.
 If the field Earliest start date is not populated, it will be initialised by Direct Planning to the date of the import.
 Of course, the Latest end date field is left blank if the expected element is not received.

No.	Designation	Mode			Comments
		I	P	S	
27	Manual alert message	✓	✓	✓	Used to force a manual alert message on the job. Format: alpha
28	Actual start date of job	✓	✓	✓	Format: datetime
29	Actual end date of job	✓	✓	✓	Format: datetime
30	Started job	✓	✓	✓	If value is 0 and field 28 is empty, the job current start date is used. Format: O/N
31	Completed job	✓	✓	✓	If value is 0 and field 32 = 0, field 29 is ignored. The job current end date is used. If value is 0 and field 32 = 1, field 29 is ignored. The calculation of end date is based on the performed durations. If value is 0 and field 32 = 2, field 29 is required. The performed running duration is calculated automatically. Format: O/N
32	Method of time entry	✓	✓	✓	0=none / 1=by performed duration / 2=by end date Format: integer
33	ID of entity 1	✓	✓	✓	alpha
34	ID of entity 2	✓	✓	✓	
35	ID of entity 3	✓	✓	✓	
36	ID of entity 4	✓	✓	✓	
37	ID of entity 5	✓	✓	✓	
38	ID of entity 6	✓	✓	✓	
39	ID of entity 7	✓	✓	✓	
40	ID of entity 8	✓	✓	✓	
41	ID of entity 9	✓	✓	✓	
42	ID of entity 10	✓	✓	✓	
43	Configurable area 1	✓	✓	✓	alpha
44	Configurable area 2	✓	✓	✓	
45	Configurable area 3	✓	✓	✓	
46	Configurable area 4	✓	✓	✓	
47	Configurable area 5	✓	✓	✓	
48	Configurable area 6	✓	✓	✓	
49	Configurable area 7	✓	✓	✓	
50	Configurable area 8	✓	✓	✓	
51	Configurable area 9	✓	✓	✓	
52	Configurable area 10	✓	✓	✓	

No.	Designation	Mode			Comments
		I	P	S	
53	ID of technical element 1	✓	✗	✗	alpha
54	ID of technical element 2	✓	✗	✗	
55	ID of technical element 3	✓	✗	✗	
56	ID of technical element 4	✓	✗	✗	
57	ID of technical element 5	✓	✗	✗	
58	ID of technical element 6	✓	✗	✗	
59	ID of technical element 7	✓	✗	✗	
60	ID of technical element 8	✓	✗	✗	
61	ID of technical element 9	✓	✗	✗	
62	ID of technical element 10	✓	✗	✗	
63	ID of technical element 11	✓	✗	✗	
64	ID of technical element 12	✓	✗	✗	
65	ID of technical element 13	✓	✗	✗	
66	ID of technical element 14	✓	✗	✗	
67	ID of technical element 15	✓	✗	✗	
68	ID of technical element 16	✓	✗	✗	
69	ID of technical element 17	✓	✗	✗	
60	ID of technical element 18	✓	✗	✗	
71	ID of technical element 19	✓	✗	✗	
72	ID of technical element 20	✓	✗	✗	
Flag 1					
73	Status	✓	✓	✓	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
<p>If this zone is not populated, the zero value is set by default, meaning that the flag is inactive. When dealing with an indicative flag, this zone accepts values 0 (inactive) or 1 (active). When dealing with a multi-status flag, this zone accepts values ranging from 0 (inactive) to 5.</p>					
74	Planned date of receipt***	✓	✓	✓	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime***
<p>*** In Industry and Project modes: if the format imported to this field is a short format (DD/MM/YYYY), the program will automatically set the default time configured. Otherwise, the imported time is used even if it is 00h00.</p>					
75	Actual date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
76	Configurable area 1	✓	✓	✓	
77	Configurable area 2	✓	✓	✓	
78	Configurable area 3	✓	✓	✓	
79	Configurable area 4	✓	✓	✓	

No.	Designation	Mode			Comments
		I	P	S	
80	Configurable area 5	✓	✓	✓	
81	Configurable area 6	✓	✓	✓	
82	Configurable area 7	✓	✓	✓	
83	Configurable area 8	✓	✓	✓	
84	Configurable area 9	✓	✓	✓	
85	Configurable area 10	✓	✓	✓	
Flag 2					
86	Status	✓	✓	✓	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
87	Planned date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime
88	Actual date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
89 ▼ 98	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	✓	✓	✓	
Flag 3					
99	Status	✓	✓	✓	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
100	Planned date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime
101	Actual date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
102 ▼ 111	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	✓	✓	✓	
Flag 4					
112	Status	✓	✓	✓	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
113	Planned date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime
114	Actual date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
115 ▼ 124	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	✓	✓	✓	
Flag 5					

No.	Designation	Mode			Comments
		I	P	S	
125	Status	✓	✓	✓	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
126	Planned date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime
127	Actual date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
128 ▼ 137	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	✓	✓	✓	
Flag 6					
138	Status	✓	✓	✓	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
139	Planned date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime
140	Actual date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
141 ▼ 150	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	✓	✓	✓	
Flag 7					
151	Status	✓	✓	✓	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
152	Planned date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime
153	Actual date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
154 ▼ 163	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	✓	✓	✓	
Flag 8					
164	Status	✓	✓	✓	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
165	Planned date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime
166	Actual date of receipt	✓	✓	✓	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
167 ▼ 176	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	✓	✓	✓	

No.	Designation	Mode			Comments
		I	P	S	
Flag 9					
177	Status	✔	✔	✔	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
178	Planned date of receipt	✔	✔	✔	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime
179	Actual date of receipt	✔	✔	✔	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
180 ▼ 189	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	✔	✔	✔	
Flag 10					
190	Status	✔	✔	✔	Values: 0 to 5 Format: num
191	Planned date of receipt	✔	✔	✔	Applies only to Waiting for element receipt flags Format: datetime
192	Actual date of receipt	✔	✔	✔	Only for Waiting for receipt types of flags. Will only be taken into account if the status of the flag corresponds to a received element. Format: datetime
193 ▼ 202	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	✔	✔	✔	

Action codes

Action code	Description
C	Creation of a job
CM	CM (Creation when the job does not exist, Modification if it already exists).
M	Job modification
M-PLAN	Job modification with assigning of the "to schedule" status. This allows the external software to decide what will be the impact of a modification on the schedule status: this way, after an import, jobs scheduled in Direct Planning can take the to schedule status because of significant changes which took place in the external software.
S	Job deletion

OUR ADVICE



Each action code can be completed by -NOWARNING and -NOERROR extensions to prevent, respectively, the display of a warning or error message. It is recommended to reserve these extensions to the deletion action (S), when deleting an element to replace it (like in the "cancel and replace" example of the next section).

🔗 Job modifications (CM, M, M-PLAN)

1. The 4 first zones are required as they form the key used to formally identify a job and the action to perform. These zones are the following: 01-Data type 02-Version of the import format 03-Action 04-External unique identifier (ERP) for this job.
2. The zones which must not be modified must contain the @ sign.
3. Zones 08 and 09 (start and end date and time) can only be modified if you assign the job the to schedule status (action code M-PLAN above).
4. The zones requiring modification must contain the new value. If a zone is empty, this means that its content is deleted.
5. To modify a job based its Direct Planning internal ID, and not on its external ID, you must put a hash sign (#) at the beginning of zone 04 (external ID) in the import file on a line where the action code = M (Modification). For example, indicating #120 modifies the job with Direct Planning internal ID 120. This is useful to modify jobs created in Direct Planning.
6. You can also modify the external ID. Indeed, for a job created by Direct Planning and not yet attached to an external ID, the ERP ID is zero. An external ID can then be assigned to the job by preceding it with the | (pipe) character. Examples: #120|ABC to find the job with internal ID 120 and assign it the external ID ABC, or TUV|ABC to modify the job with external ID TUV and change it to ABC.

7. When modifying a job which has an external ID and which was split into multiple jobs, the modifications apply to all the subdivided jobs (the modification of the duration is the only one forbidden).

Example of instruction to import a job in creation/modification with the "@" character:

```
TASK;4;CM;180021;Laser cutting;@MAC1;
```

This instructions specifies that the job designation must always contain "Laser cutting", whether the job exists or not. Entering the character @ before MAC1 indicates that if the job is created, it is pre-positioned on the MAC1 machine. However, if the job already exists, @ indicates that this zone (the machine code) must not be modified. This way, if the planning manager had moved this job to another machine, its positioning is preserved.

Job deletions (S)

1. Deleting a linked job also deletes the links, without deleting the other linked jobs.
2. You can put an asterisk as a wildcard in zone 04 (external ID). For example, indicating 05116001-1-* deletes all jobs whose external ID begins with 05116001-1-. This interesting feature allows the ERP (e.g. VoluPack) to perform a simple cancel and replace type of regeneration. This can be used to delete all operations attached to a WO, and then recreate the WO.

Importing Process Information

No.	Designation	Format	Comments
1	Data type	alpha	Possible values: from TASK-IP1 to TASK-IP999 Required
2	Version of import format	alpha	Value: 4 Required
3	Action	alpha	CM (Creation Modification): in Process Information creation, the @ character can be used to force a zone, following the @ZONE format. However, if Process Information already exists, this character indicates that the specified zone must not be modified. M (Modification) S (Deletion) Required
4	ERP ID	alpha	Job identifier for the ERP Required
5	Configurable area 1	alpha	Configurable areas are typed. If the value transmitted in the import file does not match the type of zone, it will be ignored (e.g. an "ABC" string exported to a zone set as numeric).
6	Configurable area 2	alpha	
7	Configurable area 3	alpha	
8	Configurable area 4	alpha	
9	Configurable area 5	alpha	
10	Configurable area 6	alpha	
11	Configurable area 7	alpha	
12	Configurable area 8	alpha	
13	Configurable area 9	alpha	
14	Configurable area 10	alpha	

Like the job import, the Process Information import is based on the ERP ID or the Direct Planning. Normally, this is where you indicate your unique identifier for this job. Instead of your identifier, you can specify the Direct Planning identifier preceded by the hash sign (#).

REMINDER

The hash sign (#) must never be appear in your ERP identifier.

A warning message will be logged in the journal if a Process Information is not active for this machine. Deleting a job also deletes the associated Process Information.

Example of instruction to import Process info (in creation/modification, ERP ID in green):

```
TASK-IP1;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/020;EP07075;1300;948;XPC0010;300;2;230;;;;
```

Importing technical elements

REMINDER



To harness the full potential of Direct Planning, you better use Reference data, introduced in version 3.1 instead of technical elements.

No.	Designation	Format	Comments
1	Data type	alpha	Possible values: from TEC1 to TEC20 Required
2	Version of import format	alpha	Value: 4 Required
3	Action	alpha	C (Creation) CM (Creation when the technical element does not exist, Modification if it already exists) Required
4	Identifier of technical element	alpha	Required
5	Designation of technical element	alpha	
6	Colour	alpha	3 methods are available to express the colour: RGB: (3 comma-separated values) Html name The RANDOM keyword can be used to set a random colour when creating technical elements

Observations:

- There can be no duplicate, neither in the identifier nor in the designation of technical elements.
- If a duplicate is found in the identifier of a technical element, a warning message is generated. This situation can be normal when importing a job with an existing technical element: the technical element is reimported with the new job, triggering a normal warning message.
- If there is a duplicate in the designation of a technical element (different identifier but identical designation), then the import will add the identifier in parentheses after the description.

Importing links

No.	Designation	Format	Comments
1	Data type	alpha	Value: LINK Required
2	Version of import format	alpha	Value: 4 Required
3	Action	alpha	C (Creation) M (Modification) S (Deletion) Required
4	External unique ID for the source job	alpha	Job identifier for the ERP Required
5	External unique ID for the destination job	alpha	Required
6	Link duration	Num	0 for a simple end - start link. n If n > 0: link with n minutes gap. If n < 0: link with n minutes overlap. Required

🔗 Link modifications (M)

1. The 5 first zones are required as they form the key used to formally identify the link and action to perform.
2. Consequently, field 6 (Link duration) is the only one modifiable.
3. If field 6 contains the @ symbol, this means that nothing is modified.

🔗 Link deletions (S)

1. Deleting a link does not delete the linked jobs.
2. Deleting a link does not delete the other links of the route.

Example of instruction to import a link (in creation, source and target jobs in green):

```
LINK; 4; C-NOWARNING; 17030187-1-1-1-0/020; 17030187-1-1-1-0/030; 0
```

Importing memos

Memos contain user comments.

No.	Designation	Format	Comments
1	Data type	alpha	Value: MEMO Required
2	Version of import format	alpha	Value: 4 Required
3	Action	alpha	CM (Creation when the memo does not exist, Modification if it already exists) Required
4	Job external identifier (ERP ID)	alpha	
5	Direct Planning internal identifier	Num	
6	Login of Direct Planning user	alpha	If internal identifier of DP user does not exist
7	Comment text	alpha	To create a line break: \\r Semicolons are replaced by commas. Double quotes are doubled.
8	State of the alert linked to the comment		
9	Date of comment modification	datetime	
10	Date of comment comment alert	datetime	

Importing calendar modifications

Direct Planning enables you to import directives for creating / modifying / deleting standard days and weeks based on their code or designation (a single file can contain several import directives).

N°	Désignation	Format	Observations
1	Directive	alpha	Possible balues : CAL-JT-L: Modif. of std day using its designation CAL-JT-C: Modif. of std day using its code CAL-ST-L: Modif. of std week using its designation CAL-ST-C: Modif. of std week using its code Required
2	Version of import format	alpha	Value : 4 Required
3	Action	alpha	C (Creation) M (Modification) Required Note: The deletion is a CM code action with a blank value on the standars week (or day). Examples: - Modif. of a SW in calendar using its designation «Std week 2x8» CAL-ST-L; 4; CM; MAC1; 06/09/2021; Std week 2x8 - Deletion (reset to blank) od a SW in calendar CAL-ST-C; 4; CM; MAC1; 06/09/2021;

N°	Désignation	Format	Observations
4	Machine code	alpha	Machine code Required
5	Date of the standard day or week	DD/MM/YYYY	Date of std day (CAL-JT-L and CAL-JT-C directives) start of std week (CAL-ST-L and CAL-ST-C directives) Required
6	Designation / Code of the std day or week	alpha	Designation (or code) of the day (or week) to impose Notes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> An empty value can be used to delete the std day or week previously imposed The @ value will not trigger any processing (no modification) Required

Colour codes

Html name	RGB code
AliceBlue	240,248,255
AntiqueWhite	250,235,215
Aqua	0,255,255
Aquamarine	127,255,212
Azure	240,255,255
Beige	245,245,220
Bisque	255,228,196
Black	0,0,0
BlanchedAlmond	255,235,205
Blue	0,0,255
BlueViolet	138,43,226
Brown	165,42,42
BurlyWood	222,184,135
CadetBlue	95,158,160
Chartreuse	127,255,0
Chocolate	210,105,30
Coral	255,127,80
CornflowerBlue	100,149,237
Cornsilk	255,248,220
Crimson	237,164,61
Cyan	0,255,255
DarkBlue	0,0,139
DarkCyan	0,139,139
DarkGoldenRod	184,134,11
DarkGray	167,167,167
DarkGreen	0,100,0
DarkKhaki	189,183,107
DarkMagenta	139,0,139
DarkOliveGreen	85,107,47
Darkorange	255,140,0
DarkOrchid	153,50,204
DarkRed	139,0,0
DarkSalmon	233,150,122
DarkSeaGreen	143,188,143
DarkSlateBlue	72,61,139
DarkSlateGray	47,79,79
DarkTurquoise	0,206,209
DarkViolet	148,0,211
DeepPink	255,20,147
DeepSkyBlue	0,191,255
DimGray	105,105,105
DodgerBlue	30,144,255
Feldspar	209,146,117
FireBrick	178,34,34
FloralWhite	255,250,240
ForestGreen	34,139,34
Fuchsia	255,0,255
Gainsboro	220,220,220

Html name	RGB code
GhostWhite	248,248,255
Gold	255,215,0
GoldenRod	218,165,32
Gray	190,190,190
Green	0,128,0
GreenYellow	173,255,47
HoneyDew	240,255,240
HotPink	255,105,180
IndianRed	205,92,92
Indigo	75,0,130
Ivory	255,255,240
Khaki	240,230,140
Lavender	230,230,250
LavenderBlush	255,240,245
LawnGreen	124,252,0
LemonChiffon	255,250,205
LightBlue	173,216,230
LightCoral	240,128,128
LightCyan	224,255,255
LightGoldenRodYellow	250,250,210
LightGreen	144,238,144
LightGrey	211,211,211
LightPink	255,182,193
LightSalmon	255,160,122
LightSeaGreen	32,178,170
LightSkyBlue	135,206,250
LightSlateBlue	132,112,255
LightSlateGray	119,136,153
LightSteelBlue	176,196,222
LightYellow	255,255,224
Lime	0,255,0
LimeGreen	50,205,50
Linen	250,240,230
Magenta	255,0,255
Maroon	128,0,0
MediumAquaMarine	102,205,170
MediumBlue	0,0,205
MediumOrchid	186,85,211
MediumPurple	147,112,219
MediumSeaGreen	60,179,113
MediumSlateBlue	123,104,238
MediumSpringGreen	0,250,154
MediumTurquoise	72,209,204
MediumVioletRed	199,21,133
MidnightBlue	25,25,112
MintCream	245,255,250
MistyRose	255,228,225
Moccasin	255,228,181

Html name	RGB code
NavajoWhite	255,222,173
Navy	0,0,128
OldLace	253,245,230
Olive	128,128,0
OliveDrab	107,142,35
Orange	255,165,0
OrangeRed	255,69,0
Orchid	218,112,214
PaleGoldenRod	238,232,170
PaleGreen	152,251,152
PaleTurquoise	175,238,238
PaleVioletRed	219,112,147
PapayaWhip	255,239,213
PeachPuff	255,218,185
Peru	205,133,63
Pink	255,192,203
Plum	221,160,221
PowderBlue	176,224,230
Purple	128,0,128
Red	255,0,0
RosyBrown	188,143,143
RoyalBlue	65,105,225
SaddleBrown	139,69,19
Salmon	250,128,114
SandyBrown	244,164,96
SeaGreen	46,139,87
SeaShell	255,245,238
Sienna	160,82,45
Silver	192,192,192
SkyBlue	135,206,235
SlateBlue	106,90,205
SlateGray	112,128,144
Snow	255,250,250
SpringGreen	0,255,127
SteelBlue	70,130,180
Tan	210,180,140
Teal	0,128,128
Thistle	216,191,216
Tomato	255,99,71
Turquoise	64,224,208
Violet	238,130,238
VioletRed	208,32,144
Wheat	245,222,179
White	255,255,255
WhiteSmoke	245,245,245
Yellow	255,255,0
YellowGreen	154,205,50

6.2.4. Examples of use

🔗 The WO data changed in the ERP

“Cancel and replace” import

(Instructions are truncated for readability purposes)

```
ENT1;4;CM;C54144;INDUSTRIA;::::::::::;RANDOM;::::::::::;
ENT2;4;CM;PS54144-0000814;ETUI MAGIC 6% 10ML;39.5 x 34 x 68;8U780A00;A2220;::::::::::;RANDO
ENT3;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1;910855/1;VDR;::::::::::;RANDOM;C54144;::::::::::;
ENT4;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1;17030187-1-1-1;20000;SAINT-PIERRE DES CORPS;25/04/2017;26/04/20
DREF12;4;CM;A2220;A2220 (A112) PATTES ALTERNEES;RANDOM
DREF13;4;CM;EP07075;7075 - 30 poses;RANDOM
DREF14;4;CM;ZPA0017;ZPA0017 - PALETTE H 100X120 NIMP15 5 SEM CEINTUREE;RANDOM
DREF15;4;CM;ZCA1015;ZCA1015 - CA15-6543- CARN 598 X 324 X 200;RANDOM
```

The first four lines (dark green) create entities 1, 2, 3 and 4 (customer, product...) via **CM** action.

The next four lines (light green) create Reference data 12, 13, 14 and 15 (product, type...) via **CM** action.

```
TASK;4;S-NOERROR;17030187-1-1-1-1/*;::::::::::;
TASK;4;C-NOWARNING;17030187-1-1-1-0/030;OFFSET RECTO - 4 couleurs - Acrylique brillant;
TASK-IP2;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/030;EP07075;4;4;1;::::;
TASK-IP3;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/030;BLACK -;YELLOW -;P00485RED -;P01505ORA -;-;-AC;;PVO
TASK;4;C-NOWARNING;17030187-1-1-1-0/100;DECOUPE 1er PASSAGE - EP07075 30 poses;3400;DEC
TASK-IP5;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/100;EP07075;30;::::::::::;1
TASK;4;C-NOWARNING;17030187-1-1-1-1/132;COLLAGE 1er PASSAGE -;5500;COLTOT;NOW;;20000;1.0
TASK-IP6;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-1/132;EP07075;;;147;136;::::;
TASK-IP7;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-1/132;0;ZCA1015;1300;ZPA0017;30;::::;
LINK;4;C-NOWARNING;17030187-1-1-1-0/030;17030187-1-1-1-0/100;0
LINK;4;C-NOWARNING;17030187-1-1-1-0/100;17030187-1-1-1-1/132;0
```

The first line (red) deletes all the WO phases via the **S** action (with **NOERROR** extension).

Phases (Printing > Cutting > Gluing) are then recreated (green) via the **C** action.

Corresponding Process Information (blue) is created or, as appropriate, modified via the **CM** action.

Finally, the links between WO phases (orange) are created via the **C** action.

Import in “creation/modification”

(Instructions are truncated for readability purposes)

```
TASK;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/020;COUPEUSE - Avec refente;1200;COUP;NOW;;1228;1.0;2.000;0.
TASK-IP1;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/020;EP07075;1300;948;XPC0010;300;2;230;;
TASK;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/030;OFFSET RECTO - 4 couleurs - Acrylique brillant;2100;IMP6
TASK-IP2;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/030;EP07075;4;4;1;::::;
TASK-IP3;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/030;BLACK -;YELLOW -;P00485RED -;P01505ORA -;-;-AC;;PVO
TASK;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/100;DECOUPE 1er PASSAGE - EP07075 30 poses;3400;DECTOT;NOW;;
TASK-IP5;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-0/100;EP07075;30;::::::::::;1
TASK;4;CM;17030187-1-1-1-1/132;COLLAGE 1er PASSAGE -;5500;COLTOT;NOW;;20000;1.0;1.000;0
```

In the example above, the WO is not deleted. Phases are imported via the **CM** action, meaning they are created if they do not exist or modified if they do.

6.2.5. Course of import and logging

REMINDER



To set the import folder, click on **Configuration > General configuration > Automatic import**.

Warning

The files are processed in chronological order, according to their creation date. If two files share the same creation date, then they are processed by alphabetical order.

If sending files typed by instruction, filenames must be generated so as to take them into account in the right order.

Assuming that the import file is `D:\DirectPlanning\import_001.csv`

The import makes the following transactions:

- Creation of a time-stamped history folder, for example: `D:\DirectPlanning\histo\2018.02.01-12:00`.
- Saving of the schedule before import, as a dpl2 file in this folder.
- Actual achievement of the import.
- Creation of import detailed logs: `D:\DirectPlanning\histo\journal.log` and `D:\DirectPlanning\journal.log`.
- Each import file is moved to the time-stamped folder and the `.ok` extension is added if all records were processed successfully. Example: `D:\DirectPlanning\histo\import_001.csv.ok`
- Each import file is moved to the time-stamped folder and the `.err` extension is added if there is at least one record in error in this file. Example: `D:\DirectPlanning\histo\import_001.csv.err`
- The scheduled is backed up after import, provided that no error was encountered during import and the automatic backup was not disabled.

These transactions are performed for reasons of security (to avoid a file being imported more than once) and traceability (to maintain a history of the different imports and their outcome).

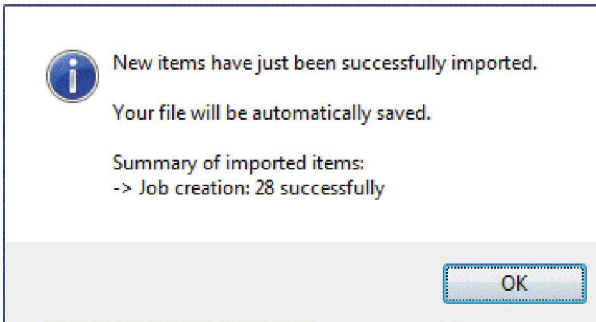
Note

Logging of the schedule can quickly saturate disk space.

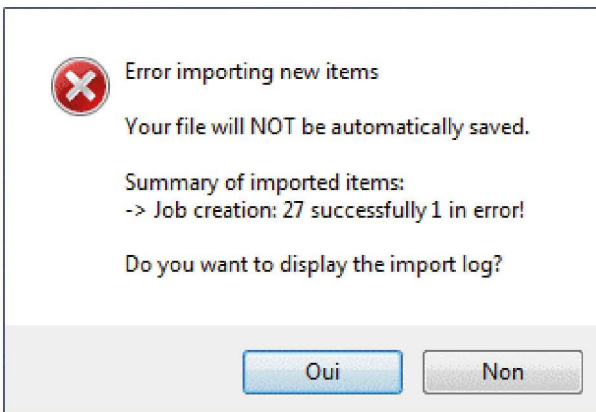
Remember to check how the automatic purge of imports is configured (**Configuration > General configuration > Automatic import**)

6.2.6. Import result

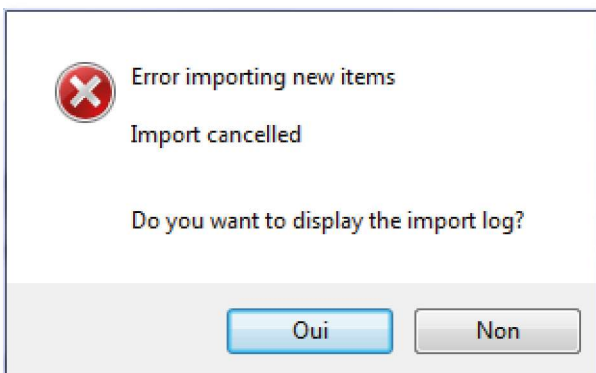
3 scenarios may arise:



◀ No error encountered.



◀ The encountered errors do not necessarily require to resume the import.



◀ The encountered errors require to resume the import.

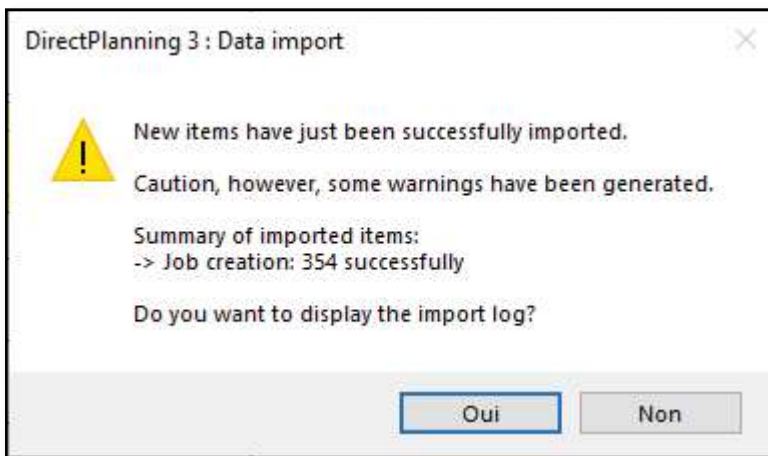
Resuming procedure

Following import, when closing the schedule without saving, 2 scenarios are possible:

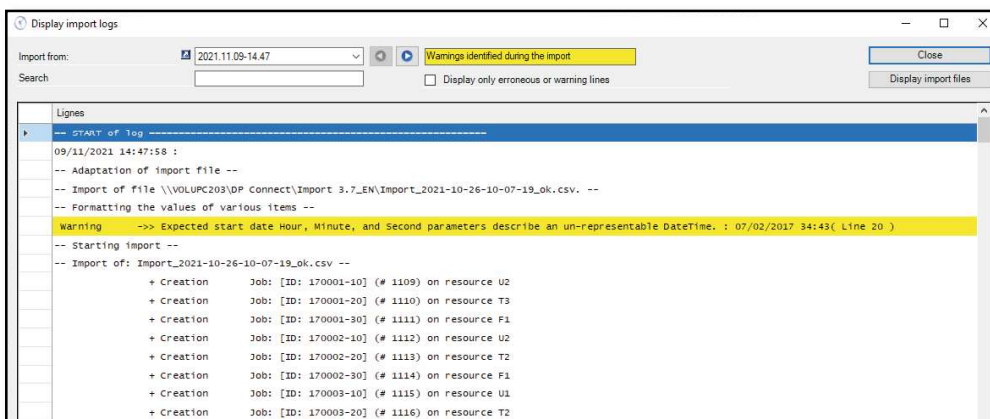
1. Make the corrections in the program generating the files to import, regenerate the files to import and relaunch the import.
2. Put the affected files back in the import folder, delete the .err extension, directly edit the corresponding .csv files you relaunch the import.

Import log

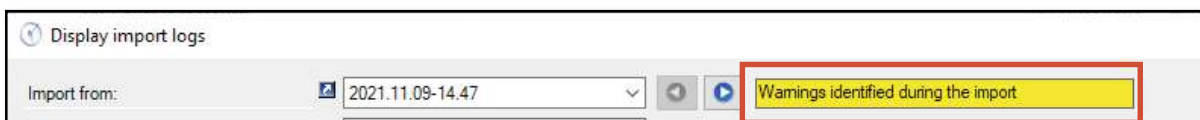
As just seen, in case of error or warning, Direct Planning enables you to open the import log:



It is displayed in a window which is embedded in Direct Planning. In the log, the warnings are displayed in yellow and the errors in red:

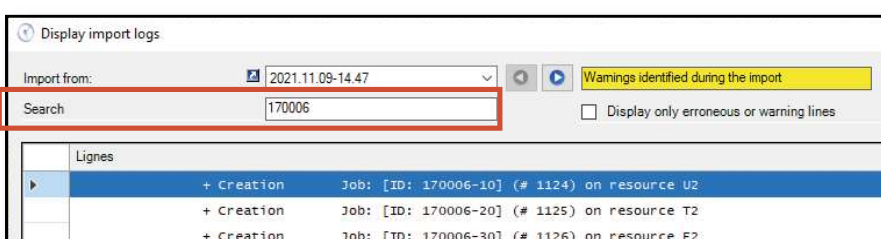


A quick filter is available to view only warnings and errors:

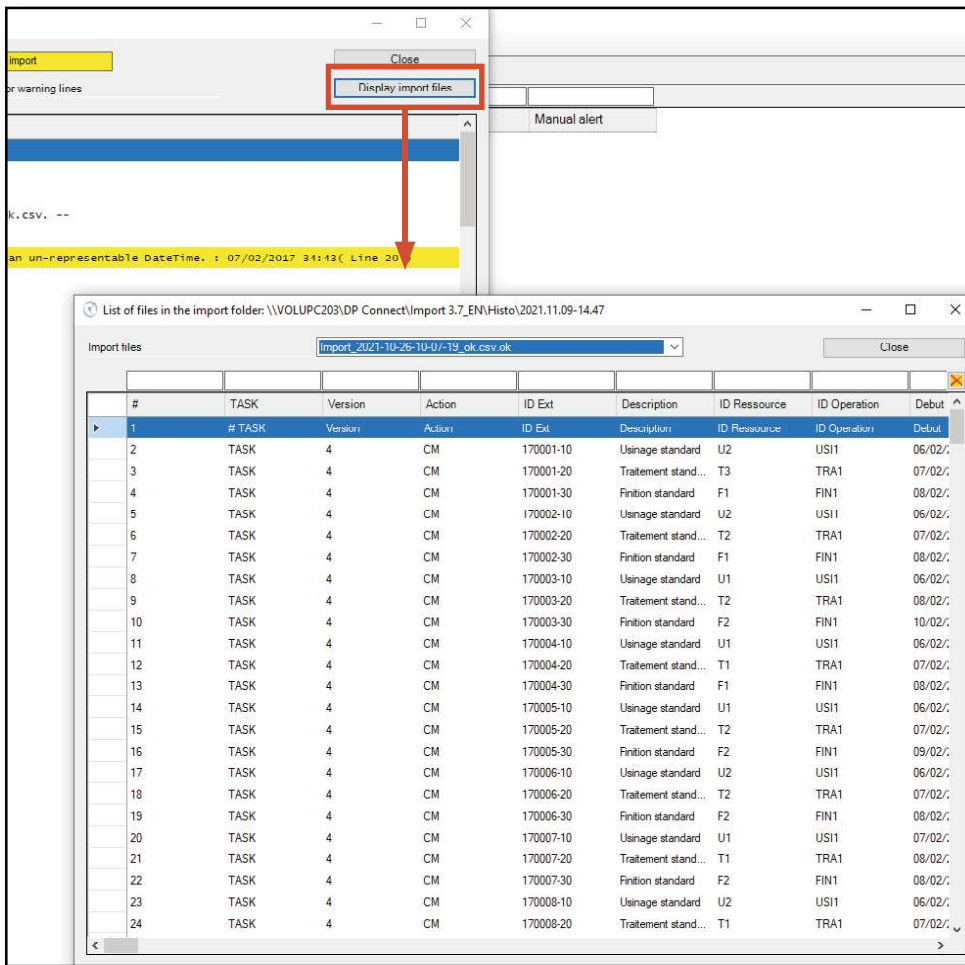


The search field enables you to find quickly a character string in the log.

For example, this will allow us to find all the import lines associated with a WO number:



This log file also gives you access to the list of import files, in order to quickly review their content:



You can also browse quickly the import logs from previous imports:



6.3.1. Data export formats

Exporting Process Information

No.	Designation	Format	Comments
1	Data type	alpha	Possible values: from TASK-IP
2	Version of export format	alpha	Value: 4
3	Direct Planning identifier for this job	alpha	
4	Process Information number	Num	
5	Configurable area 1	alpha	
6	Configurable area 2	alpha	
7	Configurable area 3	alpha	
8	Configurable area 4	alpha	
9	Configurable area 5	alpha	
10	Configurable area 6	alpha	
11	Configurable area 7	alpha	
12	Configurable area 8	alpha	
13	Configurable area 9	alpha	
14	Configurable area 10	alpha	

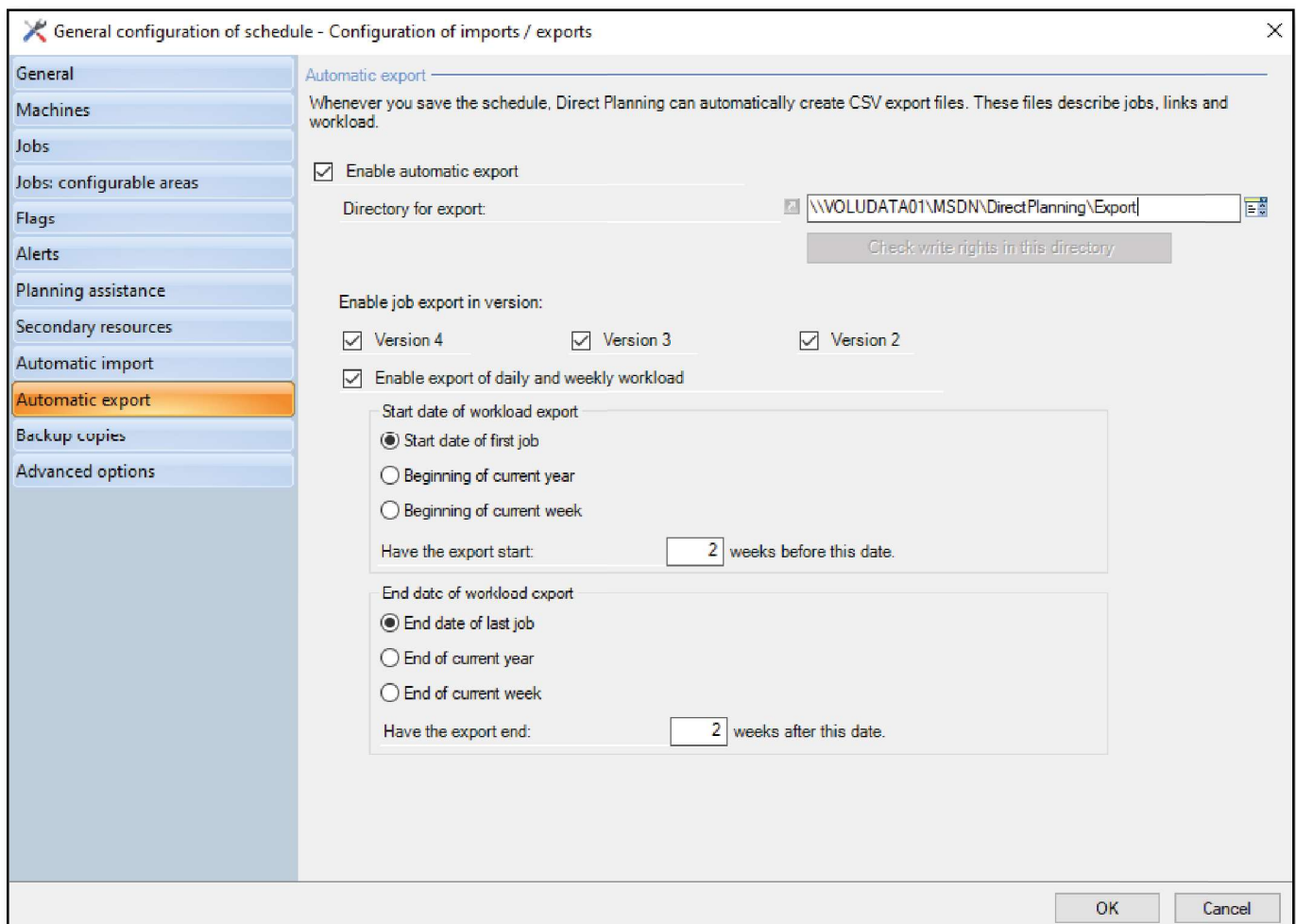
6.3. Exporting data

As discussed earlier, Direct Planning can generate files for third party applications (such as an ERP, CAPE, specific program or Excel macro).

Direct Planning exports jobs (with attached flags), links and optionally the daily and weekly workload.

The export is automatically generated each time the schedule is saved.

To configure the export, click on **Configuration > General configuration > Automatic export**:



Characteristics of exported files

- CSV format
- Placed in the export folder configured in the screen above (**Configuration > General configuration > Automatic export**)
- Contain all the modifications made since the last backup.

Named:

- **export_task.csv** for jobs in the v1 format.

- `export_task_v2.csv` for jobs in the v2 format.
- `export_link.csv` for links in the v1 format (there is no v2 format for links).
- `export_calendar_day.csv` for calendars and the daily workload.
- `export_calendar_week.csv` for the weekly workload.

Note

The colon replaces the semicolon in all text zones of the exported file.

The formatted notes are exported as plain text, without formatting and carriage returns. These are replaced by the character string `%/%` (percent slash percent).

Exporting jobs

No.	Designation	Comments
01	Data type	Value: TASK or TITLE Format: alpha
02	Version of import format	Values: 4 Format: alpha
03	ERP unique identifier for this job	The purpose of this zone is to allow the third party application to recognise a job it previously transferred to Direct Planning via the import function. For imported jobs, it contains the number assigned by the external software. For jobs created in Direct Planning, it is set to 0 (zero) unless you give it a value during import. When a job is subdivided, the 2 resulting jobs are identified by #1 and #2 suffixes. Format: alpha
04	Direct Planning unique identifier for this job	This zone contains the unique internal number assigned by Direct Planning. Format: alpha
05	Date of update	Format: datetime
06	Job name	Format: alpha
07	Identifier of resource	Format: alpha
08	Designation of resource	Format: alpha
09	Operation identifier	Format: alpha
10	Operation designation	Format: alpha
11	Working unit identifier	Format: alpha
12	Working unit designation	Format: alpha
13	Start date and time	Format: datetime***
14	End date and time	Format: datetime***
15	Entered earliest start date and time	Format: datetime***
16	Earliest start date and time derived from flags (with element receipt constraint)	Format: datetime***
17	Earliest start date and time forced by upstream jobs of route	Format: datetime***
18	Actual earliest start date and time	Format: datetime***
19	Earliest start date and time of route	Format: datetime***
20	Latest end date and time entered	Format: datetime***
21	Latest end date and time forced by downstream jobs of route	Format: datetime***
22	Actual latest end date and time	Format: datetime***
23	Latest end date and time of route	Format: datetime***
*** Datetime columns use the DD.MM.YYYY hh:mm format (with a space between the year and time).		
24	Declared start date and time of job	
25	Declared end date and time of job	
26	Former start date and time of job	

No.	Designation	Comments
27	Former end date and time of job	
28	Method of time entry	
29	Planned quantity	Format: quantity
30	Percentage of variable waste	Format: decimal
31	Nbr of WU to produce per operative WU	Format: decimal
32	Nbr of work rate WU per operative WU	Format: decimal
33	Performed quantity	
34	Non-compliant quantity	
35	Started job	
36	Completed job	
37	Progress percentage	Value: from 0 to 100 Format: num
38	Transition duration (deprecated)	Format: duration
39	Planned setting duration	Format: duration
40	Performed setting duration	Format: duration
41	Performed duration of setting stops	
42	Setting completed?	Format: O/N
43	Scheduled setting duration	Format: duration
44	Planned running duration	Format: duration
45	Performed running duration	Format: duration
46	Duration of downtime	Format: duration
47	Scheduled running duration	Format: duration
48	Total planned duration	Format: duration
49	Total performed duration	Format: duration
50	Total scheduled duration (ex-transition times)	Format: duration
51	Total scheduled duration including transition times	Format: duration
52	Locked job	Value: O/N Format: alpha
53	Job to schedule	Value: O/N Format: alpha
54	Job alert code	0 : No positioning alert 1 : The job starts too early. 2 : Job may end too late. 3 : Job ends too late. Format: num

No.	Designation	Comments
55	Cycle alert code	0: No cycle 1: The job is part of a cycle which is applies on the route of this job 2: The job is caught in a cycle. A job in cycle on the resource blocks the job and prevents its movement. The job does not actually belong to the cycle. 3: Impossible movement Format: num
56	Alert code of multi-status flag pending element receipt	0: No flag in alert 1: At least one Element not received flag in alert Format: num
57	Manual alert code	0: No manual alert 1: Manual alert positioned Format: num
58	Manual alert message	Format: alpha
59	Identifier of entity 1	Format: alpha
60	Designation of entity 1	Format: alpha
61	Identifier of entity 2	Format: alpha
62	Designation of entity 2	Format: alpha
63	Identifier of entity 3	Format: alpha
64	Designation of entity 3	Format: alpha
65	Identifier of entity 4	Format: alpha
66	Designation of entity 4	Format: alpha
67	Identifier of entity 5	Format: alpha
68	Designation of entity 5	Format: alpha
69	Identifier of entity 6	Format: alpha
70	Designation of entity 6	Format: alpha
71	Identifier of entity 7	Format: alpha
72	Designation of entity 7	Format: alpha
73	Identifier of entity 8	Format: alpha
74	Designation of entity 8	Format: alpha
75	Identifier of entity 9	Format: alpha
76	Designation of entity 9	Format: alpha
77	Identifier of entity 10	Format: alpha
78	Designation of entity 10	Format: alpha
79	Free zone 1	Format: alpha
80	Free zone 2	Format: alpha
81	Free zone 3	Format: alpha
82	Free zone 4	Format: alpha
83	Free zone 5	Format: alpha
84	Free zone 6	Format: alpha
85	Free zone 7	Format: alpha
86	Free zone 8	Format: alpha
87	Free zone 9	Format: alpha

No.	Designation	Comments
88	Free zone 10	Format: alpha

No.	Designation	Comments
89	Identifier of technical element 1	Format: alpha
90	Designation of technical element 1	Format: alpha
91	Identifier of technical element 2	Format: alpha
92	Designation of technical element 2	Format: alpha
93	Identifier of technical element 3	Format: alpha
94	Designation of technical element 3	Format: alpha
95	Identifier of technical element 4	Format: alpha
96	Designation of technical element 4	Format: alpha
97	Identifier of technical element 5	Format: alpha
98	Designation of technical element 5	Format: alpha
99	Identifier of technical element 6	Format: alpha
100	Designation of technical element 6	Format: alpha
101	Identifier of technical element 7	Format: alpha
102	Designation of technical element 7	Format: alpha
103	Identifier of technical element 8	Format: alpha
104	Designation of technical element 8	Format: alpha
105	Identifier of technical element 9	Format: alpha
106	Designation of technical element 9	Format: alpha
107	Identifier of technical element 10	Format: alpha
108	Designation of technical element 10	Format: alpha
109	Identifier of technical element 11	Format: alpha
110	Designation of technical element 11	Format: alpha
111	Identifier of technical element 12	Format: alpha
112	Designation of technical element 12	Format: alpha
113	Identifier of technical element 13	Format: alpha
114	Designation of technical element 13	Format: alpha
115	Identifier of technical element 14	Format: alpha
116	Designation of technical element 14	Format: alpha
117	Identifier of technical element 15	Format: alpha
118	Designation of technical element 15	Format: alpha
119	Identifier of technical element 16	Format: alpha
120	Designation of technical element 16	Format: alpha
121	Identifier of technical element 17	Format: alpha
122	Designation of technical element 17	Format: alpha
123	Identifier of technical element 18	Format: alpha
124	Designation of technical element 18	Format: alpha

No.	Designation	Comments
125	Identifier of technical element 19	Format: alpha
126	Designation of technical element 19	Format: alpha
127	Identifier of technical element 20	Format: alpha
128	Designation of technical element 20	Format: alpha

Exporting flags

No.	Designation	Comments
Flag 1		
129	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num
130	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
131	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
132	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime***
133	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime***
*** Datetime columns use the DD.MM.YYYY hh:mm format (with a space between the year and time).		
134	Configurable area 1	Format: alpha
135	Configurable area 2	Format: alpha
136	Configurable area 3	Format: alpha
137	Configurable area 4	Format: alpha
138	Configurable area 5	Format: alpha
139	Configurable area 6	Format: alpha
140	Configurable area 7	Format: alpha
141	Configurable area 8	Format: alpha
142	Configurable area 9	Format: alpha
143	Configurable area 10	Format: alpha
Flag 2		

No.	Designation	Comments
144	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num
145	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
146	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
147	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime
148	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime
149 ▼	Configurable area 1	Format: alpha
158	Configurable area 10	
Flag 3		
159	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num
160	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
161	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
162	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime
163	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime
164 ▼	Configurable area 1	Format: alpha
173	Configurable area 10	
Flag 4		
174	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num

No.	Designation	Comments
175	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
176	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
177	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime
178	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime
179 ▼	Configurable area 1	Format: alpha
188	Configurable area 10	
Flag 5		
189	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num
190	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
191	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
192	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime
193	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime
194 ▼	Configurable area 1	Format: alpha
203	Configurable area 10	
Flag 6		
204	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num
205	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
206	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
207	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime
208	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime

No.	Designation	Comments
209 ▼ 218	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	Format: alpha
Flag 7		
219	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num
220	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
221	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
222	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime
223	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime
224 ▼ 233	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	Format: alpha
Flag 8		
234	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num
235	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
236	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
237	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime
238	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime
239 ▼ 248	Configurable area 1 Configurable area 10	Format: alpha
Flag 9		

No.	Designation	Comments
249	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num
250	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
251	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
252	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime
253	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime
254 ▼	Configurable area 1	Format: alpha
263	Configurable area 10	
Flag 10		
264	Status	Values: -1: Unconfigured flag 0: Inactive flag 1: Active indicative flag or multi-status flag with status 1 2: Multi-status flag with status 2 3: Multi-status flag with status 3 4: Multi-status flag with status 4 5: Multi-status flag with status 5 Format: num
265	Status of receipt (For Waiting for element receipt flags)	0: The flag is not a Waiting for element receipt flag 1: Waiting for element receipt 2: Received element Format: num
266	Alert code on this flag	0: No alert on this flag 1: Expired planned receipt date for a waiting for element receipt flag.
267	Planned date of receipt	Format: datetime
268	Actual date of receipt	Format: datetime
269 ▼	Configurable area 1	Format: alpha
278	Configurable area 10	

Exporting links

No.	Designation	Comments
1	Data type	Value: LINK (or TITLE) Format: alpha
2	Version of export format	Value: 4 Format: alpha
3	Direct Planning identifier of source job	Format: alpha
4	Direct Planning identifier of destination job	Format: alpha
5	External identifier of source job	Format: alpha
6	External identifier of destination job	Format: alpha
7	Link duration	Format: num

Exporting memos

No.	Designation	Comments
1	Data type	Value: LINK (or TITLE) Format: alpha
2	Version of export format	Value: 4 Format: alpha
3	External identifier of job (ERP ID)	Format: alpha
4	Direct Planning internal identifier	Format: alpha
5	Login of Direct Planning user	Format: alpha
6	Comment text	To create a line break: \r Semicolons are replaced by commas. Double quotes are doubled.
7	State of alert linked to comment	
8	Comment modification date	
9	Comment alert date	

Calendars and daily workload

The exported file contains only one type of record: the hours worked by day and by resource (**DAILY**). 17 fields exported, translating into 16 semicolons.

The first line of the exported file is a header line to ease the identification of columns (data type = **TITLE**).

No.	Designation	Comments
1	Data type	Value: DAILY (or TITLE) Format: alpha
2	Version of export format	Value: 1 Format: alpha
3	Date	Format: dd/mm/yyyy
4	Direct Planning identifier of the resource	Format: alpha
5	Work capacity for this resource at this date	In minutes Format: num
6	Actual workload for this resource at this date	In minutes Format: num
7	Workload percentage for this resource at this date	= zone 6/zone 5 X 100 Format: num
8	Range start 1	00:00 as start time means midnight of the day.
9	Range end 1	00:00 as end time means midnight of the next day.
10	Range start 2	Start and date time not entered: unused time range Format: hh:mm
11	Range end 2	
12	Range start 3	
13	Range end 3	
14	Range start 4	
15	Range end 4	
16	Range start 5	
17	Range end 5	

Warning

If you open the **export_calendar_day.csv** file in Microsoft Excel and the software is configured to not display zero values, confusion may arise as 00:00 values no longer appear, mixing up 24 hour and zero hour work capacity cases!

Weekly workload

This file indicates the workload and work capacity by week and by resource.

The exported file contains only one type of record: the hours worked by week and by resource (**WEEKLY**).
8 fields exported, translating into 7 semicolons.

No.	Designation	Comments
1	Data type	Value: WEEKLY (or TITLE) Format: alpha
2	Version of export format	Value: 1 Format: alpha
3	Week number	Format: num
4	Week start date	Format: dd/mm/yyyy
5	Direct Planning identifier of the resource	Format: alpha
6	Work capacity of this resource for this week	In minutes Format: num
7	Actual workload of this resource for this week	In minutes Format: num
8	Workload percentage of this resource for this week	= zone 7/zone 6 X 100 Format: num

Note

The week spreads from Monday to Sunday.

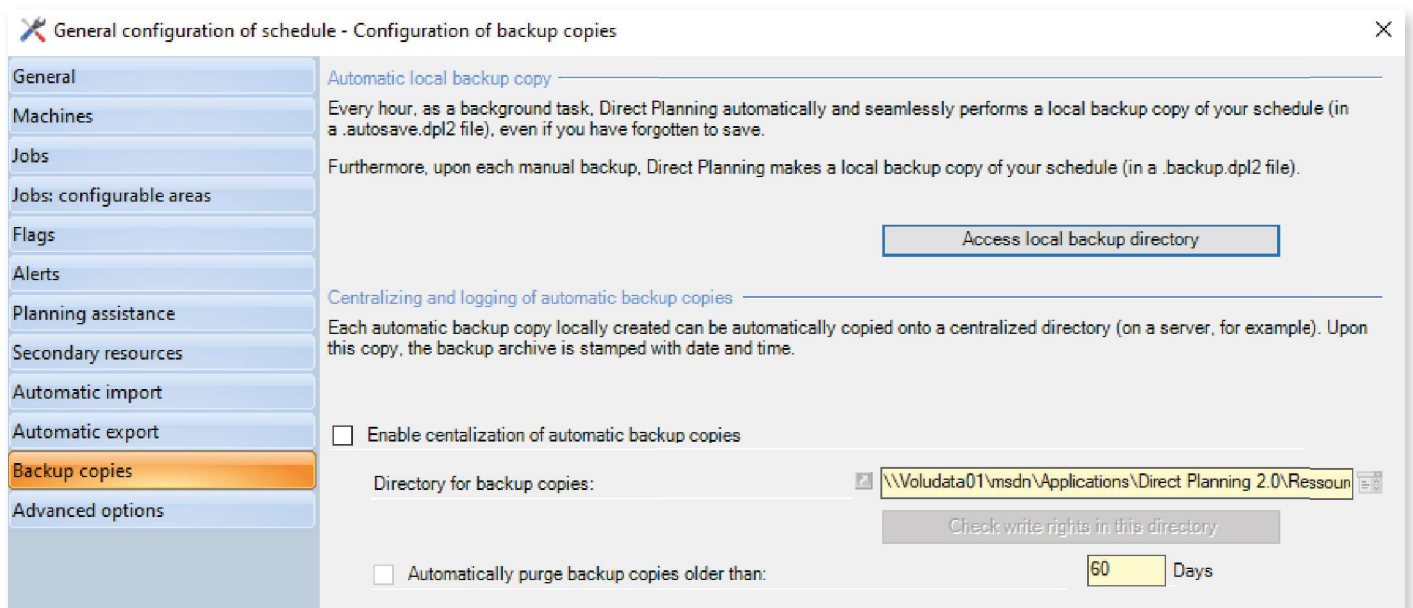
7. Administration

ADMINISTRATION

This section is, by definition, fully dedicated to the Direct Planning administrator.

7.1. Managing your schedule backups

Configuration > General configuration > Backup copies



Backup copies are made in the DPL2 format.

What is the DPL2 format?

Schedules are saved in a SQL Server database.

Therefore, they are not materialised by files which can be copied in the explorer or with a backup management tool.

However, each schedule can be exported in a DPL2 file which can be copied or saved with any Windows-based tool.

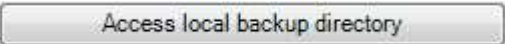
Local backup

Direct Planning's automatic backup provides basic security.


It is performed every hour, even when users do not purposely perform the backup. Should an incident occur, this allows the recovery of a recent backup copy.

The backup is performed in the following folder:

C:\Users\[utilisateur]\AppData\Roaming\Volume Software\DirectPlanning 2\
backup

Click on  to reach this folder directly.

Centralised (network) backup

Further security is provided by saving your schedule on another machine, in a shared and centralised folder. To do this, check the corresponding box and specify the backup folder by clicking on the  icon on the right.

This folder centralises all backups performed by all computers.

It can integrate with the overall framework of backup procedure in your enterprise.

Click on  to check that you have writing permissions in this folder.

Backup purge

Finally, you can request the automatic purge of outdated backups by checking the corresponding box. The age of backups can be configured: 60 days by default.

Backup summary

In this table:

- Manual backups are those purposely launched by users.
- Automatic backups are those automatically launched by Direct Planning.
- Critical backups are those performed automatically when a crash occurs. They allow the recovery of crucial information. You can also send it to us for diagnostic purposes.

Backup	Local folder	Centralisation folder (where appropriate)
Manual	[Schedule name].[Num].backup.dpl2	[Schedule name].[Num].backup.dpl2 [Schedule name].[Num].backup.[date].dpl2
Automatic	[Schedule name].[Num].autosave.dpl2	[Schedule name].autosave.[date].dpl2
Critical	[Schedule name].autosave-error.[date].dpl2	

[Num] shows the database number, to differentiate different bases sharing the same schedule name.

[date] indicates that the file is time-stamped in the YYYY.MM.DD-hh.mm.ss format.

Opening DPL2 files

A dedicated tool can be used to display, and eventually modify, the contents of DPL2 files. This tool is located in the Direct Planning install directory and is named **DPL2_File_Viewer.exe**. It is reserved for the administrator. This tool should be used with extreme caution when modifying DPL2 files.

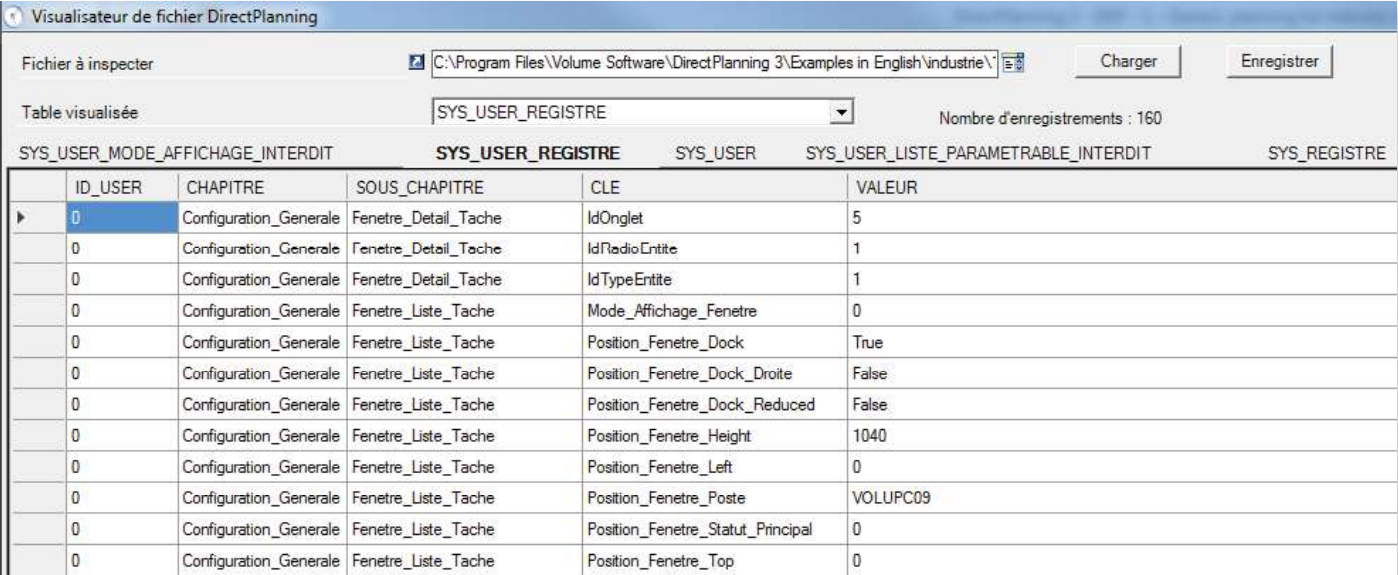
OUR ADVICE



It is essential to backup the DPL2 file before making any change.

A DPL2 file may be modified upon agreement with Volume Software maintenance staff.

Start the DPL2_File_Viewer.exe program and open the DPL2 file by clicking on , and **Charger** (Load):



	ID_USER	CHAPITRE	SOUS_CHAPITRE	CLE	VALEUR
▶	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Detail_Tache	IdOnglet	5
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Detail_Tache	IdRadioEntite	1
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Detail_Tache	IdTypeEntite	1
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Liste_Tache	Mode_Affichage_Fenetre	0
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Liste_Tache	Position_Fenetre_Dock	True
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Liste_Tache	Position_Fenetre_Dock_Droite	False
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Liste_Tache	Position_Fenetre_Dock_Reduced	False
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Liste_Tache	Position_Fenetre_Height	1040
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Liste_Tache	Position_Fenetre_Left	0
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Liste_Tache	Position_Fenetre_Poste	VOLUPC09
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Liste_Tache	Position_Fenetre_Statut_Principal	0
	0	Configuration_Generale	Fenetre_Liste_Tache	Position_Fenetre_Top	0

2 methods are available to view the tables in your .DPL2 file: by selecting a table in the dropdown list **Table visualisée** (Table displayed) or by clicking on the tables displayed above the columns (SYS_REGISTRE, LISTE_PARAMETRABLE, etc.).

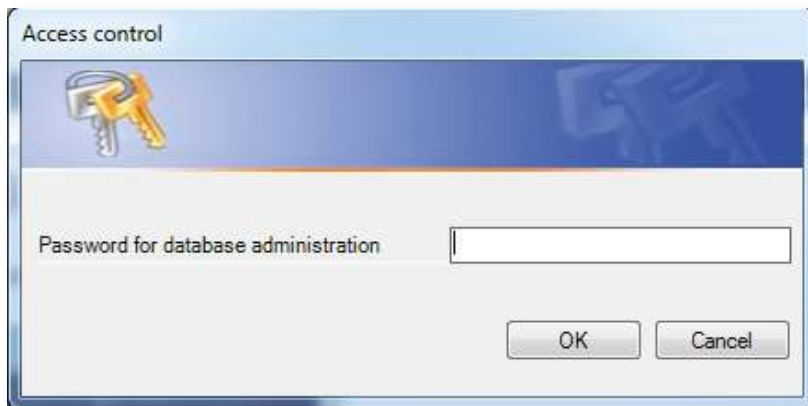
The table and column denominations are internal names used in the database.

Clicking on a column header column sorts the display. To change a piece of data, click a first time in the concerned cell. Then click a second time to switch to printing mode.

When you are done with your modifications, click on the **Enregistrer** (Save) button.

7.2. Administering databases

Use the **File > Administration** menu to administer Direct Planning databases.



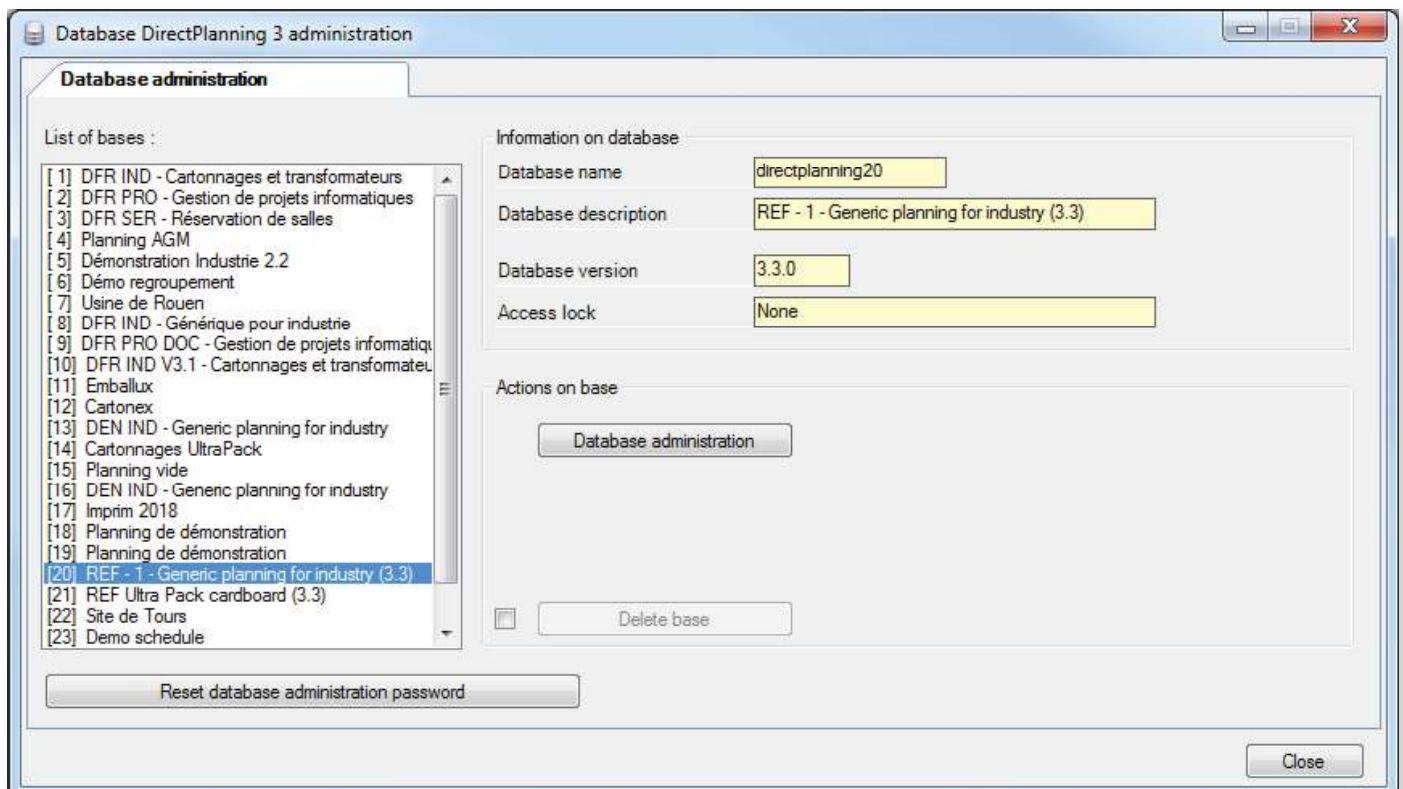
▲ The first time you access the administration module, you must create a password which will be requested on each access.

You can change it later.

Warning

This password is separate from the user password of the administrator.

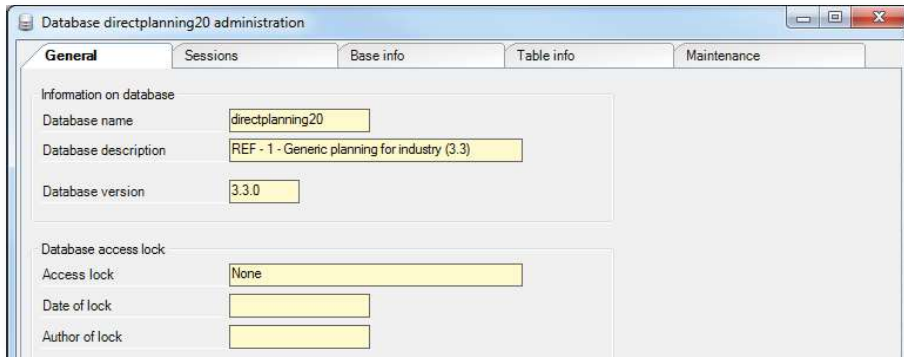
After entering your password, the list of bases displays:



To delete a base, select the base to delete in the list on the left and click on **Delete base** after checking

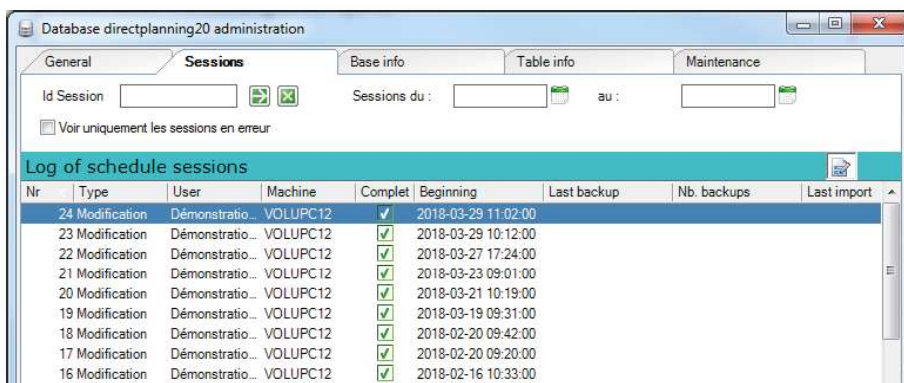
the corresponding box.

To access the actual administration, choose the database to administer and click on **Database administration**. The following screen opens:

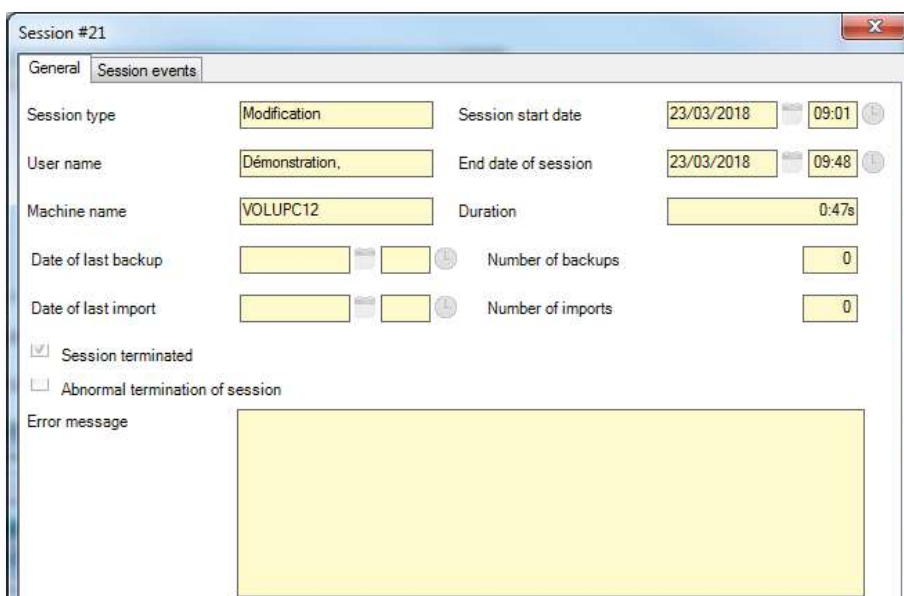


The **General** tab provides an overview of the base.

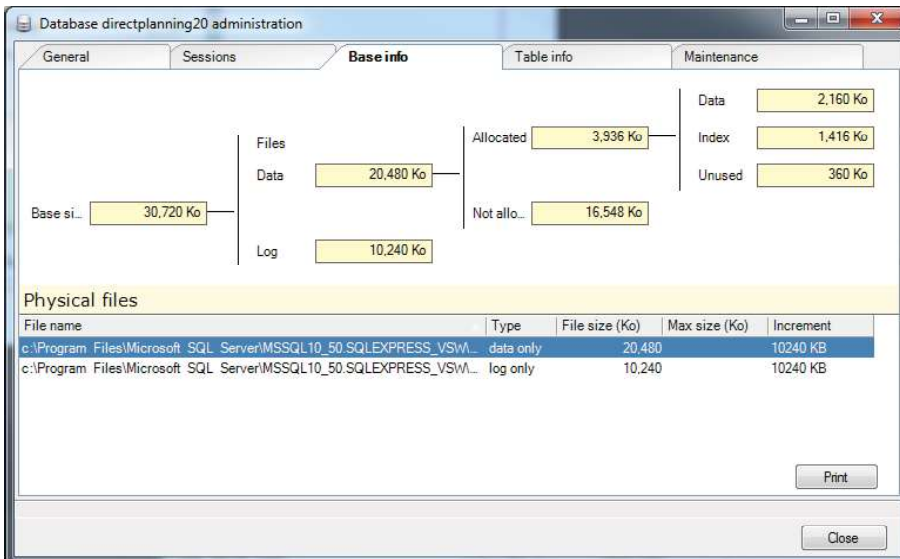
The **Sessions** tab displays the history of sessions for the schedule:



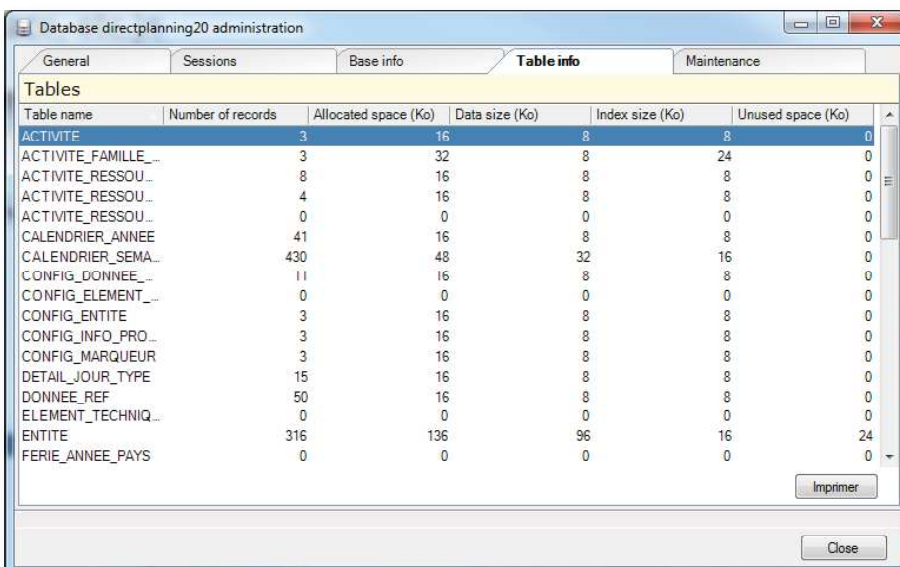
Double-click on a session to display its details:



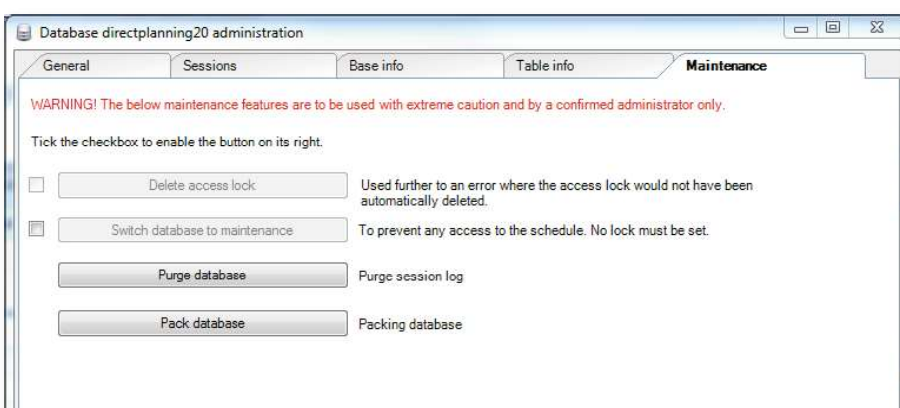
The **Base info** tab offers detailed information about your database (files, data types, sizes, etc.):



The **Table info** tab provides information about the tables included in your base (table names, number of records, allocated space, etc.):



Finally, use the **Maintenance** tab allow to perform various operations on the database:



Note regarding the **Delete access lock** option: a lock prevents 2 computers from modifying simultaneously the same schedule. Normally, this lock is released when closing the schedule.

When Direct Planning is unexpectedly closed, this lock is not released and prevents any modification of the schedule. To solve this problem, check the corresponding box and click on **Delete access lock**.

Warning

Do not try to delete this lock if other people are working on this base, in which case this lock is completely justified.

7.3. Licenses

Since version 3, Direct Planning relies on a named license manager, which ensures more freedom in the distribution of licenses between the different user stations.

This named license manager is called **Volume Licence Administration (VLA)**.

30 days trial version

Upon first installation on your station, Direct Planning runs in trial version valid for 30 days.

The trial version is identical to the full offer, without operational limitations.

When the trial period expires, or before if you wish, you can purchase Direct Planning. To do this, please contact Volume Software by calling (+00.33) 02.47.66.47.20 or email us at info@directplanning.com.

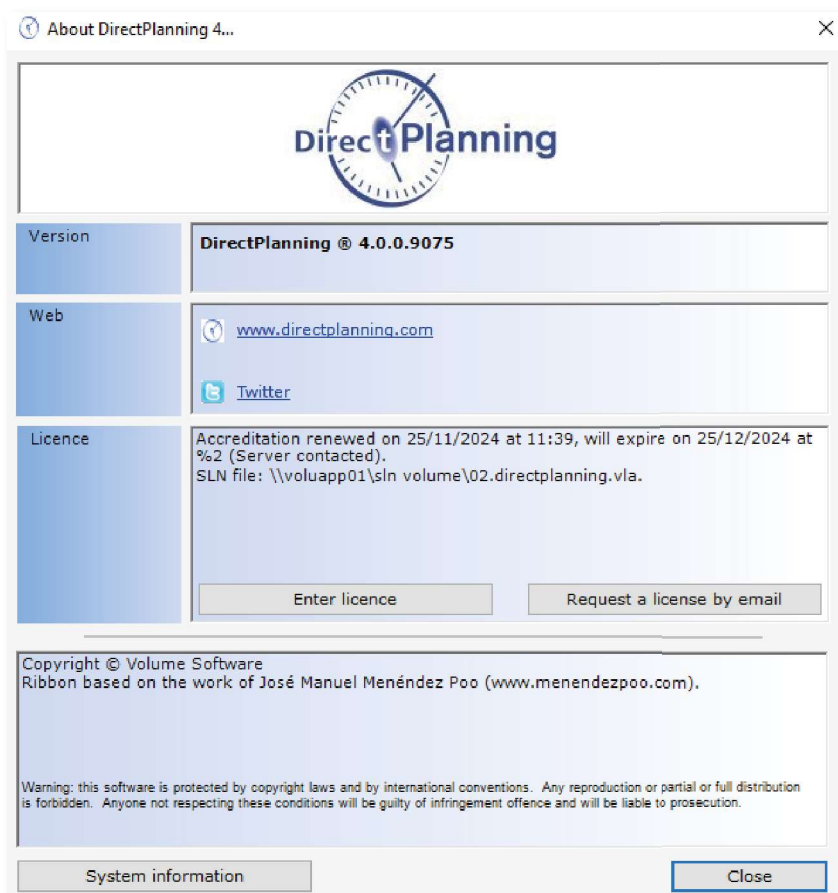
Contacting Volume Software also gives you the opportunity to extend the trial period.

Registering the Direct Planning license

After the first start, Direct Planning is in trial version, valid for 30 days from the installation date.

This screen acts as a reminder each time you start Direct Planning and the software is not registered.

You can also display this screen by selecting **About** in the “?” menu.



◀ When the 30 day trial expires, running your software requires a license.

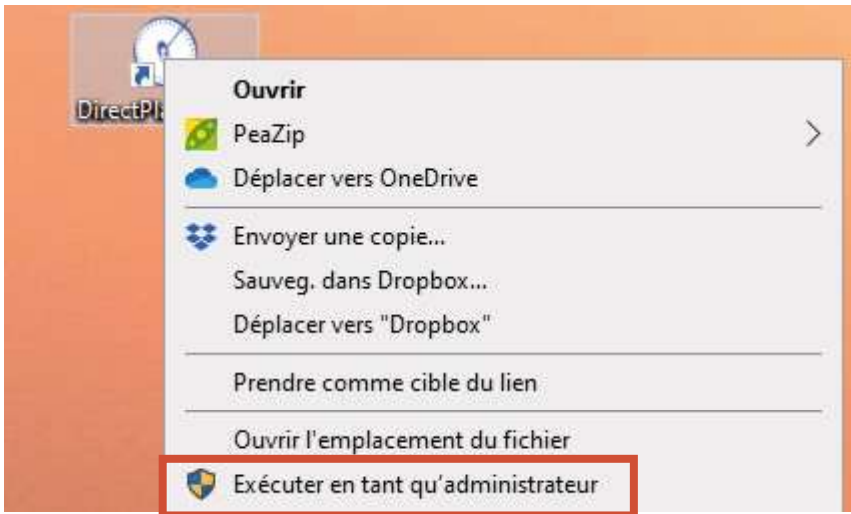
Click on **License entry** or **Request a license by email** to activate Direct Planning.

Direct Planning can be activated by entering a local activation key or by connecting to license server (see next pages).

Click on **Request a licence by email** to send us an email containing the information required to grant you a license.

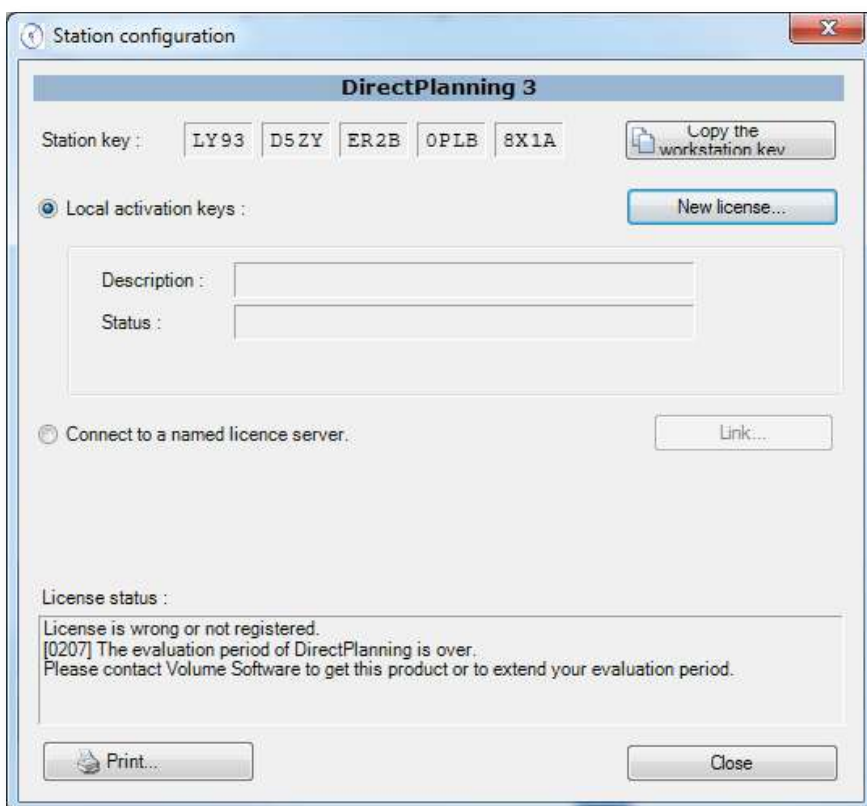
Entering an activation key

For entering the license, start the application right-clicking on the DirectPlanning shortcut and select **Run as administrator**:



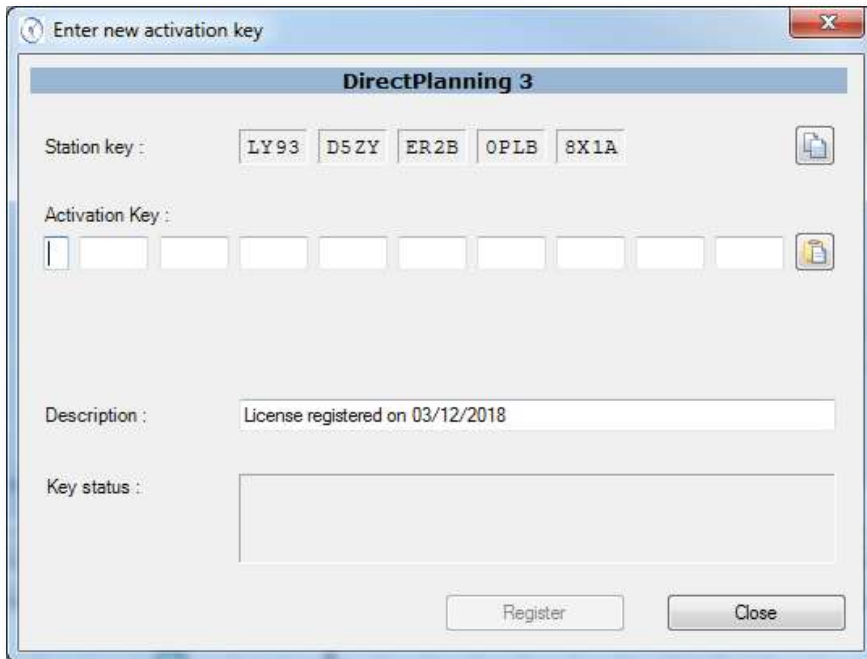
This applies both for mono-station and VLA licenses.

Click on **License entry** to open the following window, containing your station key:



Write down or copy your station key, and transmit it to Volume Software to obtain an activation key.

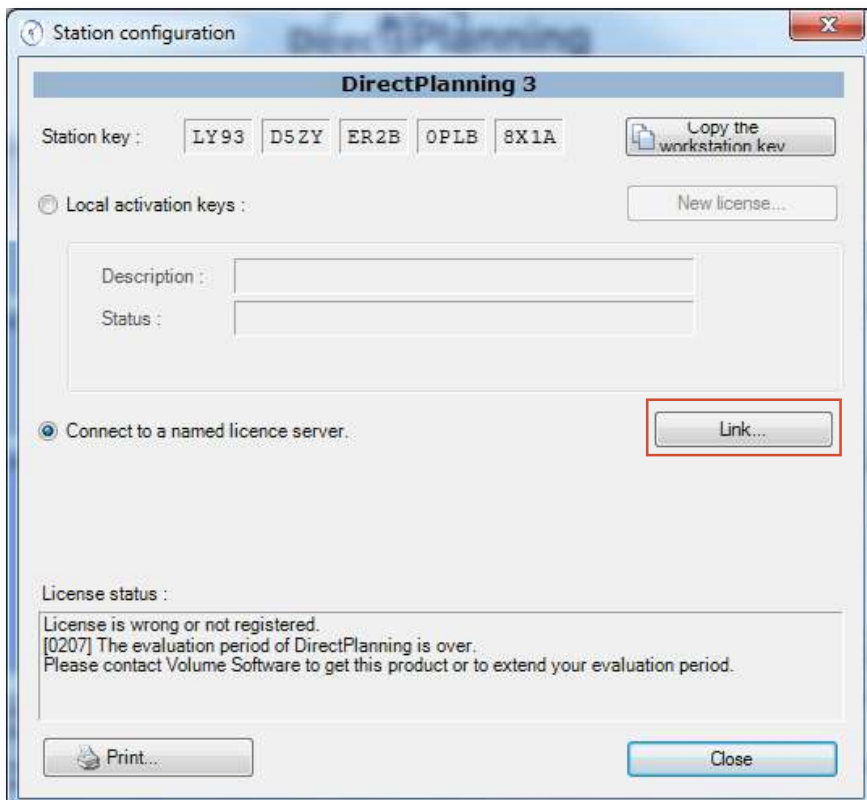
When you receive your activation key, click on **New license...** to enter it manually or paste it:

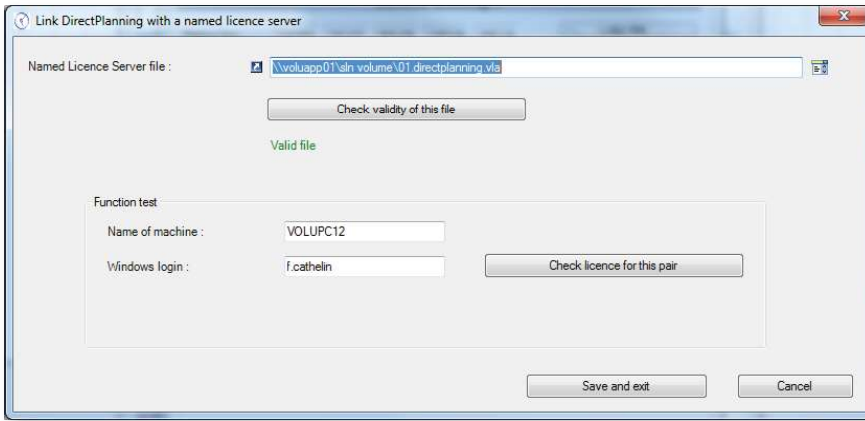



Connecting to a license server (in the context of a Server license)

Volume Licence Administration (VLA) must first be installed and configured (please refer to the documentation of this product).

Click on **Connect to the named license server:**

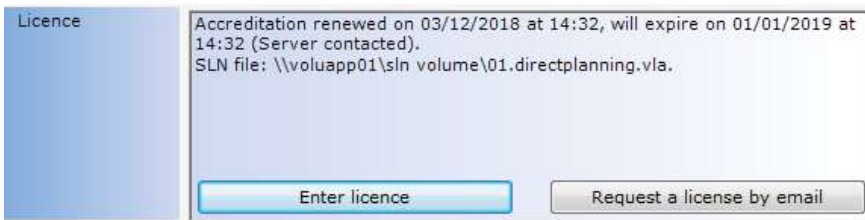




◀ Click on  to search for the Named licence server file. Two buttons can also be used to check the validity of the selected file as well as the license for the Machine/Login pair.

Save and Quit: you are now registered.

Once registered, another click selecting **About** in the "?" menu shows that your accreditation is renewed for a period of one month:



This means that you can stay **30 days** without connecting to the server. Beyond this period, you can still launch Direct Planning **5 times**. Each launch is accompanied by a warning message with a countdown. When the countdown is over, you must connect to the server to regain your accreditation.

7.4. Plugins

Direct Planning includes a plugin manager. Plugins are specific programs which can be called by Direct Planning via various triggers such as each backup, each loading, every x minutes, etc.

They are for instance used to generate exchange files towards your ERP, in the native format expected by this ERP.

The list of plugins is available by clicking on **Configuration > Plugins** in the ribbon:



Plugin configuration

Label1

#	Active	Name	Description	Version	Triggered by	Status	Last run
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	DP--> Volupack	Création d'un fichier d'interf...	1.0.0	Au clic sur un boto...	Désactivé	
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	DP--> OSYS	Création d'un fichier d'interf...	1.0.0	A chaque sauvegar...	Désactivé	
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	DP--> SAP	Création d'un fichier d'interf...	1.0.1	A chaque sauvegar...	Désactivé	

Double-click on a plugin (or click on **Modify**) to access its detailed information:

Plugin detail

Information on plugin

GUID: 3b9d7fb3-5f7a-45e4-9ca3-06a3ed55a19f

Plugin designation: DP--> Volupack

Description: Création d'un fichier d'interface pour DirectPlanning

Plugin type: Sortie

Triggered by: Au clic sur un bouton et planning sauvegardé

Nom du fichier: Plugin_DP_LGR_03.dll

Version: 1.0.0

Status: indisponible

Last error message: Le répertoire n'est pas renseigné. Veuillez choisir un chemin valide.

Last run

Date of last run: [] [] [] []

Status of last run: []

Message of last run: []

Implementation

Plugin enabled

Plugin configuration

Save and Close Cancel

Configuration du Plugin : DP--> Volupack

Création d'un fichier d'interface pour DirectPlanning

Répertoire de sortie :

[]

Vérifier les droits en écriture dans ce répertoire

Nom du fichier : []

Nombre de mois d'ancienneté maximum : [12]

Remplir les temps de calage et d'exécution

OK Annuler

▲ This configuration window is specific to the selected plugin.

While writing plugins is currently reserved to the Direct Planning team, third party developers may also be able to contribute to them in the future. Our development team will be happy to assist you with your project.















Annex A: Keyboard shortcuts

Common quick actions









F1	Call to documentation
F5	Refresh display
F3	Go down the time scale
F4	Go up the time scale
F11	Hide/Show the ribbon (full screen)
F12	About window
Alt + 1 / 2	Time scale 1, 2, etc.

Common quick actions with Ctrl














Ctrl + A	Select all jobs
Ctrl + C	Copy
Ctrl + V	Paste
Ctrl + S	Save
Ctrl + F	Search
Ctrl + G	Current route
Ctrl + L	Locator
Ctrl + P	Schedule via a list
Ctrl + Z	Cancel
Ctrl + Y	Redo








 + 	Open the list for entity 1 to 10 (0 for the tenth)
 + 	Selection mode
 + 	Link creation mode
 + 	Enable/Disable highlighting
 + Mouse wheel 	Zoom in
 + Mouse wheel 	Zoom out
 + 	Trace mode

Job on the same criterion, navigation with CTRL (highlighting)





 + 	First job
 + 	Previous job
 + 	Next job
 + 	Last job

Horizontal scroll in the schedule

















 or 	Time scroll from a quarter of a screen
 + Mouse wheel 	Time scroll to the future
 + Mouse wheel 	Time scroll to the past
 +  or 	Time scroll from a whole screen
	Go to start date of planning assistance
	Go to end date of planning assistance
 + 	Go to first job of the machine (if a job is selected)

 + 	Go to last job
 or 	Go to current date
 +  or 	Go to selected job

Vertical scroll in the schedule

Mouse wheel  or 	Vertical scroll in the schedule
	Move up in schedule
	Move down in schedule

Quick access to tabs

 + 	Show/Hide File menu
 + 	Home menu
 + 	Display menu
 + 	Edit menu
 + 	Planning assistance menu
 + 	Status menu
 + 	Data menu
 + 	Configuration menu

Annex B: Glossary

Term	Definition
Alerts	Alerts are messages used to draw attention on specific activities, for example if a job ends after the latest end date (retained by Direct Planning).
Calculation of running times	Running times can be forced or calculated depending on the quantity to produce and the work rate. The latter can be indicated on the machine but it also possible to go beyond, for instance by configuring complex formulas which take your business constraints into account.
Calculation of setting times	Setting times can be forced or calculated according to your business rules. For instance, DP can consider the time needed to change tools and reduce automatically the setting time of the current job uses the same tools as the previous job.
Calendars	Calendars allow the definition of machine-specific periods of activity/inactivity, regular or exceptional.
Compatible machines	Based on your business rules and data, Direct Planning can tell whether or not a job can be moved to another machine. Moving a job to an incompatible machine displays a warning.
Configurable areas	Certain standard data in Direct Planning (machines, jobs, multi-status flags, entities and Process Information) can be complemented by configurable areas which are customisable according to your needs.
Configurable lists	Configurable lists are used to create custom lists tailored to user-specific needs. Each list can be exported to Excel with a single click.
Constraints	Jobs can be subject to different constraints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strong constraints: earliest start date and links between jobs attached to the same route. • Objective constraints: latest end date.
Declaration of production	The declaration of production updates the observed quantities and durations. It can be input manually or imported from an ERP/MES.
Display modes	Display modes are used to customise how jobs are displayed and coloured in the schedule. They also define time scales and display restrictions.
Earliest start/Latest end date	When a job/route is selected, its time boundaries are displayed as vertical lines (solid or dotted): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Earliest start date: green dotted line (job), green line (route) • Latest end date: orange dotted line (job), orange line (route)

Term	Definition
Entities	Entities are data lists which evolve with your activity (Sales representatives, Customers, Orders,...). Entities must first be configured according to your needs, providing a list for each piece of data.
ERP export	Direct Planning can return planning data to another application able to receive data in the CSV format.
ERP import	An application managing jobs can send information to your schedule via Direct Planning's import function.
Flags	Flags are coloured and sometimes hatched bullets located above and/or on the right of jobs. They serve the same purpose as paper clips and other stickers put on traditional wall schedules.
Jobs	A job represents an occupation or activity at a given time, for a given resource.
Jobs to schedule	As the name implies, jobs to schedule are jobs that you want to see on your schedule without setting them to a specific date.
Links	The succession of jobs within a route is materialised by links (coloured arrows).
Locked jobs	Identified by a lock icon, locked jobs cannot be modified or moved.
Machines	Machines are the foundation of the Industry planning. Please note that in Project and Service modes, machines are replaced by resources (e.g. rooms, employees, etc.).
Operations	Your machines perform operations. Examples: this machine makes die-cutting, that machine makes bonding, etc.
Planning assistance	Planning assistance encompasses a set of powerful tools (adjustment of jobs to the left or right, workload histograms) to optimise the schedule.
Plugins	Plugins are specific programs that Direct Planning can call with triggers.
Process information	Process Information is technical data whose display is limited to certain machines.
Production route	A set of jobs which must be performed in a specific chronological order is called a route. A route implies the respect of time constraints.
Progress status	Direct Planning allows to view the progress status of unfinished jobs, materialised by a blue bar, at a glance.

Term	Definition
Reference data	Reference data are data lists represented by a code, a designation and a colour. Examples: lists of sales representatives, product families, cutting dies, colours, etc.
Sections	Sections are groups of machines.
Technical data	Technical data are essential components for calculating setting times and work rate. They can be quantitative (e.g. dimensions) or qualitative (e.g. material types).
Time scale	The time scale is the time axis of the schedule.
Working units	Working units express the unit of measure for your machines. Examples: panels, sheets, kilograms, copies, linear feet.
Workload histogram	The workload histogram is used to analyse workload and capacity by machine and section.